

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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6302

Third edition
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Earth-moving machinery — Drain, fill and level plugs

*Engins de terrassement — Bouchons de vidange, de remplissage et de
contrôle des niveaux*



Reference number
ISO 6302:1993(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 6302 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 127, *Earth-moving machinery*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Operation and maintenance*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6302:1986), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

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Earth-moving machinery — Drain, fill and level plugs

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes the types, shapes and sizes of the parts of the plugs used in connection with the hand tools listed in ISO 4510-1 to permit easy removal and installation of plugs at the work-site. It does not set requirements, i.e. dimensions and materials, for the manufacture of plugs.

This International Standard applies to the drain, fill and level plugs required on earth-moving machines for the changing of lubricants, coolants, hydraulic oils and fuels.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 7-1:1982, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are made on the threads — Part 1: Designation, dimensions and tolerances*.

ISO 261:1973, *ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan*.

ISO 263:1973, *ISO inch screw threads — General plan and selection for screws, bolts and nuts — Diameter range 0.06 to 6 in.*

ISO 724:1993, *ISO general-purpose metric screw threads — Basic dimensions*.

ISO 725:1978, *ISO inch screw threads — Basic dimensions*.

ISO 4510-1:1987, *Earth-moving machinery — Service tools — Part 1: Common maintenance and adjustment tools*.

3 Types and principal dimensions

3.1 Types A and B

Plugs of types A and B shall be as shown in figure 1 and table 1.

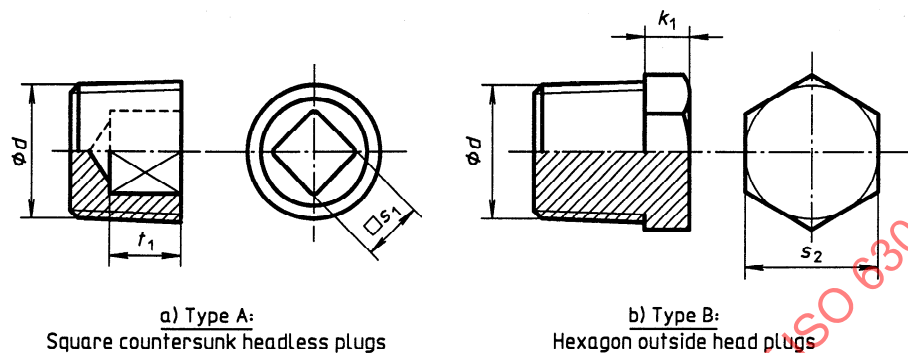


Figure 1

Table 1

Dimensions in millimetres (inches)

Taper pipe thread ¹⁾ (ISO 7-1) <i>d</i>	Type A		Type B	
	Socket width ²⁾ <i>s₁</i>	Socket depth min. <i>t₁</i>	Head width ²⁾ <i>s₂</i>	Head height nom. <i>k₁</i>
R 1/8 (1/8-27 NPTF)			12 (7/16)	5 (3/16)
R 1/4 (1/4-18 NPTF)			14 (9/16)	5 (3/16)
R 3/8 (3/8-18 NPTF)			19 (11/16)	6 (7/32)
R 1/2 (1/2-14 NPTF)			22 (7/8)	6 (7/32)
R 3/4 (3/4-14 NPTF)	12,5 (1/2)	8 (5/16)	27 (1 1/8)	8 (5/16)
R 1 (1-11 1/2 NPTF)	12,5 (1/2)	10 (3/8)	36 (1 5/16)	8 (5/16)
R 1 1/4 (1 1/4-11 1/2 NPTF)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	46 (1 7/8)	10 (3/8)
R 1 1/2 (1 1/2-11 1/2 NPTF)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	50 (1 7/8)	10 (3/8)
Corresponding hand tools (ISO 4510-1)	Handles, socket wrench		Combination or engineer's wrench	

1) See also ANSI B1.20.3-1976 (SAE J476) (R1991), *Dryseal pipe threads* (inch).

