
**Resilient floor coverings —
Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride)
flooring on foam — Specification**

*Revêtements de sol résilients — Revêtements de sol hétérogènes sur
mousse à base de poly(chlorure de vinyle) — Spécification*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11638 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 219, *Floor coverings*.

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Resilient floor coverings — Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) flooring on foam — Specification

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) flooring on foam, based on poly(vinyl chloride), and supplied in roll form or tile. Such products can contain a transparent, non-PVC factory finish.

To encourage the consumer to make an informed choice, this International Standard includes a classification system, based on intensity of use, which shows where these floor coverings can be expected to give satisfactory service.

It also specifies requirements for marking.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 105-B02:—¹⁾, *Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part B02: Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test*

ISO 4918, *Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings — Castor chair test*

ISO 10874, *Resilient, textile and laminate floor covering — Classification*.

ISO 23997, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of mass per unit area*

ISO 23999, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of dimensional stability and curling after exposure to heat*

ISO 24340, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of thickness of layers*

ISO 24341, *Resilient and textile floor coverings — Determination of length, width, and straightness of sheet*

ISO 24342, *Resilient and textile floor coverings — Determination of side length, edge straightness and squareness of tiles*

ISO 24343-1, *Resilient and laminate floor coverings — Determination of indentation and residual indentation — Part 1: Residual indentation*

ISO 24343-2, *Resilient and laminate floor coverings — Determination of indentation and residual indentation — Part 2: Short-term residual indentation of resilient floor covering*

ISO 24344, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of flexibility and deflection*

ISO 24345, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of peel resistance*

ISO 24346, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of overall thickness*

EN 424, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of the effect of simulated movement of a furniture leg*

EN 684, *Resilient floor coverings — Determination of seam strength*

EN 1372, *Adhesives — Test method for adhesives for floor and wall coverings — Peel test*

1) To be published. (Revision of ISO 105-B02:1994)

ASTM F1515, *Standard test method for measuring light stability of resilient flooring by color change*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

heterogeneous floor covering on foam

floor covering consisting of a wear layer and other solid layers on a foam backing

3.2

poly(vinyl chloride) floor coverings on foam

floor covering with surface layers which are produced using poly(vinyl chloride) as the binder

3.3

wear layer

layer of the floor covering directly exposed to wear

3.4

factory finish

transparent coating applied during the manufacture, usually not thicker than 0,05 mm

3.5

binder content

portion of the flooring composition consisting of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) resin, plasticizers and stabilizers

NOTE It is expressed as a percentage mass fraction of the total composition.

3.6

seam strength

maximum tensile force recorded, for a defined width, when a floor covering is tested under a constant rate of separation

3.7

plank

planks satisfy both less than 250 mm in width and a width-to-length ratio of more than 1:3

4 Requirements

4.1 Identification requirements

Products described in this International Standard are identified by wear-layer binder content and shall be in accordance with Table 1.

Table 1 — Identification requirements

Type	Wear-layer binder content
I	≥ 80
II	≥ 30

4.2 General requirements

Floor coverings shall conform to the appropriate general requirements specified in Table 2 when tested in accordance with the methods given therein.

Table 2 — General requirements

Characteristic	Requirement	Test method
Roll form: Length: m Width: mm	Not less than nominal values	ISO 24341
Tiles: side length mm	Deviation $\leq 0,13$ % of nominal length up to 0,5 mm maximum except plank shape	ISO 24342
Squareness and straightness for side length: mm	Deviation allowed at any point	
side length: ≤ 400 mm > 400 mm > 400 mm (intended for welding)	$\leq 0,25$ $\leq 0,35$ $\leq 0,50$	
Overall thickness: mm	Nominal value $+0,18/-0,15$ Average value $\pm 0,20$	ISO 24346
Average Individual results		
Thickness of wear layer: %	Nominal value $+13$ %/ -10 %	ISO 24340
Thickness of foam layer: mm	Thickness shall be determined	ISO 24340
Total mass per unit area (average): g/m ²	Nominal value $+13$ %/ -10 %	ISO 23997
Dimensional stability after exposure to heat: % (not applicable to tension flex products) Sheets intended for welding Tiles (intended for dry-joint laying)	$(\leq 1,0)^a \leq 0,4$ $\leq 0,25$	ISO 23999
Curling after exposure to heat: mm Sheets intended for welding Tiles (intended for dry-joint laying)	≤ 10 ≤ 2	ISO 23999
Flexibility Type 1: 15 mm diameter mandrel Type 2: 40 mm diameter mandrel	No cracking	ISO 24344:2008, Method A
Peel resistance strength: N/mm Average Individual results	≥ 50 N/50 mm ≥ 40 N/50 mm	ISO 24345
Colour fastness to artificial light	≥ 6 or $\Delta E \leq 8$ after 300 h	ISO 105-B02:—, Method 3 ^b or ASTM F1515

