

Titanium Alloy Sheet, Strip, and Plate
3Al - 2.5V
Annealed

(Composition similar to UNS R56320)

RATIONALE

AMS4989B results from a Five Year Review and update of this document.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a titanium alloy in the form of sheet, strip, and plate.

1.2 Application

This material has been used typically for parts requiring strength and oxidation resistance up to 600 °F (316 °C) and weldability, but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2242	Tolerances, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steel, Iron Alloy, Titanium, and Titanium Alloy Sheet, Strip, and Plate
AMS2249	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Titanium and Titanium Alloys
AMS2631	Ultrasonic Inspection, Titanium and Titanium Alloy Bar and Billet
AMS2750	Pyrometry
AMS2809	Identification, Titanium and Titanium Alloy Wrought Products

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2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM E 8 / E 8M	Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
ASTM E 112	Determining Average Grain Size
ASTM E 290	Bend Testing of Material for Ductility
ASTM E 384	Microindentation Hardness of Materials
ASTM E 1409	Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique
ASTM E 1447	Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method
ASTM E 1941	Determination of Carbon in Refractory and Reactive Metals and Their Alloys
ASTM E 2371	Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Atomic Emission Plasma Spectrometry

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1; carbon shall be determined in accordance with ASTM E 1941, hydrogen in accordance with ASTM E 1447, oxygen and nitrogen in accordance with ASTM E 1409, and other elements in accordance with ASTM E 2371. Other analytical methods may be used if acceptable to the purchaser.

TABLE 1 - COMPOSITION

Element	min	max
Aluminum	2.50	3.50
Vanadium	2.00	3.00
Iron	--	0.30
Oxygen	--	0.12
Carbon	--	0.050
Nitrogen	--	0.020 (200 ppm)
Hydrogen	--	0.015 (150 ppm)
Yttrium (3.1.1)	--	0.005 (50 ppm)
Other Elements, each (3.1.1)	--	0.10
Other Elements, total (3.1.1)	--	0.40
Titanium	remainder	

3.1.1 Determination not required for routine acceptance.

3.1.2 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2249.

3.1.3 Sample size, when using ASTM E 1447, may be as large as 0.35 gram.

3.2 Melting Practice

3.2.1 Alloy shall be multiple melted. Melting cycle(s) prior to the final melting cycle shall be made using vacuum consumable electrode, nonconsumable electrode, electron beam cold hearth, or plasma arc cold hearth melting practice(s). The final melting cycle shall be made under vacuum using vacuum arc remelting (VAR) practice with no alloy additions permitted.

3.2.1.1 The atmosphere for non-consumable electrode melting shall be vacuum or shall be argon and/or helium at an absolute pressure not higher than 1000 mm of mercury.

3.2.1.2 The electrode tip for nonconsumable electrode melting shall be water-cooled copper.

3.3 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition:

3.3.1 Sheet and Strip

Hot rolled, with or without subsequent cold reduction, annealed, descaled, and leveled, having a surface appearance comparable to a commercial corrosion-resistant steel No. 2D finish (See 8.2).

3.3.2 Plate

Hot rolled, annealed, descaled, and flattened, having a surface appearance comparable to a commercial corrosion-resistant steel No. 1 finish (See 8.2). Plate product shall be produced using standard industry practices designed strictly for the production of plate stock to the procured thickness. Bar, billet, forgings, or forging stock shall not be supplied in lieu of plate.

3.4 Heat Treatment

The product shall be annealed by heating to a temperature within the range 1200 to 1450 °F (649 to 788 °C), holding at the selected temperature within ± 25 °F (± 14 °C) for a time commensurate with the thickness and the heating equipment and procedure used, and cooling as required. Pyrometry shall be in accordance with AMS2750.

3.5 Properties

Product 1.00 inch thick and under shall conform to the following requirements:

3.5.1 Tensile Properties

Shall be as specified in Table 2, determined in accordance with ASTM E 8 / E 8M with the rate of strain set at 0.005 inch/inch/minute (0.005 mm/mm/minute) and maintained within a tolerance of ± 0.002 inch/inch/minute (0.002 mm/mm/minute) through the 0.2% offset yield strain.

