
**Information technology — International
string ordering and comparison —
Method for comparing character strings
and description of the common template
tailorable ordering**

AMENDMENT 1

*Technologies de l'information — Classement international et
comparaison de chaînes de caractères — Méthode de comparaison de
chaînes de caractères et description du modèle commun et adaptable
d'ordre de classement*

AMENDEMENT 1



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Page 2, Clause 3

Replace the normative references with the following.

ISO/IEC 10646-1:2000, *Information technology — Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) — Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane*

ISO/IEC 10646-2:2001, *Information technology — Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) — Part 2: Supplementary Planes*

Page 13, Subclause 6.3.3

Replace Subclause I 3. with the following.

I 3. A *simple_line* consisting of a *symbol_weight* containing one or more *symbol_ranges* is equivalent to a sequence of *simple_lines*, where each *symbol_range* has been expanded into a sequence of *symbols*, as described in I 2 for *symbol_definitions*.

NOTE A *symbol_weight* of the form “<U2000>..<<U2002> <S0301>..<<S0303>;<BASE>;<MIN>; <U2000>..<<U2002>” is equivalent to the three lines:
 <U2000> <S0301>;<BASE>;<MIN>;<U2000>
 <U2001> <S0302>;<BASE>;<MIN>;<U2001>
 <U2002> <S0303>;<BASE>;<MIN>;<U2002>

Page 17, Subclause 6.5

Replace Subclause 6.5 with the following.

6.5 Name of the Common Template Table and name declaration

Whenever the Common Template Table is referred externally as a base point in a given context, whether in a process, contract, or procurement requirement, it shall be referenced using the name ISO14651_2002_TABLE1. If another name is used due to practical constraints, a declaration of conformance shall indicate how the correspondence between this other name and the name ISO14651_2002_TABLE1 is taken care of.

The use of a defined name is necessary to manage the different stages of development of this table. This follows from the nature of the reference character repertoire, for which development will be ongoing for a number of years or even decades.

Replace Annex A with the following.

Annex A (normative)

Common Template Table

In order to minimize formatting problems and the risk of bad reproduction, the common template table is provided separately in a machine-readable file as a normative component of this International Standard. The file name for this language version is different from the normative reference name specified in clause 6.5 of this International Standard due to the existence of file versions commented in other natural languages. The file for this language version can also be retrieved on the ITTF web site at the following URL:

http://www.iso.org/ittf/ISO14651_2002_TABLE1_en.txt

There is an official French version of the file which only differs in its comments (its technical content is identical), and its name is: ISO14651_2002_TABLE1_fr.txt

NOTE 1 This amendment deprecates, but does not preclude specific reference to, the previous table ISO14651_2000_TABLE1, which contained and still contains ordering information on the repertoire of characters as defined in ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993 including Amendments 1-9. The previous table can be found at the following URL:

http://www.iso.org/ittf/ISO14651_2000_TABLE1.htm.

The current Common Template Table reflects the repertoire of characters as defined in ISO/IEC 10646-1:2000 plus the one defined in ISO/IEC 10646-2:2001.

NOTE 2 The repertoire targeted by these two normative references is equivalent to the repertoire of private Unicode standard version 3.1.

When ordering data applicable to amendments of ISO/IEC 10646-1:2000 or of ISO/IEC 10646-2:2001 becomes available, this International Standard and specifically its Common Template Table will be amended accordingly to cover the ordering of the additional characters and scripts. To meet cultural requirements of specific communities, delta declarations will have to be applied to the amended table as defined in this International Standard.

ISO 14651:2002_Table 1 is the name that is used for referring to this table in this version of this International Standard.