



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS4952™**REV. F**Issued 1988-07
Revised 2015-12

Superseding AMS4952E

Titanium Alloy, Welding Wire
6Al - 2Sn - 4Zr - 2Mo
(Composition similar to UNS R54620)

RATIONALE

AMS4952F results from a Five Year Review and update of this specification that includes the removal of sample size allowance for hydrogen of Table 1 (covered by ASTM E1447) and revises the report paragraph (4.4).

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a titanium alloy in the form of welding wire.

1.2 Application

This wire has been used typically as filler metal for gas-metal-arc and gas-tungsten-arc welding, but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2249	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Titanium and Titanium Alloys
AMS2813	Packaging and Marking of Packages of Welding Wire, Standard Method
AMS2814	Packaging and Marking of Packages of Welding Wire, Premium Quality
AMS2816	Identification Welding Wire, Tab Marking Method

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- AMS2819 Identification, Welding Wire Direct Color Code System
- ARP1876 Weldability Test for Weld Filler Metal Wire
- ARP4926 Alloy Verification and Chemical Composition Inspection of Welding Wire

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

- ASTM E1409 Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique
- ASTM E1447 Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method
- ASTM E1941 Determination of Carbon in Refractory and Reactive Metals and Their Alloys by Combustion Analysis
- ASTM E2371 Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Direct Current Plasma and Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometry

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1; carbon shall be determined in accordance with ASTM E1941, hydrogen in accordance with ASTM E1447, oxygen and nitrogen in accordance with ASTM E1409, and other elements in accordance with ASTM E2371. Other analytical methods may be used if acceptable to the purchaser.

Table 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Aluminum	5.50	6.50
Zirconium	3.60	4.40
Molybdenum	1.80	2.20
Tin	1.80	2.20
Oxygen (3.1.1.1)	--	0.15
Silicon	--	0.10
Iron	--	0.10
Copper	--	0.10
Carbon (3.1.1.1)	--	0.04
Nitrogen (3.1.1.1)	--	0.0400 (400 ppm)
Hydrogen (3.1.1.1)	--	0.0125 (125 ppm)
Yttrium (3.1.1.2)	--	0.0050 (50 ppm)
Boron	--	0.0030 (30 ppm)
Other Elements, each (3.1.1.2)	--	0.10
Other Elements, total (3.1.1.2)	--	0.40
Titanium	remainder	

- 3.1.1 Except for carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen, chemical analysis of initial bar or rod stock before drawing is acceptable provided the processes used for drawing or rolling, annealing, and cleaning are controlled to ensure conformance to composition requirements.
- 3.1.1.1 Carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen shall be determined on each lot of finished wire.
- 3.1.1.2 Determination not required for routine acceptance.

3.1.2 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2249.

3.2 Melting Practice

Alloy shall be multiple melted. The first melt shall be made by vacuum consumable electrode, nonconsumable electrode, electron beam cold hearth, or plasma arc cold hearth melting practice. The subsequent melt or melts shall be made under vacuum using vacuum arc remelting (VAR) practice. Alloy additions are not permitted in the final melt cycle.

3.2.1 The atmosphere for nonconsumable electrode melting shall be vacuum or shall be argon and/or helium at an absolute pressure not higher than 1000 mm of mercury.

3.2.2 The electrode tip for nonconsumable electrode melting shall be water-cooled copper.

3.3 Condition

Cold drawn, bright finish, in a temper and with a surface finish that will provide proper feeding of the wire in machine-welding equipment.

3.4 Fabrication

3.4.1 Wire shall be formed from rod or bar descaled by a process that does not affect the composition of the wire. Surface irregularities inherent with a forming process that does not treat the wire surface are acceptable provided the wire conforms to the tolerances of 3.7.

3.4.2 In-process annealing, if required between rolling or drawing operations, shall be performed in a vacuum or in a protective atmosphere to avoid surface oxidation and adsorption of other extraneous elements. Material shall have been chemically or mechanically cleaned prior to annealing.

3.4.3 Butt welding is permissible only at diameters larger than final finished product size provided both ends to be joined are either alloy verified using a method or methods capable of distinguishing the alloy from all other alloys processed within the facility, or the repair is made at the wire processing station. The butt weld shall not interfere with the uniform, uninterrupted feeding of the wire in machine welding equipment.

