
**Information technology —
Telecommunications and information
exchange between systems — Private
Integrated Services Network —
Inter-exchange signalling protocol —
Message waiting indication supplementary
service**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange
d'information entre systèmes — Réseau privé à intégration de services —
Protocole de signalisation d'interéchange — Service supplémentaire
d'indication d'attente de message*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 15506 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-242) and was adopted, under a special “fast-track procedure”, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

Annex A forms an integral part of this International Standard. Annexes B, C and D are for information only.

Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks. The series uses the ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and is also within the framework of standards for open systems interconnection as defined by ISO.

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Message Waiting Indication supplementary service.

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

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Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Message waiting indication supplementary service

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the Message Waiting Indication supplementary service (SS-MWI) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated Services Network Exchanges (PINXs) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

The supplementary service MWI enables a Served User to be sent a Message Waiting Indication and also enables this Message Waiting Indication to be cancelled. The Served User may also be permitted to interrogate the Message Centre for any Message Waiting Indication.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in CCITT Rec. I.130. This International Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in International Standard ISO/IEC 15505.

The signalling protocol for SS-MWI uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ISO/IEC 11582.

This International Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between SS-MWI and other supplementary services and ANFs.

NOTE - Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

This International Standard is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

2 Conformance

In order to conform to this International Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

Conformance to this International Standard includes conforming to those clauses that specify protocol interactions between SS-MWI and other supplementary services and ANFs for which signalling protocols at the Q reference point are supported in accordance with the stage 3 standards concerned.

3 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| ISO/IEC 8601:1988, | <i>Data elements and interchange formats — Information interchange — Representation of dates and times.</i> |
| ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, | <i>Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX).</i> |
| ISO/IEC 11582:1995, | <i>Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services — Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol.</i> |
| ISO/IEC 13873:1995, | <i>Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Call diversion supplementary services.</i> |

ISO/IEC 15505:1997, *Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Specification, functional model and information flows — Message waiting indication supplementary service.*

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs.*

CCITT Rec. I.130:1988, *Method for the characterization of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and network capabilities of an ISDN.*

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, *Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them.*

ITU-T Rec. Q.950:1993, *Digital subscriber signalling system no.1 (DSS1) — Supplementary services protocols, structure and general principles.*

ITU-T Rec. Z.100:1993, *Specification and description language.*

4 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definitions apply:

4.1 External definitions

This International Standard uses the following terms defined in other documents:

- Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU) (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Basic Service (ITU-T Rec. I.210)
- Call-Independent (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Gateway PINX (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Originating PINX (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) (ISO/IEC 11579-1)
- Private Integrated Services Network Exchange (PINX) (ISO/IEC 11579-1)
- Signalling (ITU-T Rec. I.112)
- Supplementary Service (ITU-T Rec. I.210)
- Supplementary Service Control Entity (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Terminating PINX (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Transit PINX (ISO/IEC 11582)

4.2 Other definitions

- 4.2.1 **Message Centre PINX** : The PINX serving the Message Centre entity for activation, deactivation.
- 4.2.2 **Served User** : The user to whom the Message Waiting Indication is sent on initiative of the Message Centre.
- 4.2.3 **Message Centre** : The entity which activates or deactivates the Message Waiting Indication as a result of storage or retrieval of messages.
- 4.2.4 **Message Waiting Indication** : An indication to the Served User when messages are waiting for the Served User.

5 List of acronyms

ANF	Additional Network Feature
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation no. 1
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
MWI	Message Waiting Indication
NFE	Network Facility Extension

PINX	Private Integrated Services Network Exchange
PISN	Private Integrated Services Network
SDL	Specification and Description Language
SS	Supplementary Service

6 Signalling protocol for the support of SS-MWI

6.1 SS-MWI description

SS-MWI enables a Served User to be sent a Message Waiting Indication and also enables this Message Waiting Indication to be cancelled.

This service also includes an option to interrogate the Message Waiting Indication stored against the Served User.

6.2 SS-MWI operational requirements

6.2.1 Requirements on a Message Centre PINX

Generic procedures for the call-independent control (connection-oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an Originating PINX and for a Terminating PINX, shall apply.

6.2.2 Requirements on a Served User PINX

Generic procedures for the call-independent control (connection-oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Terminating PINX and for an Originating PINX, shall apply.

6.2.3 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Generic procedures for the call-independent control (connection-oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

6.3 SS-MWI coding requirements

6.3.1 Operations

The operations defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in table 1 shall apply.

Table 1 - Operations in support of SS-MWI

SS-MWI-Operations			
{ iso (1) standard (0) pss1-message-waiting-indication (15506) message-waiting-operations (0)}			
DEFINITIONS EXPLICIT TAGS ::=			
BEGIN			
IMPORTS	OPERATION, ERROR FROM Remote-Operation-Notation		
	{joint-iso-ccitt (2) remote-operations (4) notation (0)}		
	Extension FROM Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-definition		
	{iso (1) standard (0)		
	pss1-generic-procedures (11582) msi-definition (0)}		
	basicServiceNotProvided, notActivated, notSubscribed, invalidServedUserNr		
	FROM General-Error-List		
	{ccitt (2) recommendation (0) q (17) 950 general-error-list (1) }		
	PartyNumber FROM Addressing-Data-Elements		
	{iso (1) standard (0)		
MWIActivate	pss1-generic-procedures (11582) addressing-data-elements (9) }		
	BasicService FROM Call-Diversion-Operations		
	{iso (1) standard (0) pss1- call-diversion (13873) call-diversion-operations (0) }		
	;		
	::= OPERATION		
	ARGUMENT		
	RESULT		
	ERRORS {		
	MWIActivateArg		
	DummyRes		
MWIDeactivate	notSubscribed,		
	invalidServedUserNr,		
	basicServiceNotProvided,		
	unspecified }		
	::= OPERATION		
	ARGUMENT		
	RESULT		
	ERRORS {		
	MWIDeactivateArg		
	DummyRes		
	notSubscribed,		
	invalidServedUserNr,		
	basicServiceNotProvided,		
	unspecified }		

