
Information technology — Machine-readable test data for biometric testing and reporting —

**Part 1:
Test reports**

Technologies de l'information — Données d'essai lisibles par machine pour les rapports et les essais biométriques —

Partie 1: Rapports d'essai



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see <https://patents.iec.ch>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 29120-1:2015), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- corrections have been made to data types and syntax.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 29120 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

This document is intended to enhance the utility and usability of biometric test reports and data by providing them in a common and machine-readable form. This document is intended to provide:

- documentary evidence that a product has been tested;
- a statement of authenticity of the test report;
- an ability to maintain a registry of products;
- a clear mechanism for maintaining product availability and certification status; and
- a relying system with information that allows it to depend on a biometric product used in a remote authentication context.

This document is not intended to replace traditional biometric test reports. Indeed, as such texts are essential to the complete documentation of a test, they are viewed as parents of the machine-readable content defined in the ISO/IEC 29120 series and are explicitly referenced in these reports.

Accordingly, the parts of the ISO/IEC 29120 series establish requirements for, and define formats for, signed test reports and biometric datasets as follows.

This document establishes machine-readable records for documenting the output of a biometric test. This supports the documentary reporting requirements of ISO/IEC 19795-1 and ISO/IEC 19795-2. This document is primarily intended to support scenario and technology tests. Additionally, interoperability tests may be documented by a collection of ISO/IEC 29120-1 test reports (one for each tested combination of components). The document also includes mechanisms to protect the integrity of the test report. This assures a receiving system that the test information (date, laboratory, accreditation body, manner of testing, conformance, test size, accuracy) can be relied upon and used appropriately.

As the various parts of the ISO/IEC 19795 series have been published, there has been an increasing reliance on the correct conduct of tests and their documented outputs. Although the ISO/IEC 19795 series includes extensive disclosure and reporting requirements, it does not establish definitive data formats for those pieces of information. Other data concerning the commissioning, accreditation and conducting of tests can also be valuable to consumers of the test reports. In addition, this document is intended to benefit users of biometric tests via improved:

- conformance to testing standards,
- reliability (via automation of relevant activities), and
- comparability of test results.

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Information technology — Machine-readable test data for biometric testing and reporting —

Part 1: Test reports

1 Scope

This document establishes:

- machine-readable records for documenting the output of a biometric test;
- formats for data that ISO/IEC 19795 series tests are required to report; and
- an ASN.1 syntax for test reports.

This document does not:

- require, prohibit, or otherwise specify the format of biometric samples or templates used in a test;
- require, prohibit or otherwise specify the encapsulation of biometric samples or templates used in a test; or
- regulate metrics for tests.

NOTE The reportable metrics are established in ISO/IEC 19795-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 19795-1, *Information technology — Biometric performance testing and reporting — Part 1: Principles and framework*

ISO/IEC 19795-2, *Information technology — Biometric performance testing and reporting — Part 2: Testing methodologies for technology and scenario evaluation*

ISO/IEC 19785-3, *Information technology — Common Biometric Exchange Formats Framework — Part 3: Patron format specifications*

ISO/IEC 8825-1, *Information technology — ASN.1 encoding rules — Part 1: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)*

ISO/IEC 8825-4, *Information technology — ASN.1 encoding rules — Part 4: XML Encoding Rules (XER)*

ISO 8601-1, *Date and time — Representations for information interchange — Part 1: Basic rules*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 19795-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Abbreviated terms

ASN	abstract syntax notation
BDB	biometric data block
BER	Basic Encoding Rules
CDF	cumulative distribution function
CMC	cumulative match characteristic
DET	detection error tradeoff
FAR	false accept rate
FTA	failure to acquire rate
FTE	failure to enrol rate
FMR	false match rate
FNIR	false-negative identification error rate
FNMR	false non-match rate
FPIR	false-positive identification error rate
FRR	false reject rate
GFAR	generalized false accept rate
GFRR	generalized false reject rate
IUT	implementation under test
XER	XML Encoding Rules

5 Conformance

A test report shall be conformant to this document if it meets all normative requirements of this document.

6 ASN.1 format

6.1 Encoding rules

The test reports specified in this document shall be encoded using the XML Encoding Rules (XER) [ISO/IEC 8825-4] or the Basic Encoding Rules (BER) [ISO/IEC 8825-1] of ASN.1.

6.2 ASN.1 object identifier for test report

The test report shall conform to the ASN.1 specification given in [Annex A](#), excerpts of which appear in the remaining subclauses of [Clause 6](#).

```
MachineReadableBiometricTestingAndReportingTestReport {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) module(1) rev(0)
}
```

6.3 BiometricTestReport type

```
BiometricTestReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    contentType    CONTENT-TYPE.&id({ContentTypeBiometricTestReport }),
    content        [0] EXPLICIT CONTENT-TYPE.&Type
                  ({ContentTypeBiometricTestReport}){@contentType}
}
```

Type `BiometricTestReport` is composed of two components, `contentType` and `content`. The first component `contentType` is an object identifier, which indicates the type of content in the second component `content`. The value of `contentType` takes one of the following three values:

- `id-estReportTechnology`,
- `id-testReportScenario`,
- `id-signedTestReport`.

This is done by the following the definition of `ContentTypeBiometricTestReport` and those of `testReportTechnology`, `testReportScenario`, and `signedTestReport`.

```
ContentTypeBiometricTestReport CONTENT-TYPE ::= { testReportTechnology |
testReportScenario | signedTestReport }

testReportTechnology CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    TestReportTechnology
    IDENTIFIED BY id-testReportTechnology
}
testReportScenario CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    TestReportScenario
    IDENTIFIED BY id-testReportScenario
}
signedTestReport CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    SignedTestReport
    IDENTIFIED BY id-signedTestReport
}
```

Each of these content types shall correspond to the report of either the ISO/IEC 19795-2 technology, scenario or signed test reports, respectively.

The object identifiers are defined as follows:

```
id-testReportTechnology OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2) testReportTechnology(1)
}
id-testReportScenario OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2) testReportScenario(2)
}
id-signedTestReport OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2) signedTestReport(3)
}
```

6.4 Data types for technology tests

6.4.1 Overview

Type `TestReportTechnology` is a type to express results of the technology test. The first field `version` is the version of this test report format of type `MRTDBTRVersion`. The second field `targetInfo` is of type `ProductInformation` and gives information on the evaluated product. The third field `testReportInfo` gives information about the test report of type `TestReportInformation`. The fourth part is a sequence `testReports` of type `TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition`. Each element of this sequence corresponds to a test result under a specific condition.

```
TestReportTechnology ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          MRTDBTRVersion      DEFAULT v0,
    targetInfo       ProductInformation,
    testReportInfo   TestReportInformation,
    testReports      SEQUENCE OF TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition
}
MRTDBTRVersion ::= INTEGER { v0(0) } ( v0, ... )
```

NOTE [Annex C](#) contains informative examples of the elements that can be encoded in the technology test report.

6.4.2 Product information

6.4.2.1 Overview

Type `ProductInformation` has six fields and gives information about the tested product.

```
ProductInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    provider          Provider,
    nameProduct       NameProduct,
    description        VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    functionProduct   SEQUENCE OF Function,
    outputProduct     DataType OPTIONAL,
    modalityProduct   Modality
}
```

NOTE [Annex B](#) contains an informative discussion on these and other elements.

6.4.2.2 Provider information

The first field `provider` is of type `Provider` and gives information about the provider of the tested biometric product.

```
Provider ::= SEQUENCE {
    nameProvider      Name,
    typeProvider       TypeProvider,
    roleProvider       RoleProvider,
    contactInformation VisibleString OPTIONAL
}
```

The first field `nameProvider` identifies the name of the provider. Type `Name` for this field is specified in ISO/IEC 9592-2.

The second field `typeProvider` shows the type of the provider and shall take a value chosen from the values of type `TypeProvider`: non-profit, university, corporation, individual, government.

```
TypeProvider ::= ENUMERATED {
    non-profit(1),
    university(2),
    corporation(3),
    individual(4),
    government(5)
}
```

The third field `roleProvider` shows the role of the provider and shall take a value chosen from the values of type `RoleProvider: manufacturer, reseller, integrator, other`. `manufacturer` is for the role of the entity responsible for the design or creation of the component. `reseller` is for the role of the entity which packages or resells the component. `integrator` is for the role of the entity which may combine components into a single atomic component.

```
RoleProvider ::= ENUMERATED {
    manufacturer(1),
    reseller(2),
    integrator(3),
    other(4)
}
```

The fourth field `contactInformation`, which is optional, shows the contact information of the provider, such as the email address of the provider, in `VisibleString`.