2) The figures given are nominal tool sizes and not plug dimensions.

3.2 Types C and D

Plugs of types C and D shall be as shown in figure 2 and table 2.

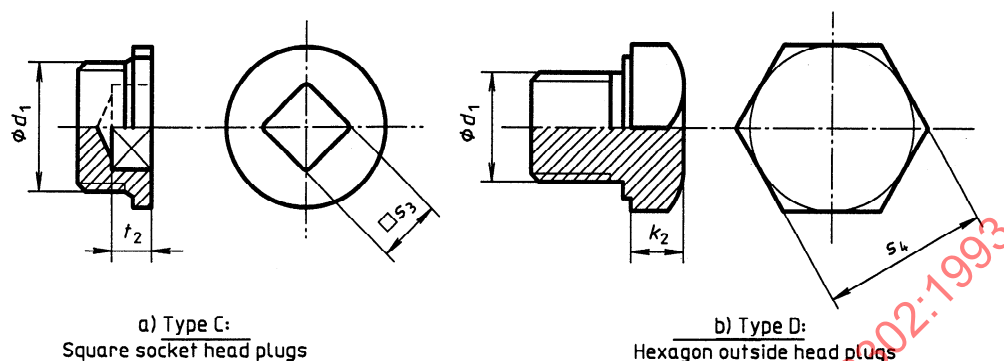


Figure 2

Table 2

Dimensions in millimetres (inches)

Thread (ISO 261, ISO 724) (ISO 263, ISO 725) d_1	Type C		Type D ¹⁾	
	Socket width ²⁾ s_3	Socket depth min. k_2	Head width ²⁾ s_4	Head height nom. k_2
M8 × 1 (5/16-24 UNF)			13 (9/16)	5 (3/16)
M10 × 1,25 (3/8-24 UNF)			17 (5/8)	5 (3/16)
M12 × 1,25 (1/2-20 UNF)			19 (3/4)	5 (3/16)
M16 × 1,5 (5/8-18 UNF)			24 (7/8)	7 (1/4)
M20 × 1,5 (3/4-16 UNF)			30 (1 1/8)	7 (1/4)
M24 × 1,5 (1-12 UNF)	12,5 (1/2)	8 (5/16)	32 (1 5/16)	7 (1/4)
M27 × 1,5 (1 1/16-12 UN)			32 (1 5/16)	8 (5/16)
M30 × 1,5 (1 1/4-12 UNF)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	41 (1 1/2)	8 (5/16)
M33 × 1,5 (1 5/16-12 UN)			41 (1 1/2)	10 (3/8)
M36 × 1,5 (1 1/2-12 UNF)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	46 (1 7/8)	10 (3/8)
(1 5/8-12 UN)			(1 7/8)	(3/8)
M42 × 1,5 (1 3/4-12 UN)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	55 (2 1/16)	10 (3/8)
(1 7/8-12 UN)			(2 1/4)	(3/8)

Thread (ISO 261, ISO 724) (ISO 263, ISO 725) d_1	Type C		Type D ¹⁾	
	Socket width ²⁾ s_3	Socket depth min. l_2	Head width ²⁾ s_4	Head height nom. k_2
M48 × 1,5 (2-12 UN)	20 (3/4)	12 (1/2)	60 (2 1/4)	10 (3/8)
Corresponding hand tools (ISO 4510-1)	Handles, socket wrench		Combination or engineer's wrench	

1) Some sizes of type D are compatible with standard hose and tube fitting threads: they are included in ISO 725 and ISO 263 for inch screw threads and allow a hose to be attached so that the drainage may be collected.

2) The figures given are nominal tool sizes and not plug dimensions.

4 Application

Table 3 indicates the recommended use of plug types A, B, C and D.

Table 3

Application	Recommended plug type
Where physical damage is likely	A, C (C preferred)
Where there are clearance problems	A, C (C preferred)
Where periodic removal and reassembly is expected	D
Where minimum removal and reassembly is expected	B