Table 1 - Operations in support of SS-MWI (continued)

MWInterrogate	::=	OPERATION ARGUMENT RESULT ERRORS {	MWInterrogateArg MWInterrogateRes notSubscribed, invalidServedUserNr, notActivated, invalidMsgCentreId, unspecified }
MWActivateArg	::=	SEQUENCE{ servedUserNr basicService msgCentreId nbOfMessages originatingNr timestamp priority argumentExt	PartyNumber, BasicService, MsgCentreId OPTIONAL, [3] IMPLICIT NbOfMessages OPTIONAL, [4] PartyNumber OPTIONAL, TimeStamp OPTIONAL, [5] IMPLICIT INTEGER (0..9) OPTIONAL, -- The value 0 means the highest priority and 9 the lowest CHOICE { extension [6] IMPLICIT Extension, multipleExtension [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }
DummyRes	::=	CHOICE { null extension multipleExtension	NULL, [1] IMPLICIT Extension, [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension }
MWDeactivateArg	::=	SEQUENCE{ servedUserNr basicService msgCentreId argumentExt	PartyNumber, BasicService, MsgCentreId OPTIONAL, CHOICE { extension [3] IMPLICIT Extension, multipleExtension [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }
MWInterrogateArg	::=	SEQUENCE{ servedUserNr basicService msgCentreId argumentExt	PartyNumber, BasicService, MsgCentreId OPTIONAL, CHOICE { extension [3] IMPLICIT Extension, multipleExtension [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }
MWInterrogateRes	::=	SEQUENCE SIZE(1..10) OF	MWInterrogateResElt

Table 1 - Operations in support of SS-MWI (concluded)

MWInterrogateResElt	::=	SEQUENCE{ basicService BasicService, msgCentreId MsgCentreId OPTIONAL, nbOfMessages [3] IMPLICIT NbOfMessages OPTIONAL, originatingNr [4] PartyNumber OPTIONAL, timestamp TimeStamp OPTIONAL, priority [5] IMPLICIT INTEGER (0..9) OPTIONAL, -- The value 0 means the highest priority and 9 the lowest argumentExt CHOICE { extension [6] IMPLICIT Extension, multipleExtension [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }
MsgCentreId	::=	CHOICE { integer [0] IMPLICIT INTEGER (0..65535), partyNumber [1] PartyNumber, numericString [2] IMPLICIT NumericString (SIZE (1..10)) }
NbOfMessages	::=	INTEGER (0..65535)
TimeStamp	::=	GeneralizedTime (SIZE (12..19)) -- a VisibleString containing: -- - the (local) date in 8 digits (YYYYMMDD), -- - followed by (local) time of day in 4 or 6 digits (HHMM[SS]), -- - optionally followed by the letter "Z" or -- - by a local time differential in 5 digits ("+"HHMM or "-"HHMM); -- this date and time representation follows ISO 8601 -- Examples: 1) 19970621194530, meaning 21 June 1997, 19:45:30; -- 2) 19970621194530Z, meaning the same as 1); -- 3) 19970621194530-0500, meaning the same as 1), -- 5 hours retarded in relation to UTC time
mwiActivate	MWIActivate ::=	80
mwiDeactivate	MWIDeactivate ::=	81
mwiInterrogate	MWIInterrogate ::=	82
invalidMsgCentreId	ERROR	::= 1018
unspecified	Unspecified	::= 1008
Unspecified	::= ERROR PARAMETER Extension	
END	-- of SS-MWI-Operations	

6.3.2 Information elements

6.3.2.1 Facility information element

The operations defined in 6.3.1 shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ISO/IEC 11582.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operations defined in 6.3.1, the destination Entity data element of the NFE shall contain the value endPINX.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operation mwiActivate, mwiDeactivate and mwiInterrogate, the interpretation APDU shall be omitted.

6.3.2.2 Other information elements

Any other information element (e.g. Calling party number) shall be coded in accordance with ISO/IEC 11582.

6.3.3 Messages

The Facility information element shall be conveyed in messages as specified in clause 10 of ISO/IEC 11582.

6.4 SS-MWI state definitions

6.4.1 States at the Message Centre PINX

The procedures for the Message Centre PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the SS-MWI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with an activation or deactivation request from the Message Centre entity.

6.4.1.1 State MWI-Mc-Idle

Activation, deactivation is not in progress. The Message Center PINX is ready for receipt of mwiInterrogate invoke APDU.

6.4.1.2 State MWI-Mc-Wait

A mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU has been sent. The Message Centre PINX is waiting for the response.

6.4.2 States at the Served User PINX

The procedures for the Served User PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the SS-MWI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call-independent signalling connection for the Served User.

6.4.2.1 State MWI-Ser-Idle

The Served User PINX is ready for receipt of mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU.

6.4.2.2 State MWI-Ser-Wait

A mwiInterrogate invoke APDU has been sent. The Served User PINX is waiting for the response.

6.5 SS-MWI signalling procedures

Examples of message sequences are shown in annex B.

6.5.1 Actions at the Message Centre PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Message Centre PINX is shown in clause C.1 of annex C.

6.5.1.1 Normal procedures

6.5.1.1.1 Activation / deactivation

On receipt of an activation / deactivation request from the Message Centre entity, the Message Centre PINX shall send a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate invoke APDU to the Served User PINX using the call reference of a call-independent signalling connection. The call-independent signalling connection shall be established (or used, if an appropriate connection is already available) in accordance with the procedures specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582. The Message Centre PINX shall start timer T1 and enter the MWI-Mc-Wait state. The mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate invoke APDU shall contain the PISN number of the Served User and the basic service for which the activation / deactivation applies.