6.4.2.3 Other information in product information

The second field `nameProduct` in type `ProductInformation` is of type `NameProduct` and gives basic information about the product.

```
NameProduct ::= SEQUENCE {
    modelName          Name,
    productCBEFF       Product OPTIONAL,
    version            VersionProduct,
    softwareVersion    VersionProduct,
    firmwareVersion    VersionProduct
}
VersionProduct ::= INTEGER { v0(0) } ( v0, ... )
```

The first field `modelName` in `NameProduct` is of type `Name` and identifies the product. The second field `productCBEFF` is an optional field of type `Product` that, if used, shall conform to the requirements given in ISO/IEC 19785-3. If the product is registered to a certain biometric organization, this field may be used to identify the product. The third, fourth and fifth fields `version`, `softwareVersion`, and `firmwareVersion`, are all of type `VersionProduct` and indicate the version of the product, the version of the software of the product, the version of the firmware of the product respectively.

The third field `description` in type `ProductInformation` gives a complete unique description of the component under the test in `VisibleString`. This field should be used to describe prototypes, experimental models, use of biometric modalities not listed in ISO/IEC 19785-3, or to give additional information about the biometric modality (e.g. for iris recognition in the visible spectrum).

The fourth field `functionProduct` in type `ProductInformation` expresses the function of the tested product with type `Function`. Type `Function` is specified as follows:

```
Function ::= ENUMERATED {
    acquisition(1),
    enrolment(2),
    verification(3),
    identification(4),
    ...
}
```

The fifth field `outputProduct` in type `ProductInformation` expresses the data type of the output of the tested product with type `DataType`. Type `DataType` consists of two fields, `processedLevel` and `purpose`. The former takes a value which corresponds to raw data, intermediate data, processed data, comparison score or comparison decision. The latter takes a value which corresponds to biometric reference or biometric sample.

```
DataType ::= SEQUENCE {
    processedLevel    ProcessedLevel,
    purpose           Purpose OPTIONAL
}
ProcessedLevel ::= ENUMERATED {
    raw-data(1),
```

```

    intermediate-data(2),
    processed-data(3),
    comparison-score(4),
    comparison-result(5),
    ...
}
Purpose ::= ENUMERATED {
    reference(1),
    sample(2)
}

```

The sixth field `modalityProduct` in type `ProductInformation` indicates the modality of biometric data which the tested product processes, with type `Modality`. Type `Modality` consists of a pair of fields, type and subtype. type is mandatory if `processedLevel` in `outputProduct` takes neither `comparison-score` nor `comparison-result`. The types `BiometricType` and `BiometricSubtype` are defined in ISO/IEC 19785-3:2020, 6.2.

```

Modality ::= SEQUENCE {
    type          BiometricType,
    subtype       BiometricSubtype OPTIONAL
}

```

6.4.3 Information about test report

Type `TestReportInformation` has four fields and gives information about the test report.

```

TestReportInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    testLabInformation      TestLabInformation,
    compliantStandard       StandardDescription,
    testReportIssuanceDate  Date,
    parentTestReport        ExternalDocument
}

```

The first field `testLabInformation` in type `TestReportInformation` identifies the test laboratory conducting the test, with type `TestLabInformation`. Type `TestLabInformation` consists of two fields: `identificationTestLab` of type `IdentificationTestLab` and `accreditationStatus` of type `AccreditationStatus`.

```

TestLabInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    identificationTestLab  IdentificationTestLab,
    accreditationStatus    AccreditationStatus
}

```

Type `IdentificationTestLab` has five fields of type `VisibleString`: `nameLab` to show the name of the responsible laboratory, `location` to show location of the laboratory, optional `testImplementor` to show the employee or representative who executed the test, `testReportSignatory` to show the employee or representative assuring the integrity, correctness and completeness of the test, and `contactInformation` to show the contact information for enquiries concerning the test report.

```

IdentificationTestLab ::= SEQUENCE {
    nameLab          VisibleString,
    location          VisibleString,
    testImplementor  VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    testReportSignatory VisibleString,
    contactInformation VisibleString
}
AccreditationStatus ::= SEQUENCE {
    accreditingBodies  SEQUENCE OF AccreditingBody,
    scopeAccreditation ScopeAccreditation OPTIONAL
}
AccreditingBody ::= SEQUENCE {
    nameAccreditingBody VisibleString,
    identifierCertificate OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    signatory            OCTET STRING
}

```

```

ScopeAccreditation ::= SEQUENCE OF AScopeAccreditation

```

```
AScopeAccreditation ::= ENUMERATED {
    iso-iec19795-1:2006(1),
    iso-iec19795-1:2021(2),
    iso-iec19795-3(3),
    iso-iec30107-4(4),
    ... }
```

The second field `compliantStandard` in type `TestReportInformation` indicates which testing standards were used for the test with type `StandardDescription`. Type `StandardDescription` has four fields: `standardName` in `VisibleString` to show the name of the standard, such as "Biometric Testing and Reporting — Principles and Framework", `standardNumber` in `VisibleString` to show the series number of the standard, such as "19795", `standardPart` in `VisibleString` to show the Part number of the standard series, and `standardPublicationDate` of type `Date` to show the publication date of the document.

Type `Date` is expressed in `VisibleString` with fixed length of 8 of form `YYYYMMDD`, in accordance with ISO 8601-1.

```
StandardDescription ::= SEQUENCE {
    standardName      VisibleString,
    standardNumber    VisibleString,
    standardPart      VisibleString,
    standardPublicationDate Date
}
Date ::= VisibleString
-- conforms to ISO 8601-1
-- length = 8
-- fixed
-- YYYYMMDD
```

The third field `testReportIssuanceDate` in type `TestReportInformation` encodes the date on which the test report was signed by the test laboratory official with type `Date`.

The fourth field `parentTestReport` in type `TestReportInformation` gives the information about the non-machine-readable, traditional test report for complete human-readable documentation of the test with type `ExternalDocument`. Type `ExternalDocument` consists of three mandatory fields and five optional fields. The first field `link` of type `URI` expresses the URL where the document can be referenced. The second field `title` of type `VisibleString` shows the title of the document. The third and optional field `authors` of type `SEQUENCE OF VisibleString` shows the author or the group of authors of the document. The fourth and optional field `publisher` of type `VisibleString` shows the publisher of the document. The fifth and optional field `editor` of type `VisibleString` shows the editor of the document. The sixth and optional field `typeDocument` of type `TypeDocument` shows the type of the document: article, technical report, in proceedings, abstract, book, in book or collection. The seventh and optional field `publicationDate` of type `Date` shows the publication date of the document. The eighth field `availability` of type `Availability` shows the availability of the document: public, restricted, unavailable or superseded.

```
ExternalDocument ::= SEQUENCE {
    link      URI,
    title     VisibleString,
    authors   SEQUENCE OF VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    publisher VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    editor    VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    typeDocument TypeDocument OPTIONAL,
    publicationDate Date OPTIONAL,
    availability Availability
}
TypeDocument ::= ENUMERATED {
    article(1),
    technical-report(2),
    in-proceedings(3),
    abstract(4),
    book(5),
    in-book(6),
    collection(7)
```

```

}
Availability ::= ENUMERATED {
    public(1),
    restricted(2),
    unavailable(3),
    superseded(4)
}

```

6.4.4 Test report under a specific condition

6.4.4.1 Overview

Type `TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition` gives a set of information for a result of the technology test under a given condition. `TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition` consists of four fields: `corpusInfo` of type `CorpusInformation`, `dateStarted` of type `Date`, `dateEnded` of type `Date`, and `testResult` of type `SEQUENCE OF TestResult`. The second and third are optional fields.

```

TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition ::= SEQUENCE {
    corpusInfo          CorpusInformation,
    dateStarted         Date OPTIONAL,
    dateEnded           Date OPTIONAL,
    testResult          SEQUENCE OF TestResult
}

