
**Graphic technology — Colour data
exchange format (CxF/X) —**

**Part 3:
Output target data (CxF/X-3)**

*Technologie graphique — Échange des données de couleur en
utilisant CxF —*

Partie 3: Données cibles sortantes



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Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	iv
Introduction.....	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Symbols and abbreviated terms	2
5 Requirements	3
5.1 General.....	3
5.2 General description of a CxF/X file for the ISO 12642 series data exchange.....	3
5.3 Requirements of a CxF/X-3 file for the ISO 12642 series data exchange.....	3
5.4 Optional value fields for non-CMYK targets and transmissive targets.....	4
5.5 Layout reporting.....	4
Annex A (informative) Color Exchange Format mapping to ISO 28178	6
Annex B (informative) CxF3 format	10
Annex C (informative) Example files	11
Bibliography	12

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 130, *Graphic technology*.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 17972 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

The ISO 17972 series defines methods for the use of CxF3 to exchange measurement data and associated metadata within the graphic arts industry and for the exchange of these files between graphic arts users. It is a multipart document where each part is intended to address different workflow requirements. The goal throughout the ISO 17972 series has been to maintain the degree of flexibility required while minimizing the uncertainty of the data exchanged.

ISO 17972-1 defines the use of the publicly available Color Exchange Format, version 3 (CxF3), for prepress data exchange and verification.

ISO 17972-2 defines the use of a CustomResource within the CxF/X structure for the creation of scanner target data.

This document covers the use of CxF3 when exchanging data from ISO 12642-1 and ISO 12642-2. This document is not designed to replace ISO 12642-2 but to define an updated and verifiable method of data exchange using CxF3, acting as a supplement to ISO 12642-2:2006, 4.3 and 4.4 and the informative information provided on layout of the targets. This document also provides a framework for reporting data and additional definitions that define the layout information of the target that is not defined in the ISO 12642 series. Provision has been made to extend the format beyond the ISO 12642 series targets, including those that have non-CMYK input values.

Output target data and the resultant measure of the printed target are some of the most commonly exchanged data in graphic arts and are used for calibration and characterization of all types of printing devices. Traditionally, data has been provided in ACSII format using a keyword file. The direct mapping of existing data to the updated CxF/X encoding was one of the primary concerns in writing this document. In addition, there have been a number of proprietary vendor-specific formats for these files. With the introduction of this document, it is hoped that a common format can be implemented across vendors. X-Rite Inc., the original creator of the CxF file format claims no intellectual property rights to the materials used in this document.

The following files are covered in this document and are included as electronic inserts:

- CxF3_Core.xsd;
- CxF3_Schema_Diagram.pdf;
- Example Chart 400 Patches 17972-3.cxf;
- Printer target CxF/X-3.cxf;
- Printer target CxF/X-3.txt.

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Graphic technology — Colour data exchange format (CxF/X) —

Part 3: Output target data (CxF/X-3)

1 Scope

This document defines an exchange format for target input values, colour and process control data relating output targets for printers of all types (and the associated metadata necessary for its proper interpretation) in electronic form. This document includes the use of a CustomResource element within the CXF framework to define a minimum set of data for exchange and identify the data as being part of the ISO 12642 series. If this same framework is used for another defined target, provision is made for that use as well.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

NOTE The spelling of terms and elements taken from Color Exchange Format v3.0 is not altered from that used in References [2], [3], [4] and [8]. A specific example is the word “color” instead of “colour”.

3.1

ColorSpecification

information about the *ColorValue* (3.2), including its source (measurement specifications), illuminant/observer calculation method (tristimulus specifications) and physical attributes of the *objects* (3.5) (size, quantity, finish, etc.)

[SOURCE: Color Exchange Format v3.0]

3.2

ColorValue

one of several defined colour space types that can hold values and associated information related to that specific type of device-independent colour space

[SOURCE: Color Exchange Format v3.0]

3.3

CustomResources

“extensible” part of *CxF3* (3.7)

Note 1 to entry: Additional information is not included in the CxF3 Core about colour objects and the file itself that is considered application-specific in nature and not generally of use to all other applications.