The Message Centre PINX may optionally include in the mwiActivate invoke APDU any of the following:

- an identifier for the Message Centre, in the element msgCentreId;
- the number of messages for the Served User in the element nbOfMessages;
- the number of the user that has left a message, in the element originatingNr;
- the time when a message was left, in the element timestamp;
- the highest priority of the messages for the Served User in the element priority.

In state MWI-Mc-Wait, on receipt of a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate return result APDU, the Message Centre PINX shall stop timer T1, and enter state MWI-Mc-Idle.

Note - The Message Centre PINX should indicate acceptance to the Message Centre entity.

The Message Centre PINX is responsible for clearing the call-independent signalling connection towards the Served User PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.5.1.1.2 Interrogation

In state MWI-Mc-Idle, on receipt of a mwiInterrogate invoke APDU using the call reference of a call-independent signalling connection (as specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582) and if the interrogation is possible and the Message Centre identifier, if received, is correct, the Message Centre PINX shall get the status of SS-MWI, send back a mwiInterrogate return result APDU to the Served User PINX and stay in state MWI-Mc-Idle. The information that may be included in the return result APDU is analogous to the mwiActivate invoke APDU as described in 6.5.1.1.1.

6.5.1.2 Exceptional procedures

6.5.1.2.1 Activation / deactivation

In state MWI-Mc-Wait, on receipt of a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate return error APDU from the Served User PINX, the Message Centre PINX shall stop timer T1 and enter state MWI-Mc-Idle.

If timer T1 expires, the Message Centre PINX shall enter state MWI-Mc-Idle.

Note - The Message Centre PINX should indicate rejection to the Message Centre entity.

The Message Centre PINX is responsible for clearing the call-independent signalling connection towards the Served User PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return error APDU or on expiry of timer T1. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.5.1.2.2 Interrogation

On receipt of a mwiInterrogate invoke APDU using the call reference of a call-independent signalling connection (as specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582) and if interrogation is not possible or an incorrect Message Centre identifier is included, the Message Centre PINX shall send back a mwiInterrogate return error APDU to the Served User PINX and stay in state MWI-Mc-Idle.

6.5.2 Actions at the Served User PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Served User PINX is shown in clause C.2 of annex C.

6.5.2.1 Normal procedures

6.5.2.1.1 Activation / deactivation

On receipt of a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate invoke APDU using the call reference of a call-independent signalling connection (as specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582) and if activation / deactivation is possible, the Served User PINX shall activate / deactivate SS-MWI and send back a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate return result APDU to the Message Centre PINX and remain in MWI-Ser-Idle state.

6.5.2.1.2 Interrogation

On receipt of an interrogation request from the Served User, the Served User PINX shall send a mwiInterrogate invoke APDU to the Message Centre PINX using the call reference of a call-independent signalling connection. The call-independent signalling connection shall be established (or used, if an appropriate connection is already available) in accordance with the procedures specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582. The Served User PINX shall start timer T2 and enter the MWI-Ser-Wait state. The mwiInterrogate invoke APDU shall contain the PISN number of the Served User, the basic service for which the interrogation applies, and optionally the Message Centre identifier.

In state MWI-Ser-Wait, on receipt of a mwiInterrogate return result APDU, the Served User PINX shall stop timer T2, and enter state MWI-Ser-Idle.

Note - The Served User PINX should indicate the result to the Served User.

The Served User PINX is responsible for clearing the call-independent signalling connection towards the Message Centre PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.5.2.2 Exceptional procedures

6.5.2.2.1 Activation / deactivation

On receipt of a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate invoke APDU and if the activation / deactivation request cannot be accepted, the Served User PINX shall send a mwiActivate/mwiDeactivate return error APDU with an appropriate error value and remain in state MWI-Ser-Idle.

6.5.2.2.2 Interrogation

In state MWI-Ser-Wait, on receipt of a mwiInterrogate return error APDU from the Message Centre PINX, the Served User PINX shall stop timer T2, and enter state MWI-Ser-Idle.

If timer T2 expires, the Served User shall enter MWI-Ser-Idle.

Note - The Served User PINX should indicate rejection to the Served User.

The Served User PINX is responsible for clearing the call-independent signalling connection towards the Message Centre PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return error APDU or on expiry of timer T2. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

6.5.3 Actions at a Transit PINX

Not applicable.

6.6 SS-MWI impact of interworking with public ISDNs

When interworking with a public ISDN that offers an equivalent supplementary service, a Gateway PINX shall perform the procedures specified below.

Note - The interrogation function is not supported in the corresponding public ISDN service.

6.6.1 Incoming Gateway PINX procedures

If a MWI activation or deactivation request is received from the public ISDN, the Incoming Gateway PINX shall translate the received APDU and convert it into a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU and the procedures specified in 6.5.1 or 6.5.2 shall apply.

The Incoming Gateway PINX shall translate the mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate return result APDU received from the Served User PINX into corresponding information and send it to the public ISDN.

6.6.2 Outgoing Gateway PINX procedures

The Outgoing Gateway PINX shall translate the mwiActivate or the mwiDeactivate invoke APDU and send it to the public ISDN according to the procedures for the T reference point.

When receiving a response, the Outgoing Gateway PINX shall generate a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate return result APDU (if the activation / deactivation was accepted) or a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate return error APDU (if the activation / deactivation was rejected).

6.7 SS-MWI impact of interworking with non-ISDNs

Not applicable.

6.8 Protocol interactions between SS-MWI and other supplementary services and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this International Standard. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this International Standard, see those other stage 3 standards.

Note - Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for SS-MWI and another supplementary service or ANF in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standard, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

6.8.1 Interaction with Advice Of Charge (SS-AOC)

No interaction.

6.8.2 Interaction with Call Deflection (SS-CD)

No interaction.

6.8.3 Interaction with Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)

No interaction.

Note - A MWI should not be redirected to the diverted-to user. The indication may be given to the Served User.

6.8.4 Interaction with Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)

No interaction.

Note - A MWI should not be redirected to the diverted-to user. The indication may be given to the Served User.

6.8.5 Interaction with Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)

No interaction.