```

6.4.4.2 Corpus information

Type `CorpusInformation` represents the information of the corpus which was used in the evaluation with two fields: `composition` of type `CorpusComposition` and `environInfo` of type `EnvironmentalInformation`.

```

CorpusInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    composition          CorpusComposition,
    environInfo          EnvironmentalInformation
}

```

In type `CorpusComposition`, the corpus is identified with the first field `identifier` of type `OBJECT IDENTIFIER`. The second field `nameCorpus` of type `VisibleString` gives the name of the corpus. The third field `corpusStatistics` of type `CorpusStatistics` gives statistical information of the corpus.

```

CorpusComposition ::= SEQUENCE {
    identifier           OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    nameCorpus           VisibleString,
    corpusStatistics     CorpusStatistics
}

```

Type `CorpusStatistics` consists of four fields. The first field `corpusBasicStatistics` of type `CorpusCrewBasicStatistics` gives the statistical information common to corpus and crew. The second field `numSamples` indicates the number of biometric samples in the test corpus. The mean number of samples per person can be obtained by dividing this number by the number of individuals `numIndividuals` in `corpusBasicStatistics`. The number of samples `numSamples` can be used in computation of uncertainties. The third and fourth fields, `samplesPerIndividualEnrol` and `samplesPerIndividualProbe`, are optional and indicate the number of enrolment samples per individual and the number of probe samples per individual respectively. Both are expressed with type `SamplesPerIndividual`.

```

CorpusStatistics ::= SEQUENCE {
    corpusBasicStatistics CorpusCrewBasicStatistics,
    numSamples            INTEGER,
    samplesPerIndividualEnrol SamplesPerIndividual OPTIONAL,
    samplesPerIndividualProbe SamplesPerIndividual OPTIONAL
}

```

Type `SamplesPerIndividual` is used to exhaustively tabulate a value for each member of the volunteer corpus. This type consists of four fields. The first field `numSubjects` indicates the number of subjects in the sample. The second and third fields, `mean` and `median`, are computed over all subjects. These two

fields support applications that can potentially not need data on the entire distribution expressed in `distrSubjSample`. The fourth field `distrSubjSample` is of type `DistributionIntegerInteger`, which is defined as `SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerInteger`. Type `ExpressionPointIntegerInteger` consists of a pair of integers, `subjectId` and `numberOfSamples`. `numberOfSamples` expresses the number of samples for the `subjectId`. For example, if 20 samples are given for subject ID 1, 30 samples for ID 2, 22 samples for ID 3, 16 samples for ID 4, 23 samples for ID 5, then `distrSubjSample` is ((1, 20), (2,30), (3,22), (4, 16), (5, 23)).

```
SamplesPerIndividual ::= SEQUENCE {
    numSubjects          INTEGER,
    mean                 INTEGER,
    median               INTEGER,
    distrSubjSample      DistributionIntegerInteger
}
DistributionIntegerInteger ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerInteger
ExpressionPointIntegerInteger ::= SEQUENCE {
    subjectId            INTEGER,
    numberOfSamples      INTEGER
}
```

Type `CorpusCrewBasicStatistics` is used to express `corpusBasicStatistics` in `CorpusStatistics` and `testCrewInfo` in `TestReportScenarioForOneCondition` (see 6.4.1). This type consists of nine fields. The former five fields, `numIndividuals`, `numMales`, `numFemales`, `numIndividualsEnrol`, and `numIndividualsVeriId`, are of type `INTEGER` and indicate the number of unique individuals in the test corpus/crew, that of male subjects, that of female subjects, that in the enrolment set, and that in the verification or identification set, respectively. `numIndividuals` shall be equal to or greater than `numIndividualsEnrol` and `numIndividualsVeriId`. For identification, `numIndividualsVeriId` shall be the size of the population searched. The second and third fields are optional. The latter four fields, `ageDistrMale`, `ageDistrFemale`, `elapsDistr`, and `visitsDayDistr`, are all optional and of type `InfoCumulativeDistribution`. They express the table of proportions of the males whose age in years is less than or equal to X , the table of proportions of the females whose age in years is less than or equal to X , the table of proportions of the subjects for whom the number of the days between the visits is less than or equal to T , and the table of proportions of the samples collected on the day less than or equal to the n -th day, respectively.

```
CorpusCrewBasicStatistics ::= SEQUENCE {
    numIndividuals      INTEGER,
    numMales            INTEGER OPTIONAL,
    numFemales          INTEGER OPTIONAL,
    numOther            INTEGER OPTIONAL,
    numUnknown          INTEGER OPTIONAL,
    numIndividualsEnrol INTEGER,
    numIndividualsVeriId INTEGER,
    ageDistrMale        InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
    ageDistrFemale      InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
    elapsDistr          InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
    visitsDayDistr      InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL
}
```

Type `InfoCumulativeDistribution` is used for tabulation and relevant information of the cumulative distribution function of a random variable. The first and second fields, `mean` and `median`, are computed over all `xValues` in `cumulativeDistribution`. These two fields support applications that do not need data on the entire cumulative distribution expressed in `cumulativeDistribution`. The third field `cumulativeDistribution` expresses the tabulation of the cumulative distribution with type `DistributionIntegerReal`, which is defined as `SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerReal`. Each element of `DistributionIntegerReal` is a pair of `xValue` of type `INTEGER` and `yValue` of type `REAL`. An element of type `ExpressionPointIntegerReal` expresses that the proportion of the values which are less or equal to `xValue` is `yValue`. The elements shall appear in increasing order in `xValue`. For example, the expression of [Table 1](#) in `DistributionIntegerReal` is ((0, 0), (1, 0), (2, 0.7), (3, 0.92), (4, 0.97), (5, 1)).

Table 1 — Example expression

xValue	yValue
0	0
1	0
2	0.7
3	0.92
4	0.97
5	1

```

InfoCumulativeDistribution ::= SEQUENCE {
    mean                INTEGER,
    median              INTEGER,
    cumulativeDistribution DistributionIntegerReal
}
DistributionIntegerReal ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerReal
ExpressionPointIntegerReal ::= SEQUENCE {
    xValue    INTEGER,
    yValue    REAL
}

```

To describe the environment of the corpus collection, type `EnvironmentalInformation` is specified. The first field `exceptionalCondition` allows free text keywords indicating that the collection environment was adverse. The second field `celsiusTemp` represents the temperature expressed in Celsius in which the collection was performed. The third field `dbNoise` represents the ambient noise expressed in dB in which the collection was performed. The fourth and optional field `lightingInfo` allows free text in `VisibleString` to give the lighting information in which the collection was performed.

```

EnvironmentalInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    exceptionalCondition VisibleString,
    celsiusTemp          REAL OPTIONAL, -- temperature
    dbNoise              REAL OPTIONAL, -- ambient noise
    lightingInfo         VisibleString OPTIONAL
}

```

6.4.4.3 Test result under a specific condition

To express a test result for a technology test, type `TestResult` is specified as follows. The component shall be chosen according to what is tested, i.e. enrolment, acquisition, matching in verification or matching in identification.

```

TestResult ::= CHOICE {
    testResultEnrol      TestResultEnrol, -- enrolment
    testResultAcquire    TestResultAcquire, -- acquisition
    testResultVerify     TestResultVerify, -- verification
    testResultIdentify   TestResultIdentify -- identification
}

```

6.4.4.3.1 Test result for enrolment

If the test is on enrolment, `testResultEnrol` of type `TestResultEnrol` shall be the component. Type `TestResultEnrol` consists of two fields: `failureToEnrolRate` and `durationEnrol`. The first field `failureToEnrolRate` expresses FTE, the fraction of enrolment samples not converted into a template. The second and optional field `durationEnrol` of type `StatisticInformationSet` gives statistical information on enrolment. This type gives a fundamental set of statistical information common to enrolment, acquisition, verification, and identification. The first field `unitTime` indicates the unit of time used in the third to the eighth field, millisecond or second. The second field is optional and indicates the number of measurements. Fields three to eight are optional and express the median, mean, minimum value, maximum value, standard deviation and median absolute deviation of the value sets respectively.

```

TestResultEnrol ::= SEQUENCE {
    failureToEnrolRate REAL,

```

```

    durationEnrol          StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
}
StatisticInformationSet ::= SEQUENCE {
    unitTime                UnitTime,
    numberOfMeasurements    INTEGER OPTIONAL,
    median                  REAL OPTIONAL,
    mean                   REAL OPTIONAL,
    minimum                 REAL OPTIONAL,
    maximum                 REAL OPTIONAL,
    stdDev                  REAL OPTIONAL,
    medAbsDev               REAL OPTIONAL
}
UnitTime ::= ENUMERATED {
    millisecond(1),
    second(2)
}

```

6.4.4.3.2 Test result for acquisition

If the test is on acquisition, `testResultAcquire` of type `TestResultAcquire` shall be the component in type `TestResult`. The type consists of `failureToAcquireRate` and optional `durationAcquire` of `StatisticInformationSet` type. The first field `failureToAcquireRate` expresses FTA, the fraction of acquisition samples not converted into a template.

```

TestResultAcquire ::= SEQUENCE {
    failureToAcquireRate    REAL,
    durationAcquire         StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
}

```

6.4.4.3.3 Test result for verification

For the test on matching in verification, type `TestResultVerify` is specified. This type consists of two fields: `resultMatchVerify` of type `ResultMatchVerify` and optional `durationVerify` of type `StatisticInformationSet`. The first three fields of type `ResultMatchVerify` are all of type `InfoDETCurve` and give information about three DET curves: `infoDETFNMRFMR` for the DET curve of FNMR and FMR; `infoDETFRRFAR` for the DET curve of FRR and FAR; and `infoDETGFRGFAR` for the DET curve of GFR and GFAR. The fourth field of type `ResultMatchVerify` is the distribution of comparison scores `cmpScrDistr` of type `DistributionRealReal`.

```

TestResultVerify ::= SEQUENCE {
    resultMatchVerify       ResultMatchVerify,
    durationVerify          StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
}
ResultMatchVerify ::= SEQUENCE {
    infoDETFNMRFMR          InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be fnmr-fmr
    infoDETFRRFAR           InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be frr-far
    infoDETGFRGFAR          InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be gfr-far
    cmpScrDistr             DistributionRealReal OPTIONAL
}

```

The first and second fields in type `InfoDETCurve` are the number of samples used in estimation of Type I estimate and that of Type II estimate. The third field `expressionDETCurve` approximates a DET curve with type `InfoDETCurve`. `InfoDETCurve` represents a curve with an arbitrary number of points on the curve. Each point on the curve is expressed with `ExpressionPointDETCurve`, which is a triple of the threshold `threshold`, the Type I error rate value `typeIError`, and the Type II error rate value `typeIIError`. The sequence of points shall appear in increasing order in `typeIError`. If the threshold is unknown, `threshold` shall take the value -1. If the threshold is unavailable, `threshold` shall take the value 0.

```

InfoDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE {
    numOfSamplesEstTypeIError    INTEGER,
    numOfSamplesEstTypeIIError   INTEGER,
    expressionDETCurve           ExpressionDETCurve
}

```

```

ExpressionDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointDETCurve
ExpressionPointDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE {
    threshold REAL OPTIONAL, -- -1 for unavailable, -2 for unknown
    typeIError REAL,
    typeIIError REAL
}

```

Distribution of comparison score is expressed with type `DistributionRealReal` which is a sequence of `ExpressionPointRealReal`. Each element of `DistributionRealReal` is a pair of `xValue` of type `REAL` and `yValue` of type `REAL`. An element of type `ExpressionPointRealReal` expresses that the proportion of the values which are less than or equal to `xValue` is `yValue`. The elements shall appear in increasing order in `xValue`.

```

DistributionRealReal ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointRealReal
ExpressionPointRealReal ::= SEQUENCE {
    xValue REAL,
    yValue REAL
}

```

6.4.4.3.4 Test result for identification

For the test on matching in identification, type `TestResultIdentify` is specified. This type consists of two fields; the result of closed-set identification `resultMatchClosedIdentify` of type `ResultMatchClosedIdentify` and the result of open-set identification `resultMatchOpenIdentify` of type `ResultMatchOpenIdentify` where the latter is optional.

```

TestResultIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
    resultMatchClosedIdentify ResultMatchClosedIdentify,
    resultMatchOpenIdentify ResultMatchOpenIdentify OPTIONAL
}

```

NOTE Closed-set metrics are mandatory because, as rank-based statistics, they can always be computed.

Type `ResultMatchClosedIdentify` consists of three fields; `cmcCurveClosed`, `srchExecDistr`, and `durationClosedIdentify`. `cmcCurveClosed` expresses the CMC curve of the test result with type `DistributionIntegerReal`. `srchExecDistr` expresses the histogram of number of searches executed in the closed-set identification. Type `ExpressionHistogram` represents a histogram with a sequence of `IntervalIntegerFrequency`. The first and second fields, `lowerLimit` and `upperLimit`, represent an interval, and the third field `frequency` represents the frequency on that interval. The elements in `ExpressionHistogram` shall appear in increasing order in `lowerLimit`. The last optional field `durationClosedIdentify` expresses the statistics of closed-set identification search duration with type `StatisticInformationSet`.

```

ResultMatchClosedIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
    cmcCurveClosed DistributionIntegerReal,
    srchExecDistr ExpressionHistogram,
    durationClosedIdentify StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
}
ExpressionHistogram ::= SEQUENCE OF IntervalIntegerFrequency
IntervalIntegerFrequency ::= SEQUENCE {
    lowerLimit INTEGER,
    upperLimit INTEGER,
    frequency INTEGER
}

```

Type `ResultMatchOpenIdentify` consists of five fields: the expression of the CMC curve `cmcCurveOpen`, the number of searches with enrolled mate `srchExecDistrEnroled`, the number of searches with no enrolled mate `srchExecDistrNoEnroled`, the information about the DET curve of FNIR and FPIR `infoDETCurveFNIRFPIR`, and the statistics of open-set identification search duration `durationOpenIdentify` where the fourth and fifth fields are optional. The types to express these fields are as follows and as already defined.

```

ResultMatchOpenIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
    cmcCurveOpen DistributionIntegerReal,
    srchExecDistrEnroled ExpressionHistogram,

```

```

    srchExecDistrNoEnroled      ExpressionHistogram,
    infoDETCurveFNIRFPIR        InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL,
                                -- pair of error types shall be fnir-fpir
    durationOpenIdentify        StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
}

```

6.5 Data types for scenario tests

6.5.1 Overview

Type `TestReportScenario` is the type to express the results of a scenario test. The first field `version` is the version of this test report format of type `MRTDBTRVersion`. The second field `targetInfos` is a sequence of type `ProductInformation` and gives information on the set of the tested products. The third field `testReportInfo` gives information about the test report of type `TestReportInformation`. The fourth field `testReports` is a sequence of type `TestReportScenarioForOneCondition`. Each element of this sequence corresponds to a test result under a specific condition. Types `testReportInfo` and `TestReportInformation` are already defined. For details, see [6.4.1](#) and [6.4.3](#).

```

TestReportScenario ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          MRTDBTRVersion      DEFAULT v0,
    targetInfos       SEQUENCE OF ProductInformation,
    testReportInfo    TestReportInformation,
    testReports       SEQUENCE OF TestReportScenarioForOneCondition
}

```

NOTE [Annex C](#) contains informative examples of the elements that can be encoded in the scenario test report.

