

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

IEC 60079-28 Edition 1.0 2006-08

EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERES –

Part 28: Protection of equipment and transmission systems using optical radiation

INTERPRETATION SHEET 2

This interpretation sheet has been prepared by IEC technical committee 31: Equipment for explosive atmospheres.

The text of this interpretation sheet is based on the following documents:

DISH	Report on voting
31/1495/DISH	31/1509/RVDISH

Full information on the voting for the approval of this interpretation sheet can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

Interpretation sheet to the scope of IEC 60079-28:2006 (Edition 1) and to the I-SH 01

Various interpretations are being made by IECEx ExCB - and ExTL staff regarding the consideration of the risk of ignition from optical sources, and the applicability of IEC 60079-28 in the context of Subclause 6.6.4 of IEC 60079-0:2017. In addition to assistance provided to date on IECEx Decision Sheet DS2018/004, the Liaison with IECEx has indicated that an interpretation sheet addressing the applicability of IEC 60079-28 is required to clarify which equipment that falls into the scope and which does not.

This interpretation is made available for Edition 1 of this standard due to the current use of that standard by manufacturers, conformity assessment schemes and national bodies by means of this "Interpretation Sheet" as follows:

Details of interpretation:

IEC 60079-28:2006 (Edition 1): Protection of equipment and transmission systems using optical radiation

Interpretation of the Scope:

Question: The Scope does not describe the applicability of the standard related to equipment. With the I-SH 01, an interpretation of the Scope was given. However, it is possible that IEC 60079-28 is not applied in all situations where it is relevant.

When should the requirements of IEC 60079-28 be applied to Ex Equipment, including Equipment assemblies and Ex Components that include an optical radiation source based on Subclause 6.6.4 "Lasers, luminaries, and other non-divergent continuous wave optical sources" of IEC 60079-0:2017?

Interpretation:

This standard applies to

- i) *laser equipment; and*
- ii) *optical fibre equipment; and*
- iii) *any other convergent light sources or beams where light is focussed in one single point within the hazardous area.*

NOTE 1 Some optical elements such as lenses and reflectors are able to convert divergent light into a convergent beam.

This standard does not apply to:

- 1) *laser equipment for EPL Mb, Gb or Gc and Db or Dc applications which complies with Class 1 limits in accordance with IEC 60825-1; or*

NOTE 2 The referenced Class 1 limits are those that involve emission limits below 15 mW measured at a distance from the optical radiation source in accordance with IEC 60825-1, with this measured distance reflected in the Ex application.

- 2) *divergent light sources or beams where light is not focussed within the hazardous area; or*
- 3) *Single or multiple optical fibre cables not part of optical fibre equipment if the cables:*
 - a) *comply with the relevant industrial standards, along with additional protective means, e.g. robust cabling, conduit or raceway (for EPL Gb, Db, Mb, Gc or Dc); or*
 - b) *comply with the relevant industrial standards (for EPL Gc or Dc).*
- 4) *Optical radiation sources as defined in i) to iii) above where the optical radiation is fully contained in an enclosure complying with one of the followings Types of Protection suitable for the EPL, or the minimum ingress protection rating specified:*

- a) *flameproof "d" enclosures (IEC 60079-1); or*

NOTE 3 A flameproof "d" enclosure is suitable because an ignition due to optical radiation in combination with absorbers inside the enclosure is contained.

- b) *pressurized "p" enclosures (IEC 60079-2); or*

NOTE 4 A pressurized "p" enclosure is suitable because there is protection against ingress of an explosive atmosphere.

- c) *restricted breathing "nR" enclosure (IEC 60079-15); or*

NOTE 5 A restricted breathing "nR" enclosure is suitable because there is protection against ingress of an explosive atmosphere.

- d) *dust protection "t" enclosures" (IEC 60079-31); or*

NOTE 6 A dust protection "t" enclosure is suitable because there is protection against ingress of an explosive dust atmosphere.

- e) *an enclosure that provides a minimum ingress protection of IP 6X and where no internal absorbers are to be expected and complying with “Tests of enclosures” in IEC 60079-0.*

NOTE 7 An enclosure of a minimum ingress protection of IP 6X and complying with “Tests of enclosures” in IEC 60079-0 is suitable because there is protection against the ingress of absorbers. It is anticipated that when the enclosures are opened, entrance of any absorbers is avoided.

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Withdrawing

COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

IEC 60079-28 Edition 1.0 2006-08

ATMOSPHÈRES EXPLOSIVES –

Partie 28: Protection du matériel et des systèmes de transmission utilisant le rayonnement optique

FEUILLE D'INTERPRÉTATION 2

Cette feuille d'interprétation a été établie par le comité d'études 31 de l'IEC: Equipements pour atmosphères explosives.

Le texte de cette feuille d'interprétation est issu des documents suivants:

DISH	Rapport de vote
31/1495/DISH	31/1509/RVDISH

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de cette feuille d'interprétation.

Feuille d'interprétation pour le domaine d'application de l'IEC 60079-28:2006 (Édition 1) et le I-SH 01

Diverses interprétations sont proposées par le personnel de l'IECEX ExCB - et ExTL concernant la prise en compte du risque d'inflammation provenant de sources optiques, et l'applicabilité de l'IEC 60079-28 dans le contexte du Paragraphe 6.6.4 de l'IEC 60079-0:2017. En plus de l'assistance fournie à ce jour sur la feuille de décision DS2018/004 de l'IECEX, la Liaison avec l'IECEX a indiqué qu'une feuille d'interprétation traitant de l'applicabilité de l'IEC 60079-28 est requise pour clarifier quel équipement relève ou non du domaine d'application.

Cette interprétation est mise à disposition pour l'Édition 1 de la présente norme en raison de l'utilisation actuelle de cette norme par les fabricants, les systèmes d'évaluation de la conformité et les organismes nationaux au moyen de la présente "Feuille d'interprétation" comme suit: