

ISO

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION

ISO RECOMMENDATION R 84

IZOD IMPACT TEST FOR STEEL

1st EDITION

February 1959

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BRIEF HISTORY

The ISO Recommendation R 84, *Izod Impact Test for Steel*, was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, the Secretariat of which is held by the British Standards Institution (B.S.I.).

At the first meeting of ISO/TC 17, held in London, in June 1950, the Secretariat submitted a first draft proposal for the Izod impact test, based on a British standard. The Technical Committee instructed its Working Group No. 1, *Methods of Mechanical Testing for Steel*, to examine this draft proposal and to prepare a new version of it, taking into account certain observations put forward by Member Bodies.

In April 1952, the Working Group submitted a second draft proposal, which was discussed at the second plenary meeting of ISO/TC 17, held in New York, in June 1952, and which was passed back to the Working Group so that it might include therein data on tolerances.

The third draft proposal, submitted by the Working Group in November 1953, was studied by the Technical Committee during its third plenary meeting, held in London, in December 1953, along with the comments of the Member Bodies. The ISO/TC 17 Secretariat was then assigned to draw up a fourth draft proposal incorporating the changes voted during the meeting, and this was circulated in April 1954.

The comments of the Member Bodies on this fourth draft proposal were discussed at the fourth plenary meeting, held in Stockholm, in June 1955, and the Technical Committee decided to adopt it, subject to a few amendments, as a Draft ISO Recommendation.

On 31 October 1956, this Draft ISO Recommendation (No. 135) was distributed to all the ISO Member Bodies and was approved, subject to a few modifications of details, by the following Member Bodies:

*Belgium	India	Spain
*Canada	Ireland	Sweden
Czechoslovakia	Italy	Turkey
Denmark	Netherlands	*Union of
Finland	Pakistan	South Africa
*Greece	*Poland	Yugoslavia
Hungary	Portugal	

One Member Body opposed the approval of the Draft: France

The Draft ISO Recommendation was then submitted by correspondence to the ISO Council, which decided, in February 1959, to accept it as an ISO RECOMMENDATION.

* These Member Bodies stated that they had no objection to the Draft being approved.

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IZOD IMPACT TEST FOR STEEL

1. PRINCIPLE OF TEST

The test consists in breaking by one blow from a swinging hammer, under conditions defined hereafter, a notched test piece, gripped vertically, with the bottom of the notch in the same plane as the upper face of the grips. The blow is struck on the same face as the notch at a fixed position. The energy absorbed is determined and from this the impact value is deduced.

2. TEST PIECES

2.1 The test piece is of square or round section, unless otherwise specified.

2.2 The test piece conforms to the dimensions given in the following figures:

(a) Square test pieces:	single-notch	Figure 1	} page 6
	two-notch	Figure 2	
	three-notch	Figure 3	

(b) Round test pieces:	single-notch	Figure 5	} page 8
	two-notch	Figure 6	
	three-notch	Figure 7	

2.3 In each case, the plane of symmetry of the notch is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the test piece. The surface of the test piece should be smooth and free from grooves running parallel to the plane of symmetry of the notch.

2.4 The notch is of V-form having an included angle of 45°. The notch may be made by any machining method. The notch should be carefully prepared so that no grooves appear at the base of the notch.