3.4.4 Drawing compounds, oxides, dirt, oil, and other foreign materials shall be removed by cleaning processes that will neither result in pitting nor cause gas absorption by the wire or deposition of substances harmful to welding operations.

3.4.5 Surface contaminants or dissolved gasses picked up during wire processing that can adversely affect the welding characteristics, the operation of the equipment, or the properties of the weld material, shall be removed.

3.5 Properties

Wire shall conform to the following requirements:

3.5.1 Melted wire shall flow smoothly and evenly during welding and shall produce acceptable welds. ARP1876 may be used to resolve disputes.

3.5.2 Spooled Wire

Shall conform to 3.5.2.1 and 3.5.2.2 and 3.5.2.3.

3.5.2.1 Winding

Filler metal in coils and on spools shall be wound so that kinks, waves, sharp bends, overlapping, or wedging are not encountered, leaving the filler metal free to unwind without restriction. The outside end of the electrode (the end where welding is to begin) shall be identified so it can be located readily and shall be fastened to avoid unwinding. The winding shall be level winding.

3.5.2.2 Cast

Wire, wound on standard diameter spools as shown in Table 2 shall have imparted to it a curvature such that a specimen sufficient in length to form one loop with a 1 inch (25 mm) overlap, when cut from the spool and laid on a flat surface, shall form a circle (cast) within the limits shown in Table 2.

3.5.2.3 Helix

The specimen on which cast was determined, when laid on a flat surface and measured between adjacent turns, shall show a vertical separation not greater than shown in Table 2.

Table 2A - Cast and helix requirements – inch/pound units

Spool Diameter Inches	Cast Inches		Helix Inches max
	min	max	
4	2.5	9	0.50
8	10	20	0.75
12	15	30	1.00

Table 2B - Cast and helix requirements – SI units

Spool Diameter Millimeters	Cast Millimeters		Helix Millimeters max
	min	max	
102	64	229	13
203	254	508	19
305	381	782	25

3.6 Quality

Wire, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to welding operations, operation of welding equipment, or properties of the deposited weld metal.

3.7 Sizes and Tolerances

Wire shall be supplied in the standard sizes and to the tolerances shown in 3.7.1 and 3.7.2.

3.7.1 Diameter

Shall be as shown in Table 3.

Table 3A - Sizes and diameter tolerances, inch/pound units

Form	Nominal Diameter Inch	Tolerance Inch Plus	Tolerance Inch Minus
Cut Lengths	0.030, 0.045, 0.062, 0.078	0.002	0.002
Cut Lengths	0.094, 0.125, 0.156, 0.188	0.002	0.002
Spools	0.007, 0.010, 0.015, 0.020	0.0005	0.0005
Spools	0.030, 0.035, 0.045	0.001	0.002
Spools	0.062, 0.078, 0.094	0.002	0.002

Table 3B - Sizes and diameter tolerances, SI units

Form	Nominal Diameter Millimeters	Tolerance Millimeter Plus	Tolerance Millimeter Minus
Cut Lengths	0.76, 1.14, 1.57, 1.98	0.05	0.05
Cut Lengths	2.39, 3.18, 3.96, 4.78	0.05	0.05
Spools	0.18, 0.25, 0.38, 0.51	0.013	0.013
Spools	0.76, 0.89, 1.14	0.025	0.05
Spools	1.57, 1.98, 2.39	0.05	0.05

3.7.2 Length

Cut lengths shall be furnished in 18, 27, or 36 inch (457, 686, or 914 mm) lengths, as ordered, and shall vary not more than +0, -0.5 inch (+0, -13 mm) from the length ordered.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The producer of wire shall supply all samples for producer's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the wire conforms to specified requirements.

4.2 Classification of Tests

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1) and sizes and tolerances (3.7) and alloy verification (5.2) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Weldability (3.5.1), cast (3.5.2.1), and helix (3.5.2.2) are periodic tests and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the producer unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

Shall be as follows; a lot shall be all wire of the same nominal size from the same heat processed under the same conditions in the same production run:

4.3.1 For Acceptance Tests

4.3.1.1 Composition

One sample from each heat, except for hydrogen, nitrogen, carbon and oxygen determinations one sample from each lot at finished diameter obtained after all thermal and chemical processing is completed.