

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
8566-5

First edition
1992-06-15

Cranes — Cabins —

Part 5:

Overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes

Appareils de levage à charge suspendue — Cabines —

Partie 5: Ponts roulants et ponts portiques



Reference number
ISO 8566-5:1992(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8566-5 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 96, *Cranes*, Sub-Committee SC 9, *Bridge and gantry cranes*.

ISO 8566 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Cranes — Cabins*:

- *Part 1: General*
- *Part 2: Mobile cranes*
- *Part 3: Tower cranes*
- *Part 4: Jib cranes*
- *Part 5: Overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes*

© ISO 1992

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

Cranes — Cabins —

Part 5:

Overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes

1 Scope

This part of ISO 8566 establishes the requirements for cabins for overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes as defined in ISO 4306-1.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 8566. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 8566 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4306-1:1990, *Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 1: General*.

ISO 7752-1:1983, *Lifting appliances — Controls — Layout and characteristics — Part 1: General principles*.

ISO 7752-5:1985, *Lifting appliances — Controls — Layout and characteristics — Part 5: Overhead travelling cranes and portal bridge cranes*.

ISO 8566-1:1992, *Cranes — Cabins — Part 1: General*.

3 Cabin construction

3.1 The general requirements given in ISO 8566-1 for the construction of the cabin are applicable.

3.2 The cabin dimensions specified in figure 1 are the minimum requirements and should be made greater where practical. Taken through the Seat index point (SIP), the inside height shall be 1 600 mm min., the inside breadth 900 mm min., and the inside depth 1 300 mm min. (see figure 1).

The minimum total internal volume of the cabin shall be 3 m³. In determining the volume and dimensions, allowance shall be made for the number of persons working in the cabin and the working time actually spent.

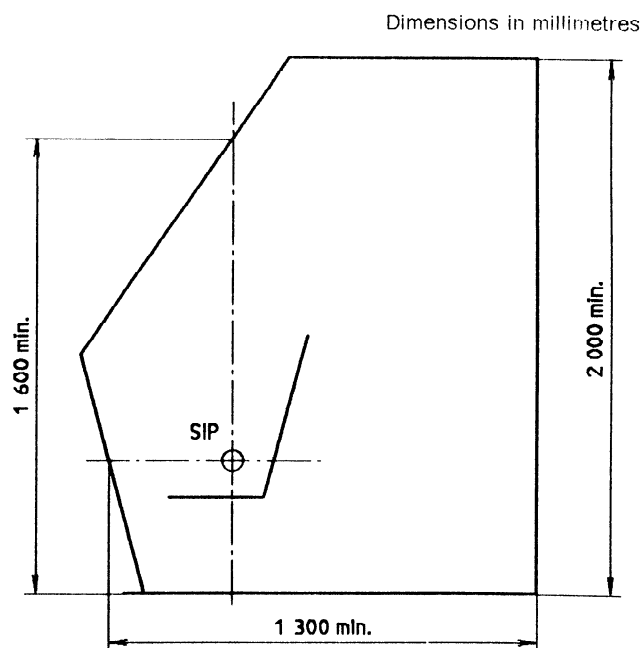


Figure 1 — Cabin dimensions

4 Driver's seat

Taking into account the actual conditions of use, the seat shall be

- a) steady and to the dimensions given in figure 2;
- b) easily adjustable to a convenient sitting position;
- c) equipped with an inclinable backrest, which is suitably shaped and supports the back;
- d) covered in a material which does not enhance perspiration;
- e) where needed, equipped with springs and cushioning to minimize vibrations;
- f) easily adjustable, and then lockable, horizontally and vertically, in order to allow the driver a suitable working position;
- g) fitted with suitably shaped pads and adjustable elbow rests;
- h) so constructed as to allow easy access.

It shall be possible to incline the whole seat backwards 3° to 7° . The seat shall also be adjustable ± 80 mm from the mid-position in the horizontal direction (forwards and backwards), and ± 50 mm from the mid-position in the vertical direction.

Dimensions in millimetres

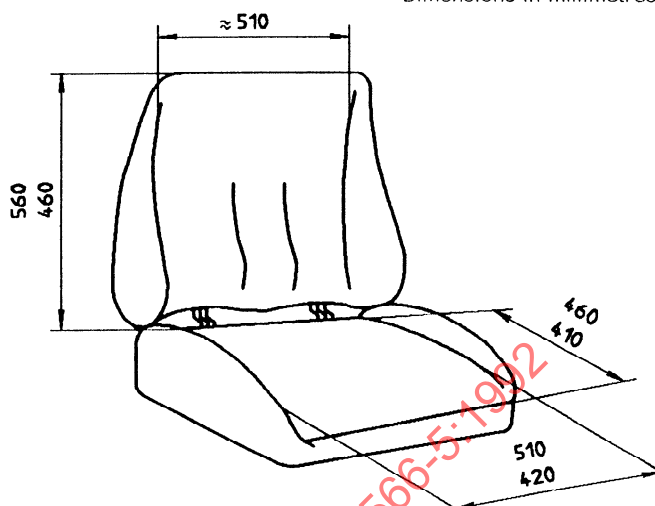


Figure 2 — Seat dimensions

5 Control elements

5.1 The general layout and characteristics of the control elements shall be in accordance with ISO 7752-1.

5.2 The principles specific to overhead travelling and portal bridge cranes shall be in accordance with ISO 7752-5.

6 Heating and cooling

6.1 It shall be possible to maintain the cabin temperature between 15°C and 30°C during operation except under extreme external conditions.

6.2 The cabin design shall be such as to minimize draughts and heat losses, and to ensure that the temperature spatial differential does not exceed 6°C except in the most extreme weather conditions.

This page intentionally left blank

This page intentionally left blank

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 8566-5:1992