6.5.2 Test report under a specific condition

Type `TestReportScenarioForOneCondition` gives a set of information for a result of a scenario test under a specific condition. `TestReportScenarioForOneCondition` consists of six fields; `testCrewInfo` of type `TestCrewInformation`, `levelPolicyAssistance` of type `LevelPolicyAssistance`, `environInfo` of type `EnvironmentalInformation`, `dateStarted` of type `Date`, `dateEnded` of type `Date`, and `testResult` of a sequence of type `TestResult`. The fields of type `Date` are optional.

```

TestReportScenarioForOneCondition ::= SEQUENCE {
    testCrewInfo      TestCrewInformation,
    levelPolicyAssistance LevelPolicyAssistance,
    environInfo       EnvironmentalInformation,
    dateStarted       Date OPTIONAL,
    dateEnded         Date OPTIONAL,
    testResult        SEQUENCE OF TestResult
}

```

Type `TestCrewInformation` gives information on the test crew. The test crew is identified with the first field `identifier` of type `OBJECT IDENTIFIER`. The second field `location` in `VisibleString` is the information on the location where the scenario test is performed. The third field `habitation` is expressed as a histogram of the past usage counts on the system with type `ExpressionHistogram`. The fourth field `testCrewStatistics` gathers statistical information on the test crew whose items are common to those of the corpus. Type `CorpusCrewBasicStatistics` is defined in [6.4.4.2](#).

```

TestCrewInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    identifier        OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    location          VisibleString,
    habitation        ExpressionHistogram,
    testCrewStatistics CorpusCrewBasicStatistics
}

```

Type `LevelPolicyAssistance` describes the level of effort, decision policy, assistance provided, and instructional mode of the scenario test. This type has two fields, `levelEffortAndDecisionPolicy` of type `LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy` and optional `assistanceAndInstruction` of type `AssistanceAndInstruction`.

```
LevelPolicyAssistance ::= SEQUENCE {
    levelEffortAndDecisionPolicy      LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy,
    assistanceAndInstruction          AssistanceAndInstruction OPTIONAL
}
```

Type `LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy` has two fields of type `LevelAndPolicy`, the enrolment policy `levelAndPolicyEnrol` and the comparison policy `levelAndPolicyCmp`. Type `LevelAndPolicy` consists of three fields: the minimum number of attempts, the maximum number of attempts, and the maximum duration permitted.

```
LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy ::= SEQUENCE {
    levelAndPolicyEnrol      LevelAndPolicy,
    levelAndPolicyCmp        LevelAndPolicy
}
LevelAndPolicy ::= SEQUENCE {
    minNumAttempt      INTEGER,
    maxNumAttempt      INTEGER,
    maxDurPermitted    REAL
}
```

Type `AssistanceAndInstruction` consists of three fields: `assistanceLocation`, `assistanceMode`, and `instructionMode`. The possible values for each field are specified as `AssistanceLocation`, `AssistanceMode`, and `InstructionMode` respectively.

```
AssistanceAndInstruction ::= SEQUENCE {
    assistanceLocation      AssistanceLocation,
    assistanceMode          AssistanceMode,
    instructionMode         InstructionMode
}
AssistanceLocation ::= ENUMERATED {
    separate-from-transaction(1),
    interactively-with-transaction(2),
    after-failure(3)
}
AssistanceMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    physical(1),
    audio-only(2),
    audio-video(3),
    none(4),
    video-only(5)
}
InstructionMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    written-manual(1),
    poster(2),
    video(3),
    personal(4)
}
```

NOTE The video option covers slides or other sets of static images.

6.6 Data types for signed test reports

Type `SignedTestReport` is defined to express the signed test reports, also referred to as test certificates:

```
SignedTestReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    version      MRTDBTRVersion      DEFAULT v0,
    digestAlgorithms      DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers,
    encapContentInfo      EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR,
    certificates           [0] IMPLICIT CertificateSet OPTIONAL,
    crls                   [1] IMPLICIT RevocationInfoChoices OPTIONAL,
    signerInfos            SignerInfos
}
```

The `digestAlgorithms` component takes a value of type `DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers`, which is a collection of message digest algorithm identifiers. The digest algorithm to be supported is not specified in this document. For details of this type, see RFC 3852.

`encapContentInfo` contains the test result expressed in type `EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR`.

Type `EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR` is composed of two components, `eContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR` and `eContentContentInfoSignedTR`. The value of `eContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR` takes one of the following two values: `id-testReportTechnology` and `id-testReportScenario`. This is done by the following definition of `ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR` and those of `testReportTechnology` and `testReportScenario`. `eContentContentInfoSignedTR` is the test report itself, carried as an octet string.

```
EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR ::= SEQUENCE {
    eContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR      CONTENT-TYPE.&id
    ({ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR }),
    eContentContentInfoSignedTR          [0] EXPLICIT OCTET STRING
    (CONTAINING CONTENT-TYPE.&Type
    ({ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR }{@contentType}))
}
ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR CONTENT-TYPE ::= { testReportTechnology |
                                                    testReportScenario }
```

`certificates` is a collection of certificates of type `CertificateSet`. It is intended that the set of certificates be sufficient to contain certification paths from a recognized "root" or "top-level certification authority" to all of the signers in the `signerInfos` field. For details of this type, see RFC 3852.

`crls` of type `RevocationInfoChoices` is a collection of revocation status information. It is intended that the collection will contain information sufficient for determining whether the certificates in the `certificates` field are valid, but such correspondence is not necessary. For details of type `RevocationInfoChoices`, see RFC 3852.

`signerInfos` is a collection of per-signer information. For details of type `SignerInfo` type, see RFC 3852.

Annex A (normative)

ASN.1 module for machine readable biometric test reports

A.1 Overview

This annex provides the complete ISO/IEC 8824 series and ISO/IEC 8825-1 ASN.1 module for this document. This annex is the authoritative specification for binary encodings of these data elements, which are intended to be specified in future parts of the ISO/IEC 29120 series as ASN.1 Packed Encoding Rules (see X.691 | ISO/IEC 8825-2), unless there is a requirement to use security features that need the ASN.1 Basic Encoding Rules.

NOTE Software is available to convert between binary (both PER and Basic) and XML encodings using this ASN.1 specification.

A.2 ASN.1 module

```
MachineReadableBiometricTestingAndReportingTestReport {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) module(1) rev(0)
}
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
-- ITU-T X.501 Open Systems Interconnection - The Directory: Models
    Name
    FROM InformationFramework {
        joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) informationFramework(1) 5}
-- RFC 3852/5911 Cryptographic Message Syntax
    DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers, CertificateSet,
    RevocationInfoChoices, SignerInfos, CONTENT-TYPE
    FROM CryptographicMessageSyntax-2009 {
        iso(1) member-body(2) us(840) rsadsi(113549)
        pkcs(1) pkcs-9(9) smime(16) modules(0) id-mod-cms-2004-02(41)}
-- ISO/IEC 19785 CBEFF Part 3
    BiometricType, BiometricSubtype, Product
    FROM CBEFF-DATA-ELEMENTS {
        iso standard 19785 modules(0) types-for-cbeff-data-elements(1) };
MRTDBTRVersion ::= INTEGER { v0(0) } ( v0, ... )
BiometricTestReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    contentTypeBiometricTestReport CONTENT-TYPE.&id({ContentTypeBiometricTestReport}),
    content [0] EXPLICIT CONTENT-TYPE.&Type
        ({ContentTypeBiometricTestReport}{@contentType})
}
ContentTypeBiometricTestReport CONTENT-TYPE ::= { testReportTechnology |
testReportScenario| signedTestReport }

TestReportTechnology ::= SEQUENCE {
    version MRTDBTRVersion DEFAULT v0,
    targetInfo ProductInformation,
    testReportInfo TestReportInformation,
    testReports SEQUENCE OF TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition
}
ProductInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    provider Provider,
    nameProduct NameProduct,
    description VisibleString OPTIONAL,
    functionProduct SEQUENCE OF FunctionProduct,
    outputProduct DataType OPTIONAL,
    modalityProduct Modality
}
Provider ::= SEQUENCE {
```

```

        nameProvider          Name,
        typeProvider          TypeProvider,
        roleProvider          RoleProvider,
        contactInformation    VisibleString OPTIONAL
    }
    TypeProvider ::= ENUMERATED {
        non-profit(1),
        university(2),
        corporation(3),
        individual(4),
        government(5)
    }
    RoleProvider ::= ENUMERATED {
        manufacturer(1),
        reseller(2),
        integrator(3),
        other(4)
    }
    NameProduct ::= SEQUENCE {
        modelName              Name,
        productCBEFF            Product OPTIONAL,
        version                 VersionProduct,
        softwareVersion         VersionProduct,
        firmwareVersion         VersionProduct
    }
    VersionProduct ::= INTEGER { v0(0) } ( v0, ... )
    Function ::= ENUMERATED {
        acquisition(1),
        enrolment(2),
        verification(3),
        identification(4),
        ...
    }
    DataType ::= SEQUENCE {
        processedLevel          ProcessedLevel,
        purpose                  Purpose OPTIONAL
    }
    ProcessedLevel ::= ENUMERATED {
        raw-data(1),
        intermediate-data(2),
        processed-data(3),
        comparison-score(4),
        comparison-result(5),
        ...
    }
    Purpose ::= ENUMERATED {
        reference(1),
        sample(2)
    }
    Modality ::= SEQUENCE {
        type                    BiometricType,
        subtype                  BiometricSubtype OPTIONAL
    }
    TestReportInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
        testLabInformation      TestLabInformation,
        compliantStandard       StandardDescription,
        testReportIssuanceDate  Date,
        parentTestReport        ExternalDocument
    }
    TestLabInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
        identificationTestLab    IdentificationTestLab,
        accreditationStatus      AccreditationStatus
    }
    IdentificationTestLab ::= SEQUENCE {
        nameLab                  VisibleString,
        location                  VisibleString,
        testImplementor          VisibleString OPTIONAL,
        testReportSignatory      VisibleString,
        contactInformation        VisibleString
    }
    AccreditationStatus ::= SEQUENCE {