[SOURCE: Color Exchange Format v3.0]

3.4

DeviceColorValue

one of several defined colour space types that can hold values and associated information related to that specific type of device-dependent colour space

[SOURCE: Color Exchange Format v3.0]

3.5

object

specific “colour item” that is being described

3.6

CxF/X

CxF3 (3.7) file which also conforms to requirements defined in this document

3.7

CxF3

exchange format for colour and process control data defined in Color Exchange Format v3.0

3.8

resources

information about each colour object that is of interest to all readers of the CxF file

Note 1 to entry: This is also referred to as the “CxF3 Core”, defined by the CxF3-Core namespace schema.

3.9

schema

XML (3.10) document, conforming to the specifications established by the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C), that defines the structure of a class of XML documents

3.10

XML

Extensible Markup Language

set of rules for encoding documents electronically

3.11

XSD

XML schema definition

definition that specifies how to formally describe the elements in an *XML* (3.10) document that define a shared vocabulary

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

The following documentation conventions are used.

- Names of XML elements are shown in bold type; for example, **Resources**.
- Names of XML attributes are shown in italics; for example, *SpotColorName*.

XML XPath's are used to identify XML elements. For example, **container/contained** refers to an element (**contained**) that is a child of another element (**container**).

Similarly, XML XPath's are used to refer to XML attributes. For example, **element1/@Name** refers to an attribute (*Name*) of an element (**element1**).

5 Requirements

5.1 General

This document primarily defines the use of CxF/X for the exchange of data for the ISO 12642 series. While not explicitly stated in all parts, the elements of CxF/X and this document allow the use of CxF/X-3 for additional targets with any number of colorants.

5.2 General description of a CxF/X file for the ISO 12642 series data exchange

The standard Color Exchange Format as presented in ISO 17972-1 captures file information such as creation and ownership, core colour information (the Resources) and any extended information (CustomResources). In this document, CustomResources is used to define the minimum required data for the ISO 12642 series data exchange using CxF/X-3. Any CxF/X file shall meet the following requirements.

- The **FileInformation** element of a CxF/X file shall include **Creator**, **CreationDate** and **Description**.
- The **Description** element of a CxF/X file shall include “CxF/X” and the number of the applicable International Standard with which the CxF/X file complies.

If the file is to be used in support of an International Standard, it shall include the number of the International Standard in the **Comment** text.

A CxF/X file shall validate against the CxF3 schema (see [Annex B](#)). In all cases, a CxF/X document should have the extension “.CxF”.

A CxF/X file shall be structured as shown in [Figure 1](#).

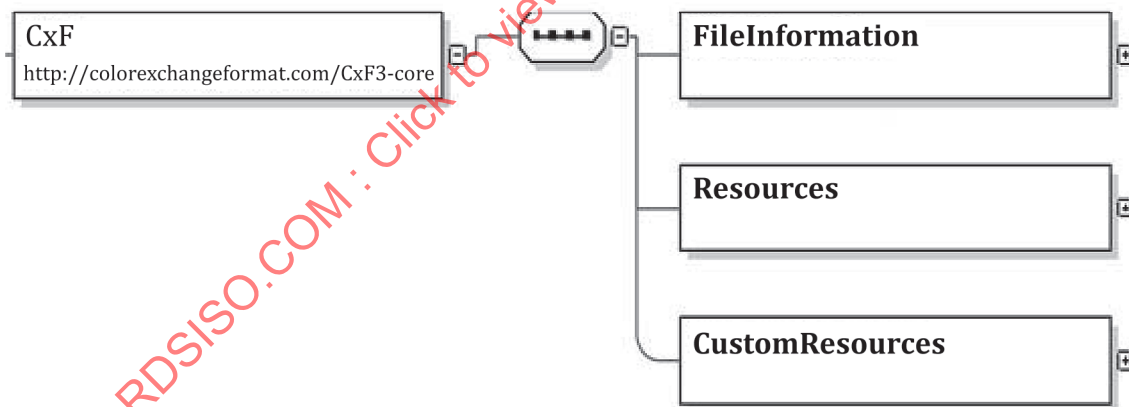


Figure 1 — CxF/X schema top-level structure

NOTE The spelling of terms and elements taken from Color Exchange Format v3.0 is not altered from that used in References [2], [3], [4] and [8]. A specific example is the word “color” instead of “colour”.