Note - A MWI should not be redirected to the diverted-to user. The indication may be given to the Served User.

6.8.6 Interaction with Call Interception (ANF-CINT)

No interaction.

6.8.7 Interaction with Call Intrusion (SS-CI)

No interaction.

6.8.8 Interaction with Call Offer (SS-CO)

No interaction.

6.8.9 Interaction with Call Transfer (SS-CT)

No interaction.

6.8.10 Interaction with Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)

No interaction.

6.8.11 Interaction with Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)

No interaction.

6.8.12 Interaction with Completion of Call to Busy Subscriber (SS-CCBS)

No interaction.

6.8.13 Interaction with Completion of Call on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No interaction.

6.8.14 Interaction with Do Not Disturb (SS-DND)

No interaction.

6.8.15 Interaction with Do Not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)

No interaction.

6.8.16 Interaction with Path Replacement (ANF-PR)

No interaction.

6.8.17 Interaction with Recall (SS-RE)

No interaction.

6.8.18 Interaction with Route Restriction Class (ANF-RRC)

No interaction.

6.9 SS-MWI parameter values (timers)**6.9.1 Timer T1**

Timer T1 shall operate at the Message Centre PINX during state MWI-Mc-Wait. Its purpose is to protect against an absence of response to the mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU.

Timer T1 shall have a value not less than 15 seconds.

6.9.2 Timer T2

Timer T2 shall operate at the Served User PINX during state MWI-Ser-Wait. Its purpose is to protect against an absence of response to the mwiInterrogate invoke APDU.

Timer T2 shall have a value not less than 15 seconds.

Annex A

(normative)

Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) Proforma

A.1 Introduction

The supplier of a protocol implementation which is claimed to conform to this International Standard shall complete the following Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma.

A completed PICS proforma is the PICS for the implementation in question. The PICS is a statement of which capabilities and options of the protocol have been implemented. The PICS can have a number of uses, including use:

- by the protocol implementor, as a check-list to reduce the risk of failure to conform to the standard through oversight;
- by the supplier and acquirer, or potential acquirer, of the implementation, as a detailed indication of the capabilities of the implementation, stated relative to the common basis for understanding provided by the standard's PICS proforma;
- by the user or potential user of the implementation, as a basis for initially checking the possibility of interworking with another implementation - while interworking can never be guaranteed, failure to interwork can often be predicted from incompatible PICSs;
- by a protocol tester, as the basis for selecting appropriate tests against which to assess the claim for conformance of the implementation.

A.2 Instructions for completing the PICS proforma

A.2.1 General structure of the PICS proforma

The PICS proforma is a fixed-format questionnaire divided into sub-clauses each containing a group of individual items. Each item is identified by an item number, the name of the item (question to be answered), and the reference(s) to the clause(s) that specifies (specify) the item in the main body of this International Standard.

The "Status" column indicates whether an item is applicable and if so whether support is mandatory or optional. The following terms are used:

m	mandatory (the capability is required for conformance to the protocol);
o	optional (the capability is not required for conformance to the protocol, but if the capability is implemented it is required to conform to the protocol specifications);
o.<n>	optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labelled by the same numeral <n> is required;
x	prohibited;
<c.cond>	conditional requirement, depending on support for the item or items listed in condition <cond>;
<item>:m	simple conditional requirement, the capability being mandatory if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable;
<item>:o	simple conditional requirement, the capability being optional if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable.

Answers to the questionnaire items are to be provided either in the "Support" column, by simply marking an answer to indicate a restricted choice (Yes or No), or in the "Not Applicable" column (N/A).

A.2.2 Additional information

Items of additional information allow a supplier to provide further information intended to assist the interpretation of the PICS. It is not intended or expected that a large quantity will be supplied, and a PICS can be considered complete without any such information. Examples might be an outline of the ways in which a (single) implementation can be set up to operate in a variety of environments and configurations.

References to items of additional information may be entered next to any answer in the questionnaire, and may be included in items of exception information.

A.2.3 Exception information

It may occasionally happen that a supplier will wish to answer an item with mandatory or prohibited status (after any conditions have been applied) in a way that conflicts with the indicated requirement. No pre-printed answer will be found in the Support column for this. Instead, the supplier is required to write into the Support column an x.<i> reference to an item of exception information, and to provide the appropriate rationale in the exception item itself.

An implementation for which an exception item is required in this way does not conform to this International Standard. A possible reason for the situation described above is that a defect in the Standard has been reported, a correction for which is expected to change the requirement not met by the implementation.

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A.3 PICS proforma for ISO/IEC 15506

A.3.1 Implementation identification

Supplier	
Contact point for queries about the PICS	
Implementation name(s) and version(s)	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g., name(s) and version(s) for machines and/or operating systems; system name(s)	

Only the first three items are required for all implementations; other information may be completed as appropriate in meeting the requirement for full identification.

The terms name and version should be interpreted appropriately to correspond with a suppliers terminology (e.g. type, series, model).

A.3.2 Protocol summary

Protocol version	1.0
Addenda implemented (if applicable)	
Amendments implemented	
Have any exception items been required (see A.2.3)?	No ☐ Yes ☐ (The answer Yes means that the implementation does not conform to this International Standard)

Date of Statement	
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A.3.3 General

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
A1	Behaviour as Message Centre PINX for activation and deactivation of SS-MWI		o.1		Yes [] No []
A2	Behaviour as Message Centre PINX for interrogation of SS-MWI		A1:o	[]	Yes [] No []
A3	Behaviour as Served User PINX for activation and deactivation of SS-MWI		o.1		Yes [] No []
A4	Behaviour as Served User PINX for interrogation of SS-MWI		A3:o	[]	Yes [] No []
A5	Behaviour as Incoming Gateway PINX for interworking with a public ISDN for activation and deactivation of SS-MWI		o		Yes [] No []
A6	Behaviour as Outgoing Gateway PINX for interworking with a public ISDN for activation and deactivation of SS-MWI		o		Yes [] No []