2.5 Square test pieces. The notch is 2 mm deep with a root radius of 0.25 mm (Fig. 4, page 7).

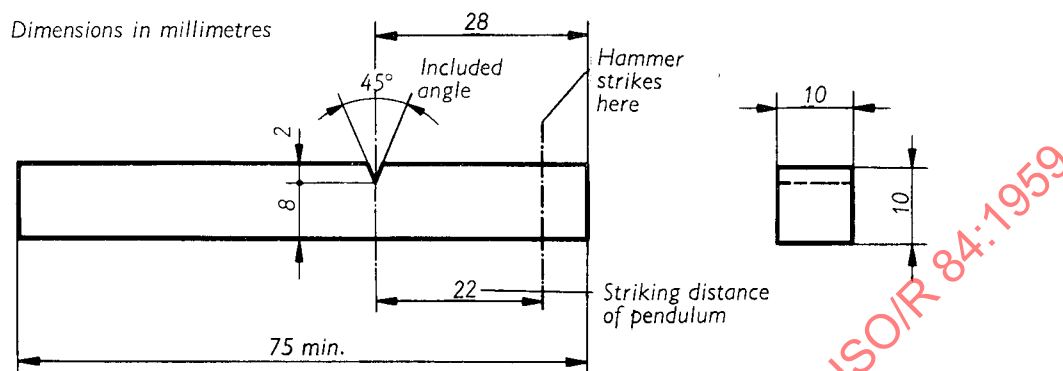


FIG. 1. — Single-notch square test piece

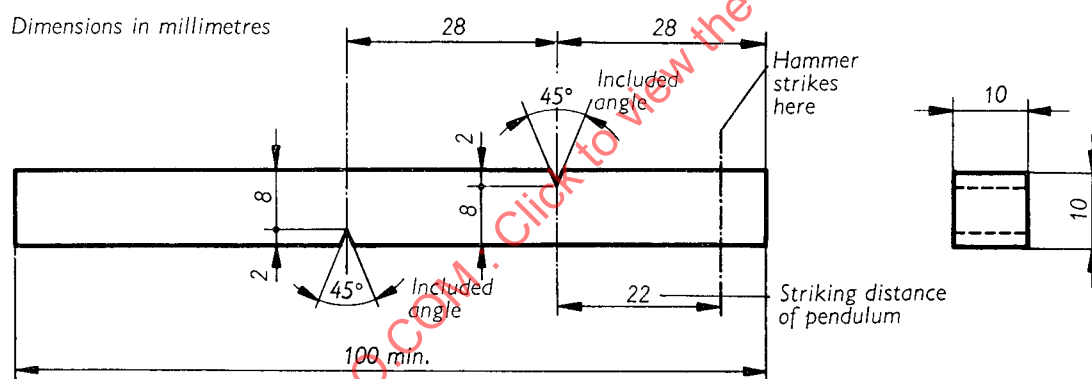


FIG. 2. — Two-notch square test piece

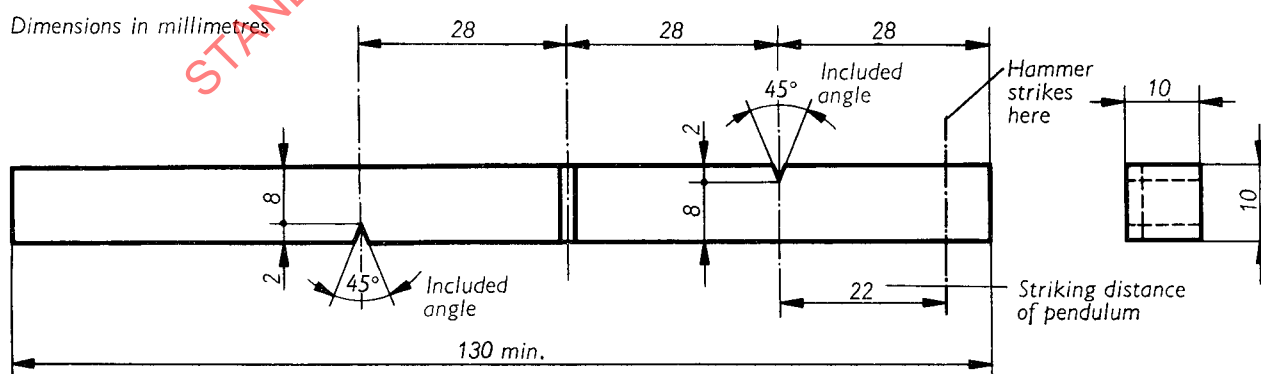
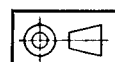


FIG. 3. — Three-notch square test piece



Dimensions in millimetres

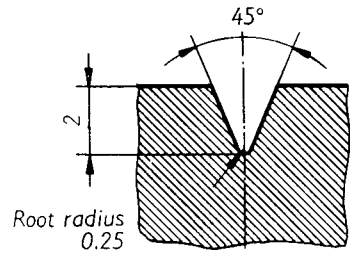


FIG. 4. — Enlarged view of notch for square test piece

2.5.1 The following tolerances are permitted:

TABLE 1. — Tolerances on specified dimensions

Designation	Nominal dimension	Machining tolerance	
		Values	ISA Symbols
Minimum length:			
single-notch	75 mm		
two-notch	100 mm		
three-notch	130 mm		
Thickness	10 mm	± 0.11 mm	j 13
Width	10 mm	± 0.11 mm	j 13
Angle of notch	45°	± 2°	—
Depth below notch	8 mm	± 0.045 mm	j 11
Distance of notch from end of test piece and from adjacent notch	28 mm	± 0.42 mm	j 15
Angle between plane of symmetry of notch and the longitudinal axis of the test piece	90°	± 2°	—

2.6 Round test pieces. The notch is 3.30 mm (0.13 in) deep at the position of its maximum depth in the specimen. It has a root radius of 0.25 mm (Fig. 8, page 9).