5.3 Requirements of a CxF/X-3 file for the ISO 12642 series data exchange

There are several data requirements stated in ISO 12642-1:2011, 4.3. Originators of targets are required to provide:

- for all targets, batch-specific mean and standard deviation colorimetric data shall be available for each patch in the form of XYZ tristimulus values to two decimal places;
- calibrated targets shall supply the measured colorimetric data for all target patches.

[Table 1](#) lists the required elements for CxF/X data exchange of output target data. [Annex A](#) provides a complete mapping of all keywords from ISO 28178 which is a superset of the keywords used in the ISO 12642 series.

Table 1 — ISO 12642 series/CxF/X-3 required fields

ISO 12642 series	CxF/X
Required fields	
Originator	FileInformation/Creator
Descriptor	FileInformation/Description
Created	FileInformation/CreationDate
Instrumentation	MeasurementSpec/Device.Model
Measurement_Source	MeasurementSpec/Device/DeviceIllumination
Manufacturer	FileInformation/Tag/@"Manufacturer"
Measurement_Geometry	MeasurementSpec/GeometryChoice
Filter	MeasurementSpec/Device.DeviceFilter
Print_Conditions	FileInformation/Tag/@Print Conditions
Sample backing	MeasurementSpec/Backing
Input values	
CMYK_C (M,Y,K)	ColorCMYK
Measured values (XYZ, Lab Spectral); One is required	
XYZ_X (Y,Z)	ColorCIEXYZ
LAB_L (A,B)	ColorCIELab
SPECTRAL_NM (DEC,PCT)	ReflectanceSpectrum...

5.4 Optional value fields for non-CMYK targets and transmissive targets

The elements shown in [Table 2](#) from CxF/X can be used to describe the input values of a target that is not in the CMYK space. An example is provided in [Annex C](#).

Table 2 — CxF/X-3 optional input device dependent values

CxF/X element	Description
ColorCMYKPlusN	Device-specific CMYK (plus additional colours) values; if no CMYK values are used, ColorCustom should be used. If not all channels of CMYK are filled, relevant channel shall have 0s entered as values.
ColorRGB	Device-specific RGB values.
ColorCustom	Device-specific custom colour values.
MeasurementSpec/MeasurementType	Enumerated choice of spectral type or colorimetric values (Spectral_Reflectance, Emissive, etc.).

5.5 Layout reporting

Layouts of the normative patch sets are informative in ISO 12642-1 and ISO 12642-2. This can lead to confusion when trying to verify the imaging of a target or how it should be measured. The values in [Table 3](#) form a custom resource which shall be included when target layout information is required in addition to the input and measured values. By default, the patch sizes are assumed to be equal and the order is always assumed to be filled in from left to right, top to bottom. In addition, the expectation is that all rows have equal values of patches with the allowable exception of the last row.

Table 3 — ISO CxF/X-3 Layout Custom Resource Required fields

CxF/X-3 element	Description
DimensionUnit	“mm” “inch”
NumberPatchColumns	Number of columns on page
NumberPatchRows	Number of patches rows per page
PageHeight	Long dimension of page
NumberPatches	Total number of patches
NumberPages	Number of pages in the total chart
PageWidth	Narrow dimension of page
PaperOrientation	“Landscape”/“Portrait”
PatchSizeHeightPercent	Any expected scaling due to imaging
PatchSizeHeightValue	Input value of patch height
PatchSizeWidthPercent	Any expected scaling due to imaging
PatchSizeWidthValue	Input value of patch width
PrintMarginBottom	Bottom margin
PrintMarginTop	Top margin
PrintMarginRight	Right margin
PrintMarginLeft	Left margin
Chart Identifiers	
TitleString	Chart name
PrinterName	Imaging device name, manufacturer, model
PrinterType	Description of imaging type: inkjet, flexo, offset, etc.
SubstrateName	Commercial name of substrate or descriptive name

Annex A (informative)

Color Exchange Format mapping to ISO 28178

A.1 Overview

ISO 28178 is the standard text file format for exchanging colour measurement data. It provides mapping in both ASCII and XML. The widely-used ASCII text file consists of a Preamble section, containing originator information, keyword definitions, etc., followed by one or more data sections, each consisting of header and data subsections. The BEGIN_DATA_FORMAT and END_DATA_FORMAT delimiters define the actual data types contained in [Table A.1](#). The BEGIN_DATA and END_DATA delimiters mark the subsection containing the actual colour information in tabular form. ISO 28178 text files can contain device, colorimetric (Lab, XYZ, etc.), densitometric, spectral, naming and other information.