```

```

        accreditingBodies      SEQUENCE OF AccreditingBody,
        scopeAccreditation     ScopeAccreditation OPTIONAL
    }
    AccreditingBody ::= SEQUENCE {
        nameAccreditingBody     VisibleString,
        identifierCertificate    OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        signatory                OCTET STRING
    }
    StandardDescription ::= SEQUENCE {
        standardName             VisibleString,
        standardNumber           VisibleString,
        standardPart              VisibleString,
        standardPublicationDate  Date
    }
    ScopeAccreditation ::= SEQUENCE OF AScopeAccreditation

    AScopeAccreditation ::= ENUMERATED {
        iso-iec19795-1:2006(1),
        iso-iec19795-1:2021(2),
        iso-iec19795-3(3),
        iso-iec30107-4(4),
        ... }
    Date ::= VisibleString
        -- conforms to ISO 8601-1
        -- length = 8
        -- fixed
        -- YYYYMMDD
    ExternalDocument ::= SEQUENCE {
        link                     URI,
        title                    VisibleString,
        authors                  SEQUENCE OF VisibleString OPTIONAL,
        publisher                VisibleString OPTIONAL,
        editor                   VisibleString OPTIONAL,
        typeDocument             TypeDocument OPTIONAL,
        publicationDate          Date OPTIONAL,
        availability             Availability
    }
    URI ::= VisibleString (SIZE(1..MAX))
    TypeDocument ::= ENUMERATED {
        article(1),
        technical-report(2),
        in-proceedings(3),
        abstract(4),
        book(5),
        in-book(6),
        collection(7)
    }
    Availability ::= ENUMERATED {
        public(1),
        restricted(2),
        unavailable(3),
        superseded(4)
    }

    TestReportTechnologyForOneCondition ::= SEQUENCE {
        corpusInfo               CorpusInformation,
        dateStarted              Date OPTIONAL,
        dateEnded                Date OPTIONAL,
        testResult               SEQUENCE OF TestResult
    }
    CorpusInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
        composition              CorpusComposition,
        environInfo              EnvironmentalInformation
    }
    CorpusComposition ::= SEQUENCE {
        identifier               OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        nameCorpus               VisibleString,
        corpusStatistics          CorpusStatistics
    }
    CorpusStatistics ::= SEQUENCE {

```

```

        corpusBasicStatistics          CorpusCrewBasicStatistics,
        numSamples                     INTEGER,
        samplesPerIndividualEnrol       SamplesPerIndividual OPTIONAL,
        samplesPerIndividualProbe       SamplesPerIndividual OPTIONAL
    }
    CorpusCrewBasicStatistics ::= SEQUENCE {
        numIndividuals                 INTEGER,
        numMales                       INTEGER OPTIONAL,
        numFemales                     INTEGER OPTIONAL,
        numOther                       INTEGER OPTIONAL,
        numUnknown                     INTEGER OPTIONAL,
        numIndividualsEnrol            INTEGER,
        numIndividualsVeriId           INTEGER,
        ageDistrMale                   InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
        ageDistrFemale                 InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
        elapsDistr                     InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL,
        visitsDayDistr                 InfoCumulativeDistribution OPTIONAL
    }
    InfoCumulativeDistribution ::= SEQUENCE {
        mean                           INTEGER,
        median                         INTEGER,
        cumulativeDistribution          DistributionIntegerReal
    }
    DistributionIntegerReal ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerReal
    ExpressionPointIntegerReal ::= SEQUENCE {
        xValue                         INTEGER,
        yValue                         REAL
    }
    SamplesPerIndividual ::= SEQUENCE {
        numSubjects                    INTEGER,
        mean                           INTEGER,
        median                         INTEGER,
        distrSubjSample                DistributionIntegerInteger
    }
    DistributionIntegerInteger ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointIntegerInteger
    ExpressionPointIntegerInteger ::= SEQUENCE {
        subjectId                     INTEGER,
        numberOfSamples                INTEGER
    }
    EnvironmentalInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
        exceptionalCondition            VisibleString,
        celsiusTemp                     REAL OPTIONAL, -- temperature
        dBNoise                         REAL OPTIONAL, -- ambient noise
        lightingInfo                    VisibleString OPTIONAL
    }
    TestResult ::= CHOICE {
        testResultEnrol                 TestResultEnrol, -- enrolment
        testResultAcquire               TestResultAcquire, -- acquisition
        testResultVerify                TestResultVerify, -- verification
        testResultIdentify              TestResultIdentify -- identification
    }
    TestResultEnrol ::= SEQUENCE {
        failureToEnrolRate              REAL,
        durationEnrol                   StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
    }
    StatisticInformationSet ::= SEQUENCE {
        unitTime                        UnitTime,
        numberOfMeasurements            INTEGER OPTIONAL,
        median                          REAL OPTIONAL,
        mean                            REAL OPTIONAL,
        minimum                         REAL OPTIONAL,
        maximum                         REAL OPTIONAL,
        stdDev                          REAL OPTIONAL,
        medAbsDev                       REAL OPTIONAL
    }
    UnitTime ::= ENUMERATED {
        millisecond(1),
        second(2)
    }
    TestResultAcquire ::= SEQUENCE {
        failureToAcquireRate            REAL,

```

```

        durationAcquire          StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
    }
    TestResultVerify ::= SEQUENCE {
        resultMatchVerify        ResultMatchVerify,
        durationVerify            StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
    }
    ResultMatchVerify ::= SEQUENCE {
        infoDETFNMRFMR           InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be fnmr-fmr
        infoDETFRRFAR            InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be frr-far
        infoDETFGFRGFAR          InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL, -- pair of error types shall be
        gfr-r-gfar
        cmpScrDistr               DistributionRealReal OPTIONAL
    }
    InfoDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE {
        numSamplesEstTypeIError    INTEGER,
        numSamplesEstTypeIIError   INTEGER,
        expressionDETCurve         ExpressionDETCurve
    }
    ExpressionDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointDETCurve
    ExpressionPointDETCurve ::= SEQUENCE {
        threshold                 REAL OPTIONAL, -- 0 for unavailable, -1 for unknown
        typeIError                REAL,
        typeIIError               REAL
    }
    DistributionRealReal ::= SEQUENCE OF ExpressionPointRealReal
    ExpressionPointRealReal ::= SEQUENCE {
        xValue                    REAL,
        yValue                    REAL
    }
    }
    TestResultIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
        resultMatchClosedIdentify ResultMatchClosedIdentify,
        resultMatchOpenIdentify   ResultMatchOpenIdentify OPTIONAL
    }
    ResultMatchClosedIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
        cmcCurveClosed            DistributionIntegerReal,
        srchExecDistr              ExpressionHistogram,
        durationClosedIdentify     StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
    }
    ExpressionHistogram ::= SEQUENCE OF IntervalIntegerFrequency
    IntervalIntegerFrequency ::= SEQUENCE {
        lowerLimit                INTEGER,
        upperLimit                INTEGER,
        frequency                 INTEGER
    }
    }
    ResultMatchOpenIdentify ::= SEQUENCE {
        cmcCurveOpen              DistributionIntegerReal,
        srchExecDistrEnroled       ExpressionHistogram,
        srchExecDistrNoEnroled     ExpressionHistogram,
        infoDETCurveFNIRFPFR      InfoDETCurve OPTIONAL,
        -- pair of error types shall be fnir-fpir
        durationOpenIdentify       StatisticInformationSet OPTIONAL
    }
    }
    TestReportScenario ::= SEQUENCE {
        version                   MRTDBTRVersion DEFAULT v0,
        targetInfos               SEQUENCE OF ProductInformation,
        testReportInfo            TestReportInformation,
        testReports               SEQUENCE OF TestReportScenarioForOneCondition
    }
    }
    TestReportScenarioForOneCondition ::= SEQUENCE {
        testCrewInfo              TestCrewInformation,
        levelPolicyAssistance      LevelPolicyAssistance,
        environInfo               EnvironmentalInformation,
        dateStarted                Date OPTIONAL,
        dateEnded                 Date OPTIONAL,
        testResult                 SEQUENCE OF TestResult
    }
    }
    TestCrewInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
        identifier                OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        location                   VisibleString,
        habituation                ExpressionHistogram,
        testCrewStatistics         CorpusCrewBasicStatistics
    }