3.5.1.1 Tensile property requirements listed in Table 2 apply in both the longitudinal and transverse directions.

TABLE 2 - MINIMUM TENSILE PROPERTIES (SEE 8.3)	
Property	Value
Tensile Strength	90 ksi (621 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset	75 ksi (517 MPa)
Elongation in 2 Inches (50.8 mm)	15% (3.5.1.2)

3.5.1.2 For thickness under 0.025 inch (0.64 mm), elongation values shall be as agreed upon.

3.5.2 Bending

Product under 0.1875 inch (4.762 mm) in nominal thickness, shall have a test sample prepared nominally 0.750 inch (19.06 mm) in width, with its axis of bending parallel to the direction of rolling. The sample shall be bend tested in conformance with the guided bend test defined in ASTM E 290 through an angle of 105 degrees. The test fixture supports shall have a contact radius 0.010 minimum, and the plunger shall have a radius equal to the bend factor shown in Table 3 times the nominal thickness. Examination of the bent sample shall not show evidence of cracking when examined at 15 to 25X magnification.

TABLE 3 - BEND FACTOR

Nominal Thickness Inch		Nominal Thickness Millimeters		Bend Factor
Up to 0.070, excl	0.070 to 0.1875, incl	Up to 1.78, excl	1.78 to 4.762, incl	2.5 3

3.5.3 Microstructure

Shall be that structure resulting from processing within the alpha-beta phase field. Microstructure shall conform to 3.5.3.1, 3.5.3.2, or 3.5.3.3 (See 8.4).

3.5.3.1 Equiaxed and/or elongated primary alpha in a transformed beta matrix with no continuous network of alpha at prior beta grain boundaries.

3.5.3.2 Essentially complete field of equiaxed and/or elongated alpha with or without intergranular beta and with no continuous network of alpha at prior beta grain boundaries.

3.5.3.3 Partially broken and distorted grain boundary alpha with plate-like alpha.

3.5.3.4 A microstructure showing a continuous network of alpha in prior beta grain boundaries is not acceptable.

3.5.4 Surface Contamination

The product shall be free of any oxygen-rich layer, such as alpha case, or other surface contamination, determined as in any one of the following: 3.5.4.1, 3.5.4.2, 3.5.4.3, or other method acceptable to purchaser.

3.5.4.1 The bend test of 3.5.1.2.

3.5.4.2 Microscopic examination at 400X minimum.

3.5.4.3 Hardness difference; a surface hardness more than 40 points higher than the subsurface hardness, determined in accordance with ASTM E 384 on the Knoop scale using a 200 gram load, being evidence of unacceptable surface contamination.

3.6 Quality

The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from "oil cans" (See 8.5.1) of depth in excess of the flatness tolerances, ripples, and foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

3.6.1 Ultrasonic Inspection

Plate 0.500 to 4.000 inch (12.70 to 101.60 mm) in nominal thickness shall meet Class A1 requirements of AMS2631.

3.7 Tolerances

3.7.1 Thickness, Width, Length, and Straightness

In accordance with all applicable requirements of AMS2242.

3.7.2 Flatness

Flatness tolerance for product 36 inches (914 mm) and under in width shall be 5% if nominal thickness is under 0.025 inch (0.64 mm) and 3% if nominal thickness is 0.025 to 0.1875 inch (0.64 to 4.762 mm), exclusive. Flatness tolerance for product under 0.1875 inch (4.762 mm) in nominal thickness and over 36 inches (914 mm) in width and for product 0.1875 inch (4.762 mm) and over in nominal thickness in all widths shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

3.7.2.1 Flatness shall be determined from the expression $100H/L$ where "H" is the distance from the straight edge to the product at the point of greatest separation and "L" is the distance between contact points of a straight edge laid in any direction on the product.

3.7.2.2 Flatness tolerances do not apply to coiled products.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The vendor of the product shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the product conforms to the specified requirements.

4.2 Classification of Tests

Composition (3.1), condition (3.3), tensile properties (3.5.1), bending (3.5.2), microstructure (3.5.3), surface contamination (3.5.4), and tolerances (3.7) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.1 Ultrasonic quality (3.6.1) of each plate, when required, is an acceptance test.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

Shall be in accordance with the following; a lot shall be all product of the same nominal size from the same heat processed at the same time and in the same heat treatment batch.

4.3.1 Composition

One sample from each heat, except that for hydrogen determinations one sample from each lot obtained after thermal and chemical processing is completed.

4.3.2 Tensile Properties, Bending, Microstructure and Surface Contamination

At least one sample from each lot.

4.3.2.1 Specimens for tensile tests of widths 9 inches (229 mm) and over shall be taken in both the longitudinal and transverse directions; for widths under 9 inches (229 mm), specimens shall be taken in the longitudinal direction.

4.3.2.2 Bend Specimens

Whenever possible, the specimen shall be long enough to permit two separate bends so that each surface is tested in tension.