[Table A.1](#) demonstrates that all significant data contained in a ISO 28178 file can be captured and maintained in a CxF. This demonstration does not use a CustomResource in this case, but a CustomResource could be used to make some of the application-specific data more structured with defined enumerations and requirements.

A.2 Field and element mapping

Table A.1 — Field and element mapping

ISO 28178	CxF 3.0	Description
Required fields		
Originator	FileInformation/Creator	Identifies the specific system, organization or individual that created the data file.
File descriptor	FileInformation/Description	Describes the purpose or contents of the data file.
Created	FileInformation/CreationDate	Indicates the creation date of the data file. The form for this date is CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[Z ± hh:mm].
Number of fields	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	<i>Number of fields (data format identifiers) that are included in the data format definition that follows.</i>
Data format	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	<i>Marks the beginning and end of a data format definition. END_DATA_FORMAT shall be preceded by BEGIN_DATA_FORMAT.</i>
Number of sets of data	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	<i>Number of repetitions or sets of data, i.e. the number of rows in the data table. The associated value is an integer.</i>
Data table	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	<i>Marks the beginning and end of a data table.</i>

Table A.1 (continued)

ISO 28178	CxF 3.0	Description
Optional fields		
Comment	FileInformation/Comments	<i>Comments are ignored by automated readers. Comments indicate to users that the information that follows is of informative interest. Comments need not be enclosed in quotes. Comments may occur anywhere except within a table.</i>
TargetType	FileInformation/Tag	
Instrumentation	MeasurementSpec/Device...	<i>Used to report the specific instrumentation used (e.g. manufacturer, model number and serial number, etc.) to generate the data reported.</i>
Manufacturer	MeasurementSpec/Device/Manufacturerer	Name of the device manufacturer
Model	MeasurementSpec/Device/Model	Both device model number and revision may be recorded here.
Serial_Number	MeasurementSpec/Device/SerialNumber	Device serial number
Measurement geometry	MeasurementSpec/GeometryChoice	<i>The type of measurement, either reflection or transmission, should be indicated along with details of the geometry and the aperture size and shape.</i>
Measurement source	MeasurementSpec/Device/DeviceIllumination	<i>Illumination (e.g. incandescent, daylight, colour temperature, etc.) used during spectral measurement.</i>
Filter	MeasurementSpec/Device/DeviceFilter	<i>Identifies the use of physical filter(s) during measurement. This is typically used to denote the use of filters such as none, D65, Red, Green or Blue.</i>
Polarization	MeasurementSpec/Device/DevicePolarization	<i>Identifies the use of a physical polarization filter during measurement. Allowed values are "yes", "none" or "na".</i>
Weighting function	TristimulusSpec/Observer	<i>Indicates such functions as: the CIE standard observer functions used in the calculation of various data parameters (2° and 10°); CIE standard illuminant functions used in the calculation of various data parameters (e.g. D50, D65, etc.); density status response, etc.</i>
Computational parameter	Tag [name]/@value	<i>Parameter that is used in computing a value from measured data. Name is the name of the calculation, parameter is the name of the parameter used in the calculation, and value is the value of the parameter.</i>

Table A.1 (continued)