```

```

}
LevelPolicyAssistance ::= SEQUENCE {
    levelEffortAndDecisionPolicy    LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy,
    assistanceAndInstruction        AssistanceAndInstruction OPTIONAL
}
LevelEffortAndDecisionPolicy ::= SEQUENCE {
    levelAndPolicyEnrol            LevelAndPolicy,
    levelAndPolicyCmp              LevelAndPolicy
}
LevelAndPolicy ::= SEQUENCE {
    minNumAttempt                 INTEGER,
    maxNumAttempt                 INTEGER,
    maxDurPermitted               REAL
}
AssistanceAndInstruction ::= SEQUENCE {
    assistanceLocation            AssistanceLocation,
    assistanceMode                AssistanceMode,
    instructionMode               InstructionMode
}
AssistanceLocation ::= ENUMERATED {
    separate-from-transaction(1),
    interactively-with-transaction(2),
    after-failure(3)
}
AssistanceMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    physical(1),
    audio-only(2),
    audio-video(3),
    none(4),
    video-only(5)
}
InstructionMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    written-manual(1),
    poster(2),
    video(3),
    personal(4)
}

SignedTestReport ::= SEQUENCE {
    version                      MRTDBTRVersion    DEFAULT v0,
    digestAlgorithms             DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers,
    encapContentInfo             EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR,
    certificates                 [0] IMPLICIT CertificateSet OPTIONAL,
    crls                         [1] IMPLICIT RevocationInfoChoices OPTIONAL,
    signerInfos                  SignerInfos
}
EncapsulatedContentInfoSignedTR ::= SEQUENCE {
    eContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR    CONTENT-TYPE.&id
        ({ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR }),
    eContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR    [0] EXPLICIT OCTET STRING
        ( CONTAINING CONTENT-TYPE.&Type
        ({ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR }{@contentType}))
}
ContentTypeContentInfoSignedTR CONTENT-TYPE ::= { testReportTechnology |
    testReportScenario }

-- contentType object identifiers
id-testReportTechnology OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2)
testReportTechnology(1)
}
id-testReportScenario OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2) testReportScenario(2)
}
id-signedTestReport OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {
    iso(1) standard(0) mrtdbtr(29120) testReport(1) contentType(2) signedTestReport(3)
}

-- ContentType objects
testReportTechnology CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    TestReportTechnology

```

```
        IDENTIFIED BY id-testReportTechnology
    }
    testReportScenario CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
        TestReportScenario
        IDENTIFIED BY id-testReportScenario
    }
    signedTestReport CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
        SignedTestReport
        IDENTIFIED BY id-signedTestReport
    }
END - BIOMETRIC-TESTING-REPORTING-TEST-REPORT
```

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Annex B (informative)

Common elements

B.1 Purpose

This annex describes data elements common to two or more of the test types specified in subclauses 6.4.2 and 6.4.3. The following clauses describe the content and markup of data elements included in the test reports.

B.2 Notation

The requirements established for test report data elements in this document are accompanied by labels “M” for mandatory and “O” for optional. A test report shall include data elements labelled “M”. A report should include elements labelled “O”. Any optional elements shall be encoded according to the requirements given in this document.

B.3 Biometric component provider

This data element identifies the manufacturer or supplier of the component under test. This element shall conform to the requirements of Table B.1.

Table B.1 — Data elements for describing the provider of a biometric component

Elements		Status	Contents
Provider	Name	M	Name of provider.
	Non-profit University Corporation Individual Government	M	Type of provider.
	Manufacturer Reseller Integrator Other	M	Role of provider. The manufacturer is the entity responsible for the design or creation of the component. A reseller packages or re-sells the component. An integrator may combine components into a single atomic component.
	Contact information	O	An email address, or address or phone number

NOTE Table B.1 establishes requirements on reporting. However, the specific encoding of the data into a machine-readable test report is defined by Annex A.

B.4 Biometric component

An evaluation is conducted on a target. A target consists of one or more biometric components. Each component shall be identified according to the requirements of Table B.2.

NOTE Some tests can be run on composite systems in which bits were delivered or updated on different days. This model of a target as an assembly of components allows for the revision of parts of the system and on-the-fly updates of the IUT.

Table B.2 — Data elements for describing each component of the evaluation

Elements		Status	Num. entries		Contents
			Min	Max	
Name	Provider	M	1	1	Vendor (manufacturer/provider). This element shall conform to the requirements of Table 1 .
	Model	M	1	∞	The model and version number shall be provided for commercial off-the-shelf products.
	Version	M	1	1	
	Software version	M	1	1	The value can be stated as being unknown, unspecified or unused (it does not have firmware, for example).
	Firmware version	M	1	1	
Instance	Date acquired	M	1	1	Date component was acquired by test laboratory.
	Unique model identifier	O	0	1	An identifier unique to this instance of this component.
	Parameters	O	0	∞	Configurable hardware and software parameters. A list of name-value pairs. The name describes the parameter, the value gives a numeric or other value. Both fields should be free text. For components with no such parameters use “None”.
Type	CBEFF_BDB_product_type	O	0	1	Identifier defined in ISO/IEC 19785-3 CBEFF data element.
Description	Arbitrary text	O	0	1	In cases where the component cannot be completely identified using model number fields, for example when the component is a prototype or an experimental version, this field shall be populated to give a complete and adequate description of the component under test.
Function	Acquisition procesing storage enrolment verification identification comparison	M	1	∞	One or more of these can apply, because some components are multifunctional.
Type of output	None Other Biometric template Biometric sample Comparison score Accept/Reject decision Candidate list without comparison scores Candidate list with comparison scores Quality score	O	0	∞	The type of output of the component.
Modality	Type	M	1	∞	The particular biometric modality, as per ISO/IEC 19785-3:2020, Clause 6. EXAMPLE Face or iris.
	Subtype	O	0	∞	The particular biometric part of the modality, as per ISO/IEC 19795-3:2020, Clause 6. EXAMPLE Index finger code 02.

B.5 Test laboratory

Information on the test laboratory conducting the test shall be recorded using the data elements of [Table B.3](#).

Table B.3 — Data elements identifying the test laboratory

Elements		Status	Num. entries		Contents
			Min	Max	
Identification	Lab Name	M	1	1	The name of the individual responsible for the laboratory.
	Location	M	1	∞	The location of the individual responsible for the laboratory.
	Test implementer	O	0	∞	The employee or representative who executed the test.
	Test report signatory	M	1	1	The employee or representative assuring the integrity, correctness and completeness of the test.
	Contact information	M	1	∞	Contact information for enquiries concerning the test report.
Accreditation Status	Name of accrediting body	M	1	∞	List of bodies accrediting the laboratory. If no accreditation is claimed this field shall be populated with an "accreditation not claimed" entry.
	Identifier for accreditation certificate	M	1	∞	Identifier of the accreditation result.
	Scope of accreditation	O	0	∞	EXAMPLE Claim of accreditation to perform ISO/IEC 19795-1 testing
	Accreditor's signatory	M	1	∞	Location, contact point, pointer, URI, or other reference to the accreditation certificate of a test laboratory.

