
**Plain bearings — Thermoplastic
bushes — Dimensions and tolerances**

Paliers lisses — Bagues thermoplastiques — Dimensions et tolérances

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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

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Foreword

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16287 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 123, *Plain bearings*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Dimensions, tolerances and construction details*.

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Plain bearings — Thermoplastic bushes — Dimensions and tolerances

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the dimensions and tolerances for inserted thermoplastic bushes used as plain bearings with or without lubrication grooves in accordance with ISO 12128. These thermoplastic bushes are dimensionally exchangeable to wrapped bushes according to ISO 3547-1.

This International Standard is not applicable to reinforced plastics.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 286-1, *ISO system of limits and fits — Part 1: Bases of tolerance, deviations and fits*

ISO 554, *Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing — Specifications*

ISO 3547-1, *Plain bearings — Wrapped bushes — Part 1: Dimensions*

ISO 3547-2:1999, *Plain bearings — Wrapped bushes — Part 2: Test data for outside and inside diameter*

ISO 6691, *Thermoplastics polymers for plain bearings — Classification and designation*

ISO 12128, *Plain bearings — Lubrication holes, grooves and pockets — Dimensions, types, designation and their application to bearing bushes*

ISO 12301, *Plain bearings — Quality control techniques and inspection of geometrical and material quality characteristics*

3 Symbols

B	nominal width of bush
B_{fl}	flange thickness
C_{i}	inside chamfer
C_{o}	outside chamfer
D_{fl}	flange diameter
D_{H}	nominal housing bore diameter

- D_i nominal inside diameter of the bush
- $D_{i, ch}$ inside diameter of the bush when inserted in a ring gauge middle H7
- D_o nominal outside diameter of the bush
- r radius for flange bushes

4 Dimensions

The dimensions and tolerances of the thermoplastic bushes are shown in Figures 1 and 2, according to whether cylindrical (type C) or flanged (type F), and given, in millimetres, in Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4. The surface finishes x and y represented in Figures 1 and 2 are given in Table 5.

For determination of the IT value (see ISO 286-1) of the coaxiality tolerance, the dimensions of D_o are applicable.

For determination of the IT value (ISO 286-1) of the axial run-out tolerance, the dimensions of D_{fl} are applicable.