A.3.4 Procedures

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
B1	Support of relevant ISO/IEC 11582 procedures at the Message Centre PINX	6.2.1	A1:m	[]	m:Yes []
B2	Support of relevant ISO/IEC 11582 procedures at the Served User PINX	6.2.2	A3:m	[]	m:Yes []
B3	Procedures at the Message Centre PINX for activation and deactivation	6.5.1	A1:m	[]	m:Yes []
B4	Procedures at the Message Centre PINX for interrogation	6.5.1	A2:m	[]	m:Yes []
B5	Procedures at the Served User PINX for activation and deactivation	6.5.2	A3:m	[]	m:Yes []
B6	Procedures at the Served User PINX for interrogation	6.5.2	A4:m	[]	m:Yes []
B7	Procedures at an Incoming Gateway PINX for interworking with a public ISDN for activation and deactivation	6.6.1	A5:m	[]	m:Yes []
B8	Procedures at an Outgoing Gateway PINX for interworking with a public ISDN for activation and deactivation	6.6.2	A6:m	[]	m:Yes []

A.3.5 Coding

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
C1	Sending of mwiActivate invoke APDU and receipt of mwiActivate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A1:m	[]	m:Yes []
C2	Receipt of mwiActivate invoke APDU and sending of mwiActivate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A3:m	[]	m:Yes []
C3	Sending of mwiDeactivate invoke APDU and receipt of mwiDeactivate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A1:m	[]	m:Yes []
C4	Receipt of mwiDeactivate invoke APDU and sending of mwiDeactivate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A3:m	[]	m:Yes []
C5	Sending of mwiInterrogate invoke APDU and receipt of mwiInterrogate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A4:m	[]	m:Yes []
C6	Receipt of mwiInterrogate invoke APDU and sending of mwiInterrogate return result and error APDU	6.3.1	A2:m	[]	m:Yes []

A.3.6 Timers

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
D1	Support of timer T1	6.9.1	A1:m	[]	m:Yes []
D2	Support of timer T2	6.9.2	A4:m	[]	m:Yes []

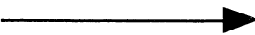
Annex B

(informative)

Examples of Message Sequences

This annex describes some typical message flows for SS-MWI. The following conventions are used in the figures of this annex.

1. The following notation is used:

-  Call-independent signalling connection message without SS-MWI information
-  Call-independent signalling connection message containing SS-MWI information

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- 2. The figures show messages exchanged via Protocol Control between PINXs involved in SS-MWI. Only messages relevant to SS-MWI are shown.
- 3. Only the relevant information content (e.g. remote operation APDUs, notifications, information elements) is listed below each message name. The Facility and Notification indicator information elements containing remote operation APDUs and notifications are not explicitly shown. Information with no impact on SS-MWI is not shown.

B.1 Example message sequence for activation of SS-MWI

Figure B.1 shows an example of activation of SS-MWI where the connection is not cleared by the Message Centre PINX after the first activation of MWI.