NOTE The ISO/IEC 29120 series, in its capacity as a series of International Standards for formatting test data, does not establish requirements on the conduct of a test, nor on the qualifications of a test laboratory. In particular, the presence of the accreditation field does not imply any need for accreditation of test labs – it merely supports identification of any relevant accreditations.

B.6 Standards conformance

All citations of standards shall conform to the requirements of [Table B.4](#). This table allows a test laboratory to indicate which testing standards were used for the test. If this data element is used it indicates the laboratory is claiming conformance to the standard listed.

EXAMPLE A test can claim conformance to ISO/IEC 19795-4 for the execution of the test, and to ISO/IEC 29109-2 for the reporting of the test data.

NOTE If a test claims conformance to more than one standard, then this data element can be repeated in a suitable encapsulating structure.

Table B.4 — Data elements identifying a standard

Elements		Status	Contents
Stand- ard	Name	M	EXAMPLE Biometric Testing and Reporting — Principles and Framework
	Standard identifier	M	This field shall give a complete identification of the standard including organization, number, part (if any) and date. It should also include any relevant published amendments. EXAMPLES ISO/IEC 19795-1 RFC 2119 ISO/IEC 19784-1:2006/Amd. 1:2007
	Supplementary information	O	Further information refining the use of the standard. This can include profile information or a description of which parts of the standard series are applicable. The content and format are not regulated by this document.

B.7 Dates

All dates shall be conformant instances of ISO 8601-1.

B.8 External documentation

The machine-readable test report defined in this document is not intended as complete documentation of a test. Instead, a larger traditional written test report may exist. In addition, a formal written test plan or other document may exist. When such documents are referenced in a machine-readable test report they should conform to the requirements of [Table B.5](#).

Table B.5 — Data elements of externally linked documents

Elements		Status	Contents
External Document	Link	M	A URI or webpage or other locator.
	Title	M	Performance of compact standard plantar images.
	Authors	O	
	Publisher	O	
	Edition	O	
	Type. One of "Article", "Technical Report", "In Proceedings", "Abstract", "Book", "In book", "Collection"	O	
	Publication date YYYYMMDD	O	EXAMPLE 20100213
	Availability	M	Public Restricted Unavailable Superseded

B.9 Summary statistics for univariate data

If a test measures scalar quantities and these are summarized in the machine readable test report, these shall be named and encoded according to the requirements of [Table B.6](#). If the variable is a random variable, (e.g. the mean age of a volunteer crew) then the number of measurements over which the random variable is estimated shall be reported, i.e. status becomes M. If the variable is not a random variable (e.g. the size of the test crew), the number of measurements shall be set to 1.

Table B.6 — Data elements for summary statistics

Elements		Status	Contents
Statistic	Units	M	EXAMPLE Milliseconds
	Number of measurements	M	This field is optional for variables that are not random variables. EXAMPLE 200.
	Median	O	A numeric value.
	Mean	O	A numeric value.
	Minimum	O	A numeric value.
	Maximum	O	A numeric value.
	Standard deviation	O	A numeric value.
	Median absolute deviation	O	A numeric value.

NOTE Biometric testing and reporting standards such as ISO/IEC 19795 can require specific variables and statistics to be reported.

B.10 Subject-specific data

The data elements of [Table B.7](#) shall be used to exhaustively tabulate a value for each member of the volunteer corpus.

Table B.7 — Data elements for a subject-specific data

Elements			Status	Contents
Subject-specific data	Number of subjects		M	EXAMPLE 200
	Name		M	Name of the variable, e.g. iris diameter (in mm).
	Mean		M	These values are computed over all subjects. They support applications that can potentially not need data for the entire crew.
	Median		M	
	Complete array of (ID, value) pairs	Subject ID	M	EXAMPLE 12345
		Value	M	EXAMPLE 11.2

B.11 Cumulative distribution function

The data element of [Table B.8](#) shall be used for tabulation of the cumulative distribution function of a random variable. That is, an entry in the table shall give the proportion of measurements for which the observed value is less than or equal to the given value.

The elements shall appear in increasing order. For any given pair of elements X_k and X_{k+1} , the tabulated value $F(X_k)$ shall be less than or equal to $F(X_{k+1})$ for all indices, k . The range of X values shall be such that $F(X_1) = 0$ and $F(X_N) = 1$.

Table B.8 — Data elements for a cumulative distribution function

Elements		Status	Contents
Summary statistics	Mean value	M	These values support applications that do not need the entire CDF.
	Median value	M	
	Variance	O	
CDF	X	M	A list of pairs of X and $F(X)$.
	$F(X)$	M	

NOTE The name of the variable is given in the enclosing data structure which embeds the [Table B.8](#) data.

EXAMPLE The element encodes data as shown in [Table B.9](#). A real instance of this format would usually have many more entries.

Table B.9 — Example CDF

X	$F(X)$
0	0
1	0
2	0.7
3	0.92
4	0.97
5	1

B.12 Detection error tradeoff characteristic

This element is a tabulation of measurements of the Type I and Type II error rates as functions of an operating threshold. This element shall conform to the requirements of [Table B.10](#). The Type I and II error rate names are paired as follows:

- if Type I error rate is “FMR” the Type II error rate shall be “FNMR”;
- if Type I error rate is “FAR” the Type II error rate shall be “FRR”;
- if Type I error rate is “GFAR” the Type II error rate shall be “GFRR”; and
- if Type I error rate is “FPIR” the Type II error rate shall be “FNIR”.

Table B.10 — Data elements for DET characteristic

Elements		Status	Contents
DET	Name of Type I error	M	EXAMPLE FAR
	Number of comparisons or transactions used in estimation of Type I estimate	M	
	Name of Type II error	M	EXAMPLE FRR
	Number of comparisons or transactions used in estimation of Type II estimate	M	
	DET points	T	Three values (T, E_1, E_2) where T is the threshold, E_1 is the Type I error rate value, E_2 is the Type II error rate value. T may be stated to be “unknown” or “unavailable”.
		E_1	
		E_2	

EXAMPLE The element encodes data as shown in [Table B.11](#). A real instance of this format would usually have many more entries.

Table B.11 — Example DET points

T = Threshold	E_1 = FMR	E_2 = FNMR
0.32	0.000001	0.004
0.33	0.000008	0.003
0.34	0.000064	0.002

In this example, the “Name of Type I variable” would be “FMR”.

Annex C (informative)

Test reports

C.1 Purpose

[Annex C](#) is included as informative text to provide implementers with an overview of the content of technology and scenario test reports. Note that any given test report instance is required to conform to the mandatory grammar specifications expressed using ASN.1 given in [Annex A](#).

C.2 Data elements for technology tests

A technology test report shall record the mandatory elements identified in [Table C.1](#). All items shall be formatted such that the test report is a conformant instance of the ASN.1 specification whose schema appears in [Annex A](#).

The test report defined by [Table C.1](#) is not intended as complete documentation of a test. It is likely to be an extract of a larger traditional written test report. A link to this parent is provided in the [Table B.10](#) record. The parent report will almost certainly not be machine-readable but will serve as the reference document for users needing detailed complete information beyond that encoded in the machine-readable extract. [Table C.2](#) identifies the performance data elements for technology tests.

NOTE This document does not regulate which measurements are to be made or how to make these measurements. Requirements for this area are established by the ISO/IEC 19795 series.

Table C.1 — Data elements for technology test reports

Item	Elements	Nested elements	Status	Contents
Test laboratories	Primary laboratory	Table B.3	M	The laboratory conducting or coordinating the test.
	Secondary laboratories	Table B.3	O	Additional laboratories involved in the execution of the test (e.g. in case of interlaboratory testing) shall also be identified according to the requirements of Table B.3 .
Target of the evaluation	Target	List of components conformant to Table B.2	M	This element encodes the target of the evaluation, i.e. the IUT.
External context	Name	Name of a parent test program or campaign	O	Indicate whether this test report is part of a larger set, e.g. as a test of one set of products in a larger multi-product interoperability test such as ILO. ^[1]
Test report issuance date	Report date	Date (6.4.3)	M	This field encodes the date on which the test report was signed by the test laboratory official.
Parent test report	Non-machine readable-test report	External document (6.4.3)	O	Non-machine-readable, traditional test report, for complete human-readable documentation of the test.