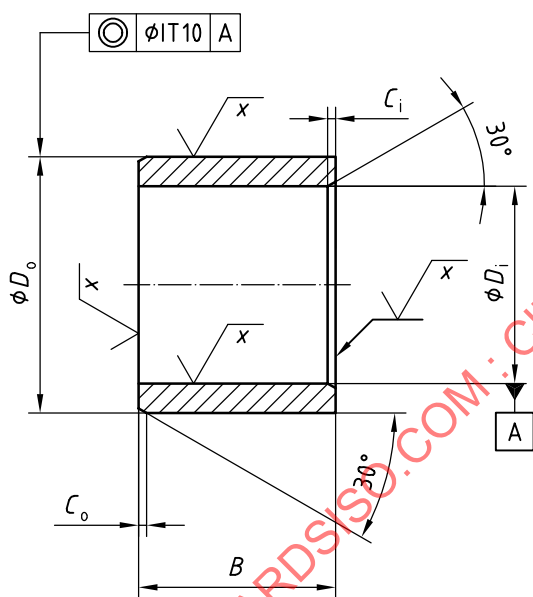


Figure 1 — Cylindrical bush

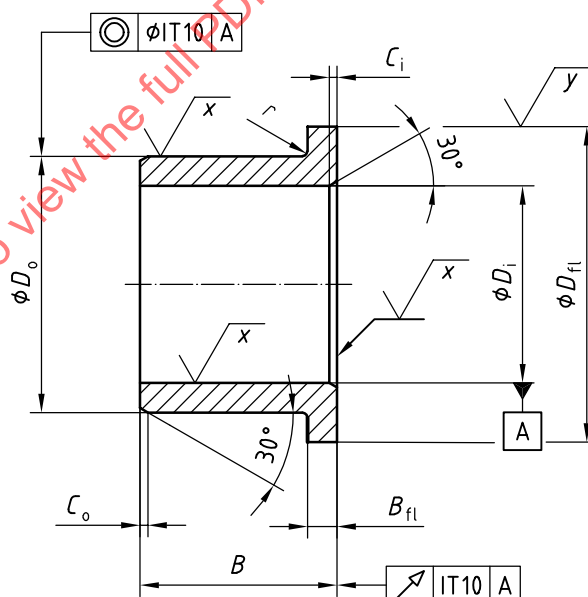


Figure 2 — Flanged bush

Table 1 — Nominal sizes and limits for thick-walled bushes type C and type F

D_i nom.	nom.		D_o Limits for tolerance group (see Table 5)		D_{fl} h13	B_{fl} h13	B h13			C_i	r max.
			A	B						C_o max.	
6	10	12	+0,21 +0,07	zb11	14	3	6	10	—	0,8	0,5
8	12	14			18	3	6	10	15	0,8	0,5
10	14	16	+0,27 +0,09		20	3	6	10	15	0,8	0,5
12	16	18			22	3	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
14	18	20	+0,33 +0,11		25	3	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
15	18	21			27	3	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
16	20	22			28	3	12	15	20	0,8	0,8
18	22	24			30	3	12	20	30	0,8	0,8
20	24	26	+0,45 +0,15		32	3	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
22	26	28			34	3	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
24	28	30			36	3	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
25	30	32			38	4	20	30	40	1,5	0,8
28	34	36	+0,60 +0,20		42	4	20	30	40	2	0,8
30	36	38			44	4	20	30	40	2	0,8
32	38	40			46	4	20	30	40	2	0,8
35	41	45			50	5	30	40	50	2	0,8
38	45	48	+0,69 +0,23		54	5	30	40	50	2	0,8
40	48	50			58	5	30	40	60	2	0,8
42	50	52	+0,90 +0,30		60	5	30	40	60	2	0,8
45	53	55			63	5	30	40	60	2,5	0,8
48	56	58			66	5	40	50	60	2,5	0,8
50	58	60			68	5	40	50	60	2,5	0,8
55	63	65			73	5	40	50	70	2,5	0,8
60	70	75			83	7,5	40	60	80	2,5	0,8
65	75	80			88	7,5	50	60	80	2,5	2
70	80	85			95	7,5	50	70	90	2,5	2
75	85	90	To be agreed	za11	100	7,5	50	70	90	2,5	2
80	90	95			105	7,5	60	80	100	2,5	2
85	95	100			110	7,5	60	80	100	2,5	2
90	105	110			120	10	60	80	120	2,5	2
95	110	115			125	10	60	100	120	2,5	2
100	115	120			130	10	80	100	120	2,5	2
105	120	125			135	10	80	100	120	2,5	2
110	125	130			140	10	80	100	120	2,5	2
120	135	140			150	10	100	120	150	2,5	2
130	145	150			160	10	100	120	150	3	2
140	155	160			170	10	100	150	180	3	2
150	165	170			180	10	120	150	180	3	2
160	180	185			200	12,5	120	150	180	3	2
170	190	195			210	12,5	120	180	200	3	2
180	200	210			220	15	150	180	250	3	2
190	210	220			230	15	150	180	250	3	2
200	220	230			240	15	180	200	250	3	2