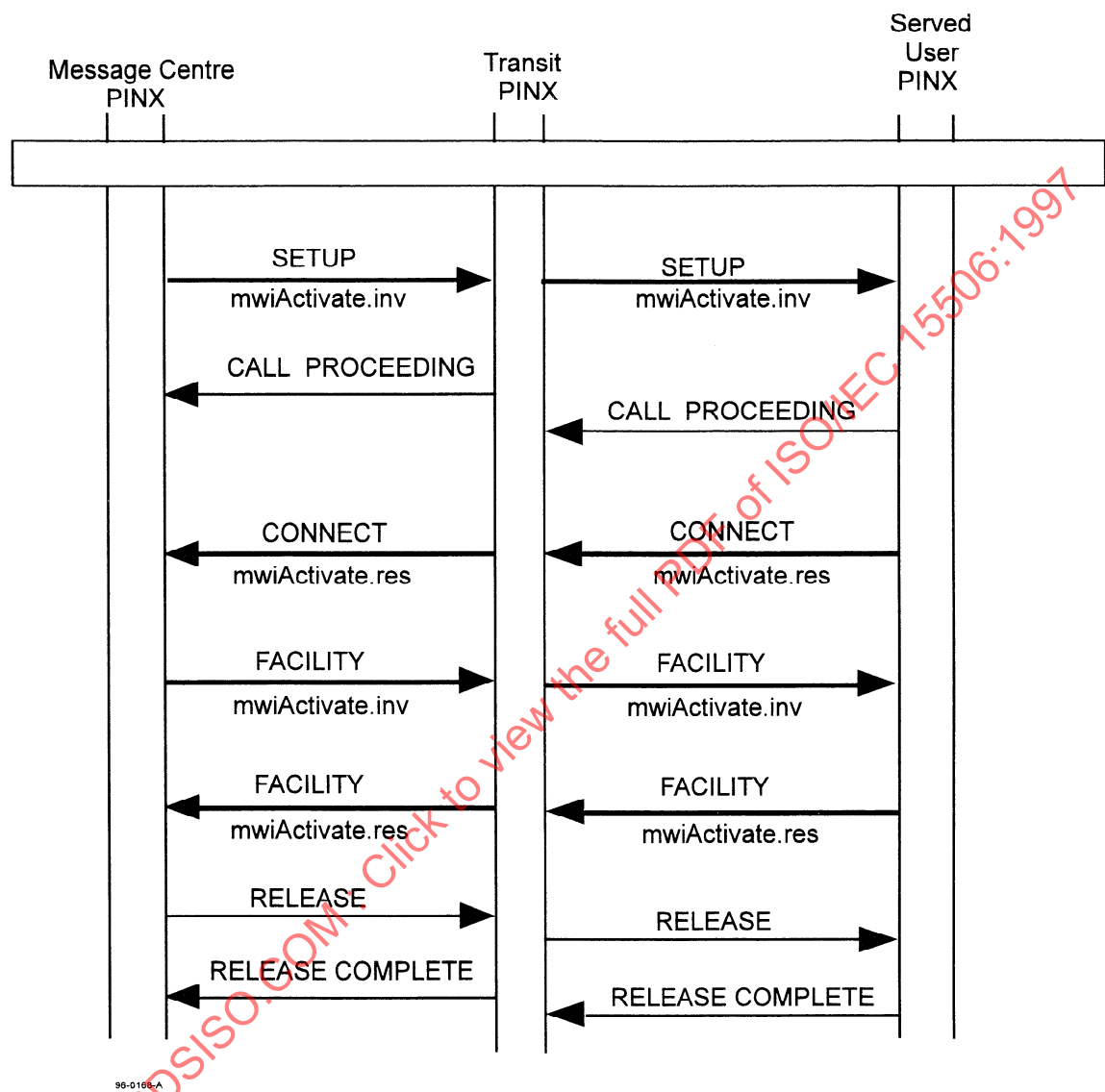


Figure B.1 - Example of activation of SS-MWI

B.2 Example message sequence for deactivation of SS-MWI

Figure B.2 shows an example of deactivation of SS-MWI.

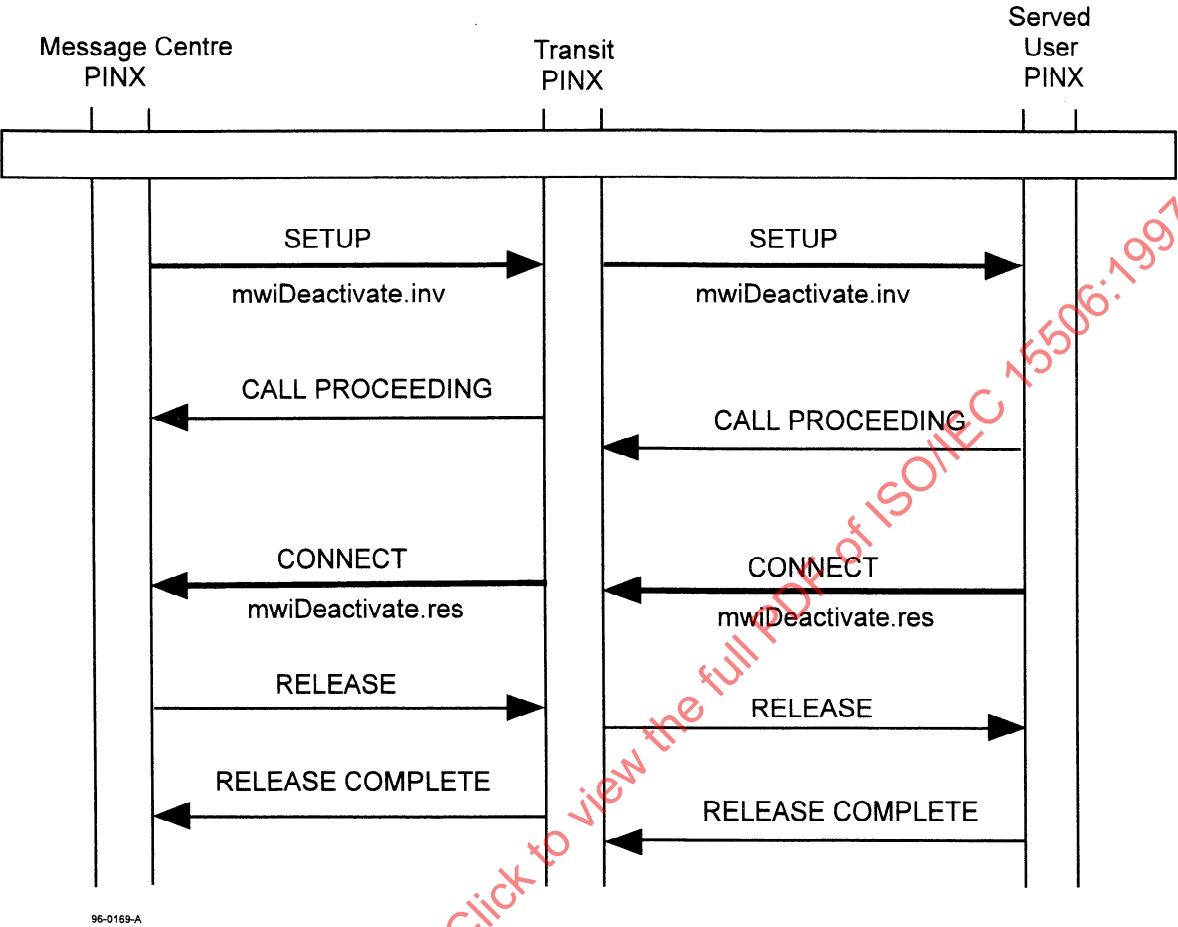


Figure B.2 - Example of deactivation of SS-MWI

B.3 Example message sequence for interrogation of SS-MWI

Figure B.3 shows an example of interrogation of SS-MWI.

