
**Information technology — Coding of
audio-visual objects —**

**Part 5:
Reference software**

**AMENDMENT 40: Printing material
and 3D graphics coding for browsers
reference software**

*Technologies de l'information — Codage des objets audiovisuels —
Partie 5: Logiciel de référence*

*AMENDEMENT 40: Matériel d'impression et codage graphique 3D
pour le logiciel de référence des navigateurs*





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CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

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Clause 7

Add two new subclauses (7.7 and 7.8):

7.7 Reference software for the IndexedPrintingRegionSet (IPRS)

7.7.1 General

This is the description of the reference software for IPRS which can assign an 3D printing material information per region to print the input 3D model with proper printing materials. The reference software is available at <https://standards.iso.org/iso-iec/14496/-5/ed-2/en/amd/40>.

7.7.2 Description of classes

This subclause describes the new classes added for IPRS.

Class	Files	Folder structure	Description
IndexedPrintingRegionSet	indexedPrintingRegionSet.h	indexedPrintingRegionSet.h	Class containing IPRS data parsing function. With this class, the parsed IPRS data is stored in the PrintMatRegion structure.
	indexedPrintingRegionSet.cpp	indexedPrintingRegionSet.cpp	
CSlicer	Slicer.h	Slicer.h	Class containing Slicing functions. Slicing is done according to the plane and the intersection points and lines are stored and rendered by graphics rendering engine. In this reference code, the QT is used.
	Slicer.cpp	Slicer.cpp	
FileIO	FileIO.h	FileIO.h	Class containing file in-out function. This text reading function is used in the IndexedPrintingRegionSet class
	FileIO.cpp	FileIO.cpp	
main	—	—	This is not a class. This is the start of the code
	main.cpp	main.cpp	

7.8 Reference software for Web3DCoding

7.8.1 General

This is the description of the reference software for Web3DCoding which can be executed natively by web browsers. The reference software is available at <https://standards.iso.org/iso-iec/14496/-5/ed-2/en/amd/40>.

In ISO/IEC 14496-16:2011/Amd.3 the JSON schema that implements the scene description and how it connects to the SC3DMC-TFAN (Scalable Complexity 3D Mesh Coding – Triangle FAN) and BBA (Bone

Based Animation) is defined. The reference software is natively supported by web browsers as it is using the JSON schema based on the glTF format and the decoders is implemented in JavaScript.

7.8.2 Structure and description of files

This subclause describes the files structure added for Web3DCoding.

File name
gc/IndexedReaderSet.js
three.js
OrbitControls.js
gc/SC3DMCHeader.js
gc/ConnectivityBasedPredictor.js
gc/BinaryAlign.js
gc/SC3DMCDecoder.js
gc/ABone.js
gc/Animator.js
gc/ANMAAtom.js
gc/matrix4.js
gc/CBBABone.js
gc/CMorph.js
gc/CMuscle.js
gc/bbaDecoder.js
gc/SC3DMCDecoder_main.js
gc/BaseConnectivityDecoder.js
gc/MultiVectOpt.js
gc/DecodeIntArray.js
gc/DecodeFloatArray.js
gc/TFANConnectivityDecoder.js
gc/TFANDecoder.js
gc/StorageOps.js
gc/InverseQuatization.js
gc/Adaptive_Data_Model.js
gc/Adaptive_Bit_Model.js
gc/Static_Bit_Model.js
gc/Static_Data_Model.js
gc/Arithmetic_codec.js
gc/InverseBinarizeIntArray.js
gc/InversePrediction.js

7.8.3 Instantiation description

This subclause describes the usage of Web3DCoding functions.

Renderer instantiation: `THREE.WebGLRenderer {canvas:container, alpha:true, antialias: true});`

Scene creation: `THREE.Scene();`

Camera instantiation: `PerspectiveCamera ( angle, width / height, 1, 100000);`

Scene representation: `JSON.parse(getJsonFile('json file'));`