Table 2 — Nominal sizes and limits for thin-walled cylindrical bushes type C

D_i	D_o		B	C_i C_o							
	Limits for tolerance group (see Table 5)										
nom.	nom.	A	B	h13	max.						
6	8	+0,21 +0,07	zb11	4	6	8	10			0,8	
8	10			6	8	10	12	15			0,8
10	12	+0,27 +0,09		6	8	10	12	15	20		0,8
12	14			8	10	12	15	20	25		0,8
14	16			10	12	15	20	25			0,8
15	17	+0,33 +0,11		10	12	15	20	25			0,8
16	18			10	12	15	20	25			0,8
18	20			10	15	20	25				0,8
20	23	+0,45 +0,15		10	15	20	25	30			1,5
22	25				15	20	25	30			1,5
24	27				15	20	25	30			1,5
25	28				15	20	25	30	50		1,5
28	32	+0,60 +0,20			15	20	25	30			2
30	34			10	15	20	25	30	40		2
32	36			20	30	40					2
35	39	+0,69 +0,23		20	30	35	40	50			2
38	42			20	30	40					2
40	44			20	30	40	50				2
45	50	+0,90 +0,30		20	30	40	45	50			2,5
50	55			20	30	40	50	60			2,5
55	60			20	30	40	50	60			2,5
60	65	To be agreed		20	30	40	50	60	70		2,5
65	70			30	50	70					2,5
70	75			30	40	50	70				2,5
75	80				40	60	80				2,5
80	85				40	60	80	100			2,5
85	90			30	40	60	80	100			2,5
90	95		za11	40	60	100					2,5
95	100				60	100					2,5
100	105			50	60	100	115				2,5
105	110			60	100	105					2,5
110	115	60		100	115					2,5	
115	120	60		100						2,5	
120	125	60		100						2,5	
125	130	60		100						2,5	
130	135	60		100						3	
135	140	60		100						3	
140	145	60	100						3		
150	155	60	100						3		

Table 3 — Nominal sizes and limits for thin-walled flanged bushes type F

D_i		D_o		D_{fl}	B_{fl}	B			C_i	r
		Limits for tolerance group (see Table 5)							C_o	
		A	B						max.	
nom.	nom.			d13	h13	h13			max.	max.
6	8	+0,21 +0,07	zb11	12	1	6	10		0,8	0,5
8	10			15	1	6	10	15	0,8	0,5
10	12	+0,27 +0,09		18	1	6	10	15	0,8	0,5
12	14			20	1	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
14	16			22	1	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
15	17	+0,33 +0,11		23	1	10	15	20	0,8	0,8
16	18			24	1	12	15	20	0,8	0,8
18	20			26	1	12	20	30	0,8	0,8
20	23	+0,45 +0,15		30	1,5	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
22	25			31	1,5	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
24	27			34	1,5	15	20	30	1,5	0,8
25	28			35	1,5	20	30	40	1,5	0,8
28	32			39	2	20	30	40	2	0,8
30	34	+0,60 +0,20		42	2	20	30	40	2	0,8
32	36			44	2	20	30	40	2	0,8
35	39			47	2	30	40	50	2	0,8
38	42	+0,69 +0,23		50	2	30	40	50	2	0,8
40	44			53	2	30	40	60	2	0,8
42	47			55	2,5	30	40	60	2	0,8
45	50	+0,90 +0,30		58	2,5	30	40	60	2,5	0,8
48	53			62	2,5	40	50	60	2,5	0,8
50	55			65	2,5	40	50	60	2,5	0,8
55	60			70	2,5	40	50	70	2,5	0,8
60	65			75	2,5	40	60	80	2,5	0,8
65	70			80	2,5	50	60	80	2,5	2
70	75			85	2,5	50	70	90	2,5	2
75	80	To be agreed		90	2,5	50	70	90	2,5	2
80	85			95	2,5	60	80	100	2,5	2
85	90			100	2,5	60	80	100	2,5	2
90	95		za11	110	2,5	60	80	120	2,5	2
95	100			115	2,5	60	100		2,5	2
100	105			120	2,5	80	100	120	2,5	2
105	110			125	2,5	80	100		2,5	2
110	115			130	2,5	80	100	120	2,5	2
120	125			140	2,5	100			2,5	2
130	135			150	2,5	100			3	2
140	145			160	2,5	100			3	2
150	155			170	2,5	100			3	2

Table 4 — Nominal sizes and limits for thin-walled flanged bushes type F with widths B from ISO 3547-1