ISO 28178	CxF 3.0	Description
Sample backing	MeasurementSpec/Backing	Identifies the backing material used behind the sample during measurement. Allowed values are "black", "white", "self" or "na".
Manufacturer	FileInformation/Tag/@ "Manufacturer"	Indicates the manufacturer of the sample from which the data was measured.
Material	FileInformation/Tag/@ "Material"	Identifies the material or substrate on which the target was produced, using a code identifying the material.
Target type	(<i>"28178_TargetType"</i>)	Identifies the type of target being measured, e.g. IT8.7/1, IT8.7/3, user-defined, etc.
Colorant(s)	DeviceColorValues/ColorRecipe	Identifies the colorant(s) used in creating the target.
Production date	FileInformation/Tag/@ "Prod_Date"	Identifies year and month of production of the target in the form yyyy:mm.
Print conditions	FileInformation/Tag/@Print Conditions	Used to define the characteristics of the printed sheet being reported. Where standard conditions have been defined (e.g. SWOP at nominal) named conditions may suffice. Otherwise, detailed information shall be provided.
Serial number	Object/Id	Uniquely identifies physical samples.
Process colour identification	Object/Object Type and ColorValueType/Name	Uniquely identifies colour and sequence associated with the numerical values assigned to each process colour set.
Spot colour identification	Object/Object Type and ColorValueType/Name	Uniquely identifies colour associated with the numerical value assigned to each spot colour (or line colour).
Copyright	FileInformation.Tag/@Name = "Copyright"s	Identifies any specific copyright information associated with the file.
User-defined tags and keywords	<i>Supplied by use of a Custom Resource</i>	Declares a user-defined tag or keyword. This is primarily intended for vendor-specific information, but can also be used as a mechanism to add new keywords in the future without breaking automated readers in existence prior to tag/keyword revision.
Data table fields		
Table descriptor	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	Describes the purpose or contents of a data table.
Table name	<i>Not required (inherent in XML structure)</i>	Provides a short name for a data table.

Table A.1 (continued)

ISO 28178	CxF 3.0	Description
Defined data format identifiers		
SAMPLE_ID	Object/Id	Sample identifier as defined in ISO 12642-1 or ISO 12642-2.
SAMPLE_NO	Not Required (inherent in XML structure)	Sample sequential number assigned based on read order or other user defined criteria.
STRING	Labels not required — XML elements used are already named.	Identifies label, or other non-machine readable value. Value shall begin and end with a " symbol.
CMYK_C (M,Y,K)	ColorCMYK	Component of CMYK data expressed as a percentage.
PCm_n	DeviceColorValues/CMYK or DeviceColorValues/CMYKPlusN	Data associated with the process colour identified in tag/keyword Process colour identification (ISO 28178:2009, 4.2.3.18), expressed as a percentage. The value m represents the number of colours in the process colour set. The value n is used to identify the individual colour within the process colour set and is assigned according to the order of laydown (sequence of printing).
SPOT_n	DeviceColorValue/ColorRecipe	Data associated with the spot colour n identified in tag/keyword Spot colour identification expressed as a percentage, where n is a numerical value.
D_RED (GREEN,BLUE,VIS)	ColorDensity	Colour filter density
RGB_R (G,B)	ColorRGB	Component of RGB data expressed as a code value in the range 0–255.
SPECTRAL_NM (DEC,PCT)	ReflectanceSpectrum...	Wavelength of measurement expressed in nanometers.
XYZ_X (Y,Z)	ColorCIEXYZ	Component of tristimulus data
XY_Y (X,CAPY)	ColorCIExyY	Component of chromaticity data
LAB_L (A,B)	ColorCIELab	Component of CIELAB data
LAB_L (C,H)	ColorLCH	Component of CIELCH data
LAB_DE (DE94,CMC,2000)	LAB_DE (DE94, CMC, 2000)	ΔE using a different formula
MEAN_DE	Tag/Mean_DE	Mean $\Delta E \times ab$ (LAB_DE) of samples compared to batch average.
STDDEV_X (Y,Z)	Tag/STDDEV_X	Standard deviation of (tristimulus data X, Y, Z)
STDDEV_L (A,B)	Tag/STDDEV_L	Standard deviation of $L^*a^*b^*$ data.
CHI_SQD_PAR	Tag/@name/@value	Average of the standard deviations of L^* , a^* or b^* data.

Annex B **(informative)**

CxF3 format

B.1 General

To validate a CxF file or validate a CustomResource that references the CxF3 schema, it is necessary to have access to the CxF3 schema itself. The CxF3 schema is referred to in this document as electronic file CxF3_Core.xsd along with CxF3_Schema_Diagram.pdf.

NOTE Files with .xml, .xsd or .cxf extension can all be opened with a standard text editor, though use of a dedicated XML tool may help with formatting and visual mapping tools.

B.2 Modification of the CxF3 schema

It is important to note that the CxF3 schema itself shall not be modified except to point to an associated CustomResource. Arbitrary modification or additions to the CxF3 core schema would affect interoperability of the file. Modification is the function of CustomResources.