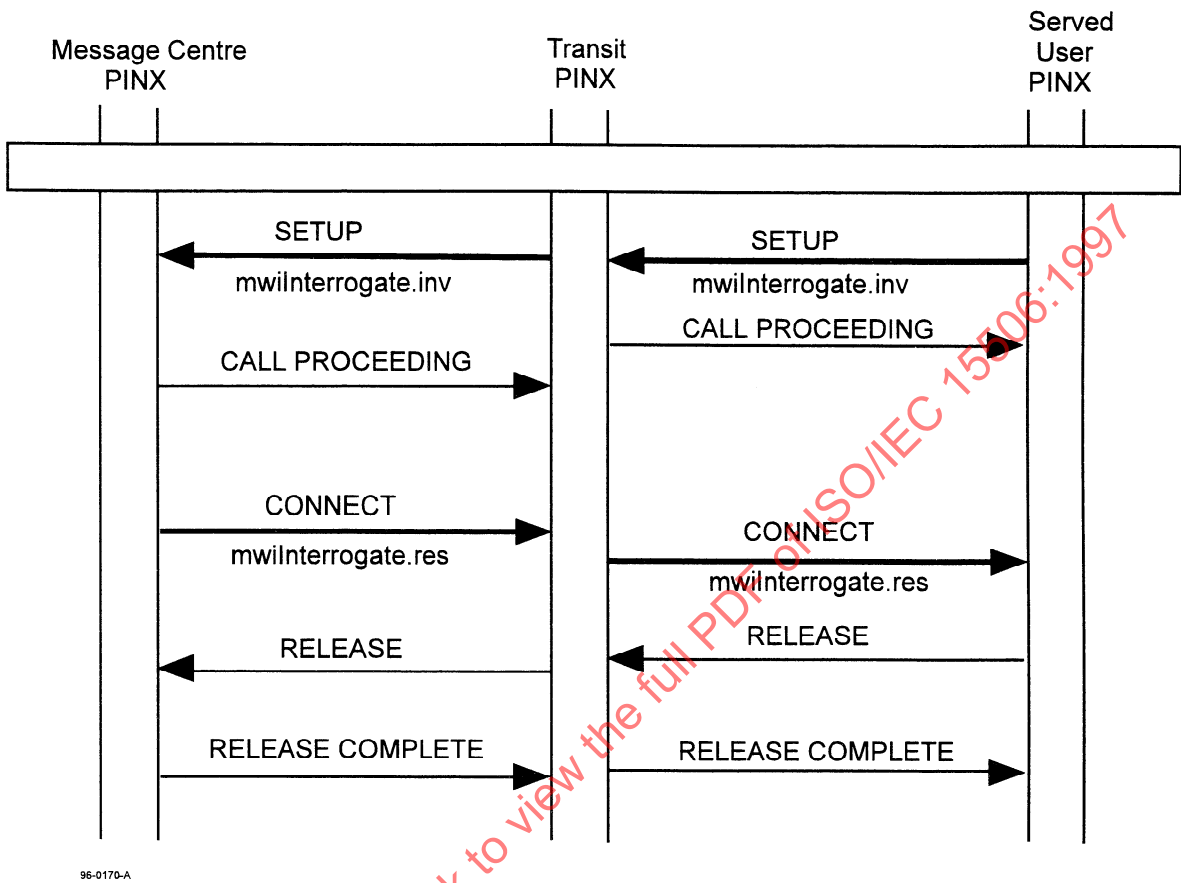


Figure B.3- Example of interrogation of SS-MWI

Annex C

(informative)

Specification and Description Language (SDL) Representation of Procedures

The diagrams in this annex use the Specification and Description Language defined in ITU-T Rec. Z.100 (1993).

Each diagram represents the behaviour of an SS-MWI Supplementary Service Control entity at a particular type of PINX. In accordance with the protocol model described in ISO/IEC 11582, the Supplementary Service Control entity uses, via the Coordination Function, the services of Generic Functional Procedures Control.

Where an output symbol represents a primitive to the Coordination Function, and that primitive results in a message being sent, the output symbol bears the name of the message and any remote operations APDU(s) or notification(s) contained in that message.

Where an input symbol represents a primitive from the Coordination Function, and that primitive is the result of a message being received, the input symbol bears the name of the message and any remote operations APDU(s) or notification(s) contained in that message. The following abbreviations are used:

inv.	invoke APDU
res.	return result APDU
err.	return error APDU
rej.	reject APDU

C.1 SDL representation of SS-MWI at the Message Centre PINX

Figures C.1, C.2 and C.3 show the behaviour of an SS-MWI Supplementary Service Control entity within the Message Centre PINX.

Input signals from the left and output signals to the left represent primitives from and to the Message Centre.

Input signals from the right and output signals to the right represent primitives from and to the Coordination Function in respect of messages received and sent. Also protocol timer expiry is indicated by an input signal from the right.