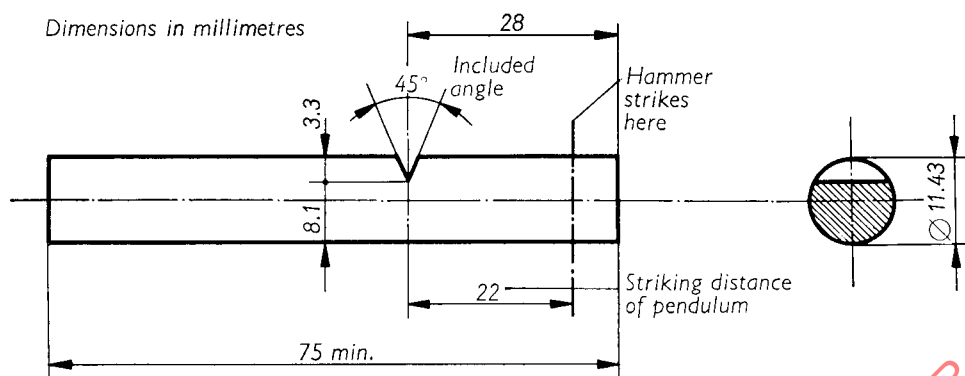


FIG. 5. — Single-notch round test piece

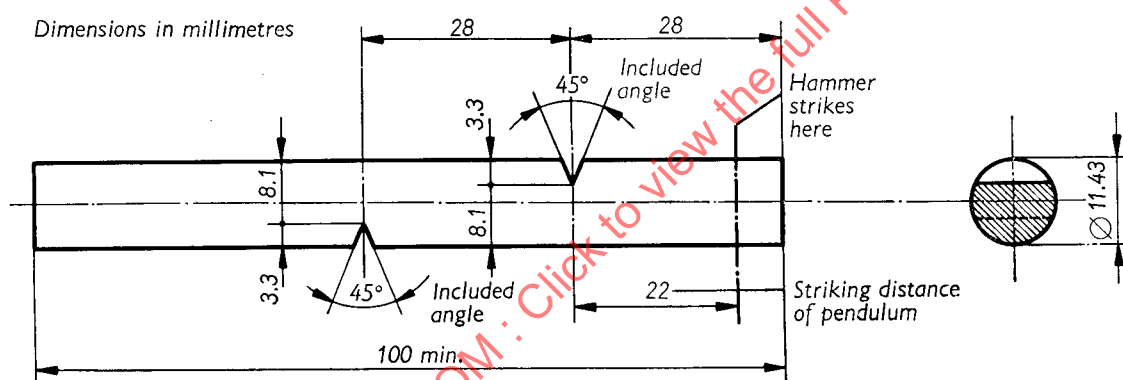


FIG. 6. — Two-notch round test piece

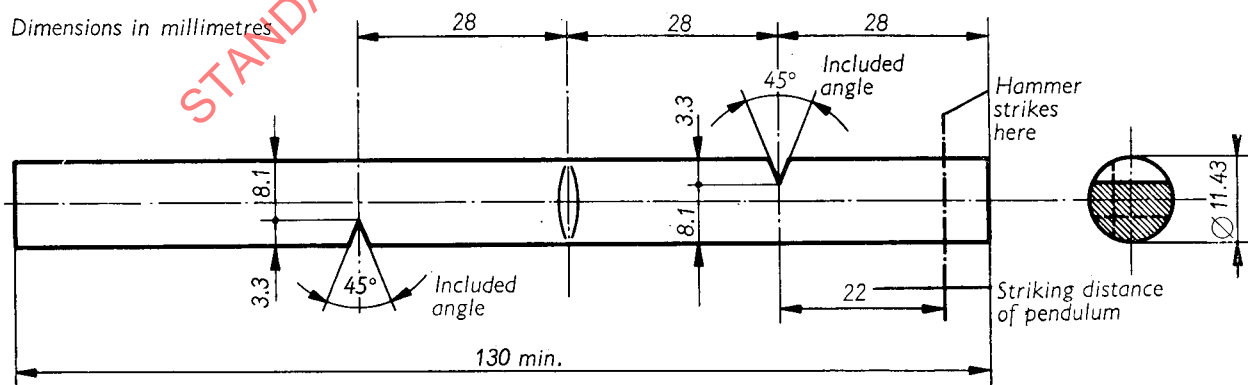


FIG. 7. — Three-notch round test piece

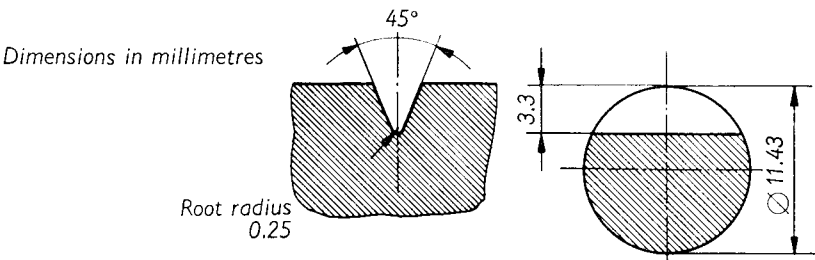


FIG. 8. — Enlarged view of notch for round test pieces

2.6.1 The following tolerances are permitted:

TABLE 2. — Tolerances on specified dimensions

Designation	Nominal dimension	Machining tolerance	
		Values	ISA Symbols
Minimum length:			
single-notch	76.2 mm (3 in)		
two-notch	104.1 mm (4.1 in)		
three-notch	132.1 mm (5.2 in)		
Diameter	11.43 mm (0.45 in)	± 0.14 mm (± 0.005 in)	j 13
Angle of notch	45°	± 2°	—
Depth below notch	8.128 mm (0.32 in)	± 0.045 mm (± 0.002 in)	j 11
Distance of notch from end of test piece and from adja- cent notch	27.94 mm (1.1 in)	± 0.42 mm (± 0.018 in)	j 15
Angle between plane of sym- metry of notch and longi- tudinal axis of test piece	90°	± 2°	—