^a The maximum of 1 % is permitted for sheet flooring intended for welding only, provided that manufacturer-specified installation procedures are strictly followed to ensure both a seam strength of more than 240 N/50 mm complying with EN 684, and an adhesive strength of more than 50 N/50 mm at 90°, when pulled and measured at a speed of 100 mm/min complying with EN 1372.

^b Expose a fullsize test specimen. Store a further test specimen in the dark, which will constitute the reference standard for assessment of colour change.

4.3 Thickness of wear-layer requirements

Thicknesses of wear layers shall be in accordance with Table 3.

5 Classification requirements

The classification scheme for resilient floor coverings is given in ISO 10874. The requirements for heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) flooring on foam according to this scheme are specified in Table 3.

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Table 3 — Classification minimal requirement for level of use

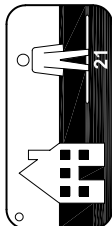
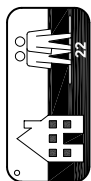
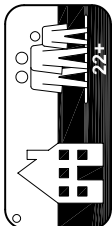
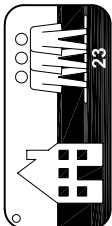
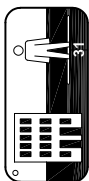
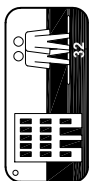
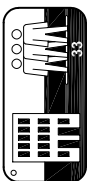
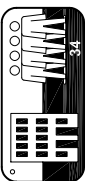
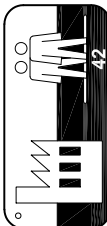
Class	Symbol	Level of use	Thickness of wear-layer nominal value mm		Effect of castor chair	Simulated movement of a furniture leg		Residual indentation after static loading (Method 1) mm	Residual indentation after static loading (Method 2) mm
			Type I	Type II		Surface	Joint		
Test method									
Domestic									
21		Moderate/Light	0,15	0,30	No requirement	No requirement	No requirement	No requirement	≤ 0,35
22		General/Medium	0,20	0,40	No requirement	No damage shall be visible with foot 3	No requirement	No requirement	≤ 0,35
22+		General	0,20	0,40	No requirement		No requirement	No requirement	≤ 0,35
23		Heavy	0,25	0,50	No requirement		No requirement	No requirement	≤ 0,35
Commercial									
31		Moderate	0,25	0,50	No requirement	No damage shall be visible with foot 3	No requirement	≤ 0,35	No requirement
32		General	0,35	0,70	No delamination and no disturbance to the surface other than slight change in appearance caused by 25 000 cycles or more	No damage shall be visible with foot 2	When welded in accordance with manufacturer's instructions: no damage shall be visible with foot 0	≤ 0,20	No requirement
33		Heavy	0,50	1,00				≤ 0,20	No requirement
34		Very heavy	0,65	1,50			≤ 0,20	No requirement	

Table 3 (continued)

Class	Symbol	Level of use	Thickness of wear-layer nominal value mm		Effect of castor chair	Simulated movement of a furniture leg		Residual indentation after static loading (Method 1) mm	Residual indentation after static loading (Method 2) mm
			Type I	Type II		Surface	Joint		
Light industrial									
41		Moderate	0,35	0,70	No delamination and no disturbance to the surface other than slight change in appearance caused by 25 000 cycles or more	No damage shall be visible with foot 2	When welded in accordance with manufacturer's instructions: no damage shall be visible with foot 0	≤ 0,20	No requirement
		General	0,50	1,00				≤ 0,20	No requirement
42									

6 Marking

Floor coverings covered by this International Standard and/or their packaging shall bear the following marking:

- a) number and date of this International Standard, i.e. ISO 11638:2012;
- b) manufacturer or supplier identification;
- c) product name;
- d) colour/pattern, batch number and, if applicable, roll number;
- e) classes/symbols appropriate for the product;
- f) for rolls: the length, width and thickness.

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