
**Closed end blind rivets with break pull
mandrel and protruding head — Al/AIA**

Rivets aveugles à rupture de tige à corps fermé, à tête bombée — Al/AIA



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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15975 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, *Fasteners*.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

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Closed end blind rivets with break pull mandrel and protruding head — Al/AIA

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies dimensional and mechanical characteristics and application data for closed end blind rivets with break pull mandrel and protruding head, with a commercially pure aluminium body (Al) and an aluminium alloy mandrel (AIA) and with nominal diameters, d , from 3,2 mm up to and including 4,8 mm.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3269:2000, *Fasteners — Acceptance inspection*

ISO 14588:2000, *Blind rivets — Terminology and definitions*

ISO 14589:2000, *Blind rivets — Mechanical testing*

3 Dimensions

3.1 General

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 14588.

3.2 Rivet dimensions

See Figure 1 and Table 1.

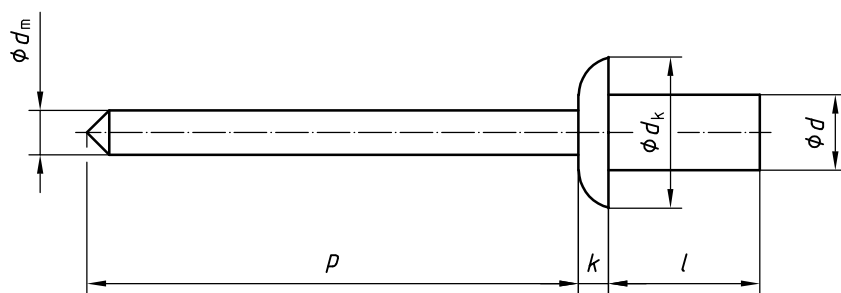


Figure 1 — Rivet dimensions

Table 1 — Rivet dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

Rivet body	d	nom.	3,2	4,0	4,8
		max.	3,28	4,08	4,88
		min.	3,05	3,85	4,65
	d_k	max.	6,7	8,4	10,1
		min.	5,8	6,9	8,3
	k	max.	1,3	1,7	2
Mandrel	d_m	max.	1,85	2,35	2,77
	p	min.	25	25	27
Rivet length l			Recommended grip ranges ^a		
nom. = min.		max.			
8	9		0,5 to 3,5	—	1,0 to 3,5
9,5	10,5		3,5 to 5,0	1 to 5	—
11	12		5,0 to 6,5	—	3,5 to 6,5
11,5	12,5		—	5,0 to 6,5	—
12,5	13,5		—	6,5 to 8	—
14,5	15,5		—	—	6,5 to 9,5
18	19		—	—	9,5 to 13,5

NOTE The rivet body dimensions are generated from the design formulae specified in annex A.

^a The grip ranges of rivets with dimensions as given in Table 1, with the material combination as given in clause 4, are specified by the minimum and maximum grip lengths. The minimum grip lengths are given as a recommendation only. It may be possible to go into individual cases below the minimum values.

3.3 Clearance hole diameters

The diameters of the clearance holes (d_{h1}) to accommodate the rivet in the components to be fastened are given in Table 2.

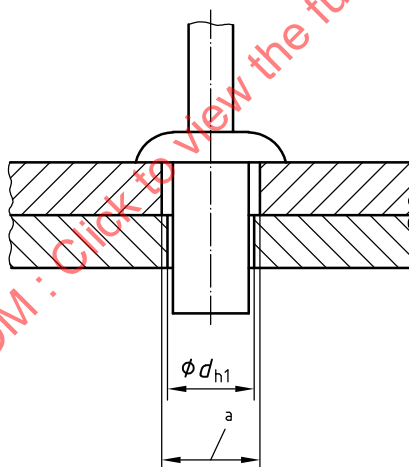
Table 2 — Clearance hole diameters

Dimensions in millimetres

d nom.	d_{h1}	
	min.	max.
3,2	3,3	3,4
4,0	4,1	4,2
4,8	4,9	5,0

Non-conformance to the values listed in Table 2 may result in assembly difficulties and/or reduction in the shear and tensile loads specified in Table 3.

When necessary, to facilitate alignment, only the component on the access side may have a clearance hole larger than specified in Table 2 (see Figure 2). This may also result in a reduction of the shear and tensile loads specified in Table 3.



a Enlarged clearance hole

Figure 2 — Enlarged clearance hole to facilitate alignment

4 Material and finish

Blind rivets made in accordance with this International Standard shall have a rivet body made of commercially pure aluminium (Al) and a mandrel made of aluminium alloy (AlA) and shall have mechanical properties as specified in clause 5.

Material specification is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

The surface of rivet body and mandrel shall be plain, i.e. in natural finish.

5 Mechanical properties

The minimum shear load, minimum tensile load and maximum mandrel break load shall be as specified in Table 3 when tested in accordance with ISO 14589.

Table 3 — Mechanical properties

<i>d</i> nom. mm	Shear load min. N	Tensile load min. N	Mandrel break load max. N
3,2	460	540	1 780
4,0	720	760	2 670
4,8	1 000	1 400	3 560

6 Workmanship

Rivets shall be free from burrs and harmful defects and shall have well-formed heads and shanks.

After setting, rivets shall not show evidence of cracking when viewed at 5 × magnification.

7 Acceptance testing

If there is no other agreement, acceptance inspection in accordance with ISO 3269 applies.

8 Designation

EXAMPLE A closed end blind rivet, with break pull mandrel and protruding head, with nominal diameter $d = 4,8$ mm and nominal length $l = 11$ mm with a commercially pure aluminium body (AI) an aluminium alloy mandrel (AIA) is designated as follows:

Blind rivet ISO 15975 - 4,8 × 11 - AI/AIA