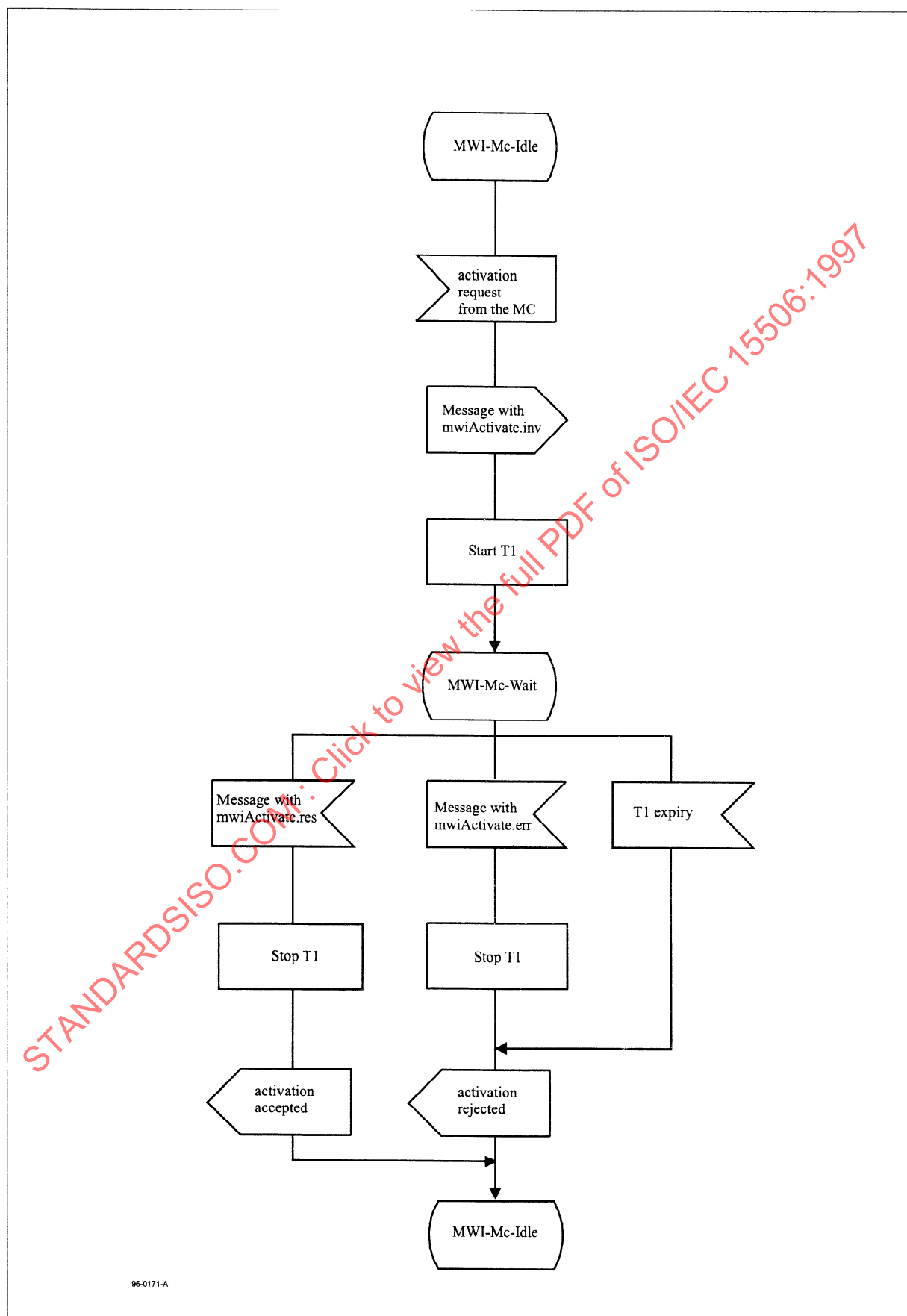


Figure C.1 - SDL representation of SS-MWI activation at the Message Centre PINX

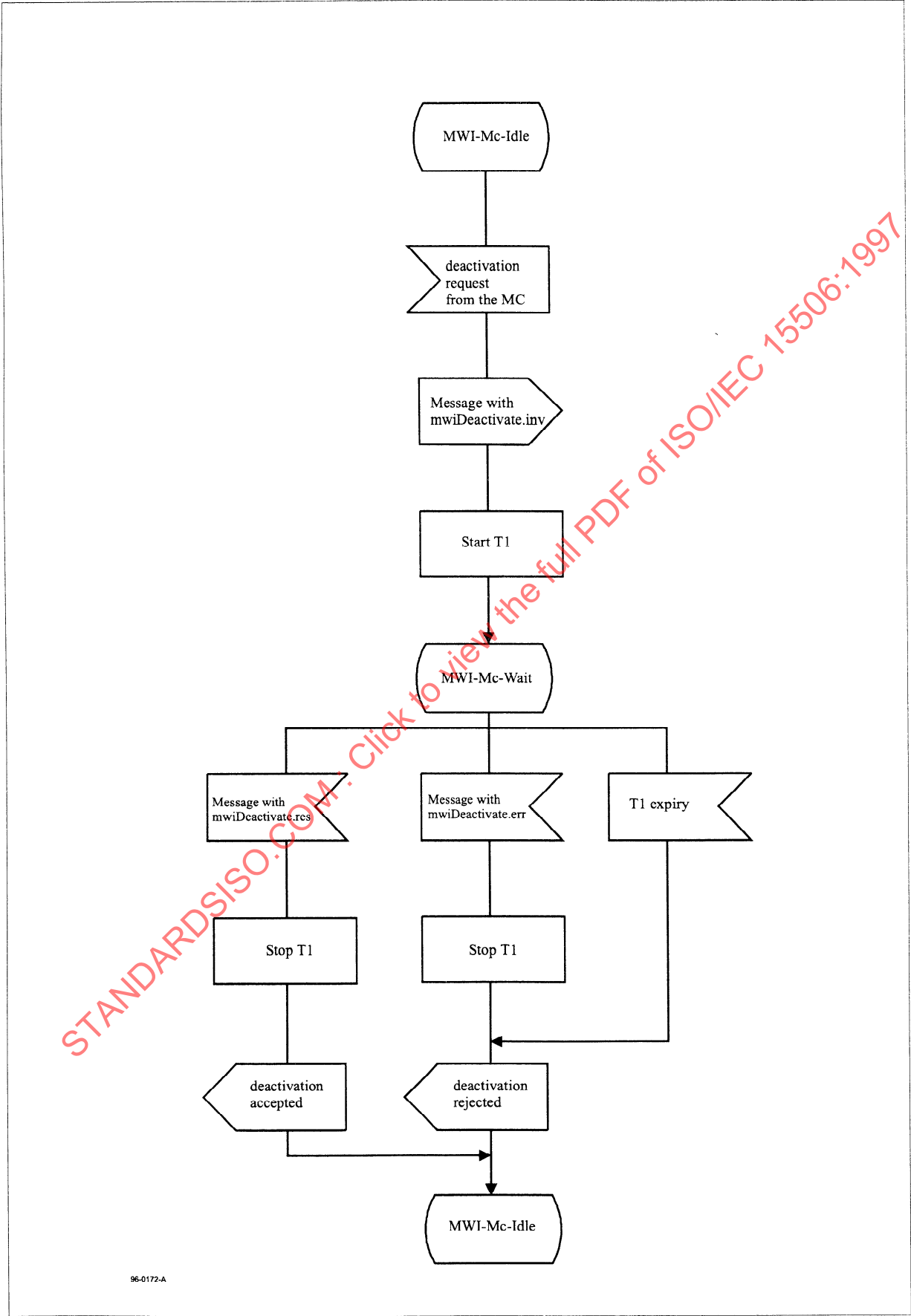


Figure C.2 - SDL representation of SS-MWI deactivation at the Message Centre PINX