D_i	nom.	D_o Limits for tolerance group (see Table 5)		D_{fl}	B_{fl}	B^a				C_i C_o	r
		A	B			h13					
						max.	max.				
6	8	+0,21 +0,07	zb11	12	1	4	8			0,8	0,5
8	10			15	1	5,5	7,5	9,5		0,8	0,5
10	12	+0,27 +0,09		18	1	7	9	12	17	0,8	0,5
12	14			20	1	7	9	12	17	0,8	0,8
14	16			22	1	12	17			0,8	0,8
15	17	+0,33 +0,11		23	1	9	12	17		0,8	0,8
16	18			24	1	12	17			0,8	0,8
18	20			26	1	12	17	22		0,8	0,8
20	23	+0,45 +0,15		30	1,5	11,5	16,5	21,5		1,5	0,8
25	28			35	1,5	11,5	16,5	21,5		1,5	0,8
30	34	+0,60 +0,20		42	2	16	26			2	0,8
35	39			47	2	16	26			2	0,8
40	44			53	2	16	26			2	0,8
45	50	+0,90 +0,30		58	2,5	16	26			2,5	0,8

^a With the exception of widths 4 mm, 8 mm and 12 mm, these widths form the subject of a revision of ISO 3547-1:1999, under preparation.

According to Tables 1, 2 and 3: if it is necessary to use non-standard widths B , then these should be arranged to have a final digit of 0, 2, 5 or 8.

As an alternative to chamfer C_i , a 45° angle may be used.

As an alternative to chamfer C_o , radius r may be used.

Depending on the material, the wall thickness shall be rated so that the inside diameter D_i of the fitted bush is within tolerance class F10 to D12 respectively.

For D_{fl} , the tolerance class d13 is preferred. Other tolerance classes up to h13 are allowable and shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.

5 Material

Thermoplastics shall be in accordance with ISO 6691, e.g. PA, PET, PE, POM.

For modified or other materials, details shall be subject to agreement between the supplier and purchaser.

NOTE Thermoplastics have a higher coefficient of linear thermal expansion than metals. PA absorbs more moisture than the other materials given and thus, in addition, will alter in volume.

With the tolerance zones and fits specified in this International Standard, these properties are taken into account under the following conditions:

- a) the bearing clearance is designed for an operating temperature of the bush of $-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a relative ambient humidity of 20 % to 95 %;
- b) interference fit in the housing is achieved by the insertion interference (limit deviation of D_o) and is also maintained at operating temperatures of $-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$;
- c) Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 are based upon shaft and housing having coefficients of linear thermal expansion of 10 to $12 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$.

For other operating conditions than those given above, the bearing clearance and the type of fixing shall be reviewed and validated. The tolerances are applicable in the conditioned state of the bushes, i.e. they shall have the temperature and the moisture content resulting at a standard atmosphere in accordance with ISO 554 (23/50).

To maintain their dimensions, bushes made of PA shall be stored in the above given standard atmosphere or in a suitable hermetically sealed condition.

6 Design

The surface finish and tolerance classes shall be in accordance with Table 5, for group A or B.

Table 5 — Surface finish and limits

Tolerance group	Method of manufacture	Surface finish of bush				Tolerance class for D_i resulting after insertion into the housing bore	Tolerance class of housing bore diameter D_H	Tolerance class of shaft
		x^a Rz	y^a Ra	Rz	Ra			
A	Moulded	16	2,5	100	25	F10 to D12	H7	h7 to h9
B	Machined	25	6,3			C11		

^a Rz or Ra on agreement.

Edges shall be free from flash or burrs.

Due to the large insertion interference, the leading edge of the housing bore shall be suitably chamfered or rounded in order to avoid damage during insertion.

The standard bearings (type C and type F) shall have a minimum of one outside diameter chamfer and one inside diameter chamfer at opposite ends. By agreement, additional chamfers may be provided.

7 Testing

7.1 General

The dimensions of the bush shall be tested in the conditioned state (see also the note in Clause 5).