



400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

SAE

AMS 5562C

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Superseding AMS 5562B

Submitted for recognition as an American National Standard

STEEL, CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTANT, SEAMLESS TUBING 9.0Mn - 20Cr - 6.5Ni - 0.28N Solution Heat Treated

UNS S21904

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Form:

This specification covers a corrosion and heat resistant steel in the form of seamless tubing.

1.2 Application:

This tubing has been used typically for parts, such as fluid-conducting lines, requiring both corrosion and heat resistance, especially when such parts are welded or brazed during fabrication, and which require strength higher than that of the 18-8 type steels, or require oxidation resistance up to 1100 °F (593 °C), but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS:

The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order.

2.1 SAE Publications:

Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

- AMS 2243 Tolerances, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steel Tubing
- MAM 2243 Tolerances, Metric, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steel Tubing
- AMS 2248 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Maraging and Other Highly-Alloyed Steels, and Iron Alloys
- AMS 2371 Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
- AMS 2634 Ultrasonic Inspection, Thin Wall Metal Tubing
- AMS 2645 Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection
- AMS 2807 Identification, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steels, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Aircraft Tubing

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2.2 ASTM Publications:

Available from ASTM, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1187.

ASTM A 262	Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels
ASTM A 370	Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
ASTM E 353	Chemical Analysis of Stainless, Heat-Resisting, Maraging, and Other Similar Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloys
ASTM A 450/A 450M	General Requirements for Carbon, Ferritic Alloy and Austenitic Alloy Steel Tubes
ASTM E 426	Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Testing of Seamless and Welded Tubular Products, Austenitic Stainless Steel and Similar Alloys

2.3 U.S. Government Publications:

Available from DODSSP, Subscription Services Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.

MIL-STD-163 Steel Mill Products, Preparation for Shipment and Storage

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Composition:

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 353, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Carbon	--	0.04
Manganese	8.00	10.00
Silicon	--	1.00
Phosphorus	--	0.060
Sulfur	--	0.030
Chromium	19.00	21.50
Nickel	5.50	7.50
Nitrogen	0.15	0.40
Molybdenum	--	0.75
Copper	--	0.75

3.1.1 Check Analysis: Composition variations shall meet the requirements of AMS 2248.

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3.2 Condition:

(R)

Solution heat treated and pickled as required or passivated.

3.3 Fabrication:

(R)

Tubing shall be produced by a seamless process. The external and internal surface finishes may be produced by pickling, bright annealing, or any method which will provide the required surface condition and which will not affect limits of wall thickness or corrosion resistance, with the exception that centerless ground finish is not acceptable. Surface finishing for removal of surface blemishes shall be performed prior to final solution heat treatment. A light polish to improve surface appearance may be employed after solution heat treatment.

3.4 Properties:

Tubing shall conform to the following requirements:

3.4.1 Tensile Properties: Shall be as shown in Table 2, determined in accordance with ASTM A 370.

TABLE 2 - Minimum Tensile Properties

Property	Value
Tensile Strength	90.0 ksi (621 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset	50.0 ksi (345 MPa)
Elongation in 2 Inches (50.8 mm)	
Strip Specimens	40%
Full Tube Specimens	45%

3.4.2 Flarability: Specimens as in 4.3.1 shall withstand flaring at room temperature, without formation of cracks or other visible defects, by being forced axially with steady pressure over a hardened and polished tapered steel pin having a 74-degree included angle to produce a flare having a permanent expanded OD not less than shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3A - Flarability, Inch/Pound Units

Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches	Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches
0.125	0.200	0.750	0.937
0.188	0.302	1.000	1.187
0.250	0.359	1.250	1.500
0.312	0.421	1.500	1.721
0.375	0.484	1.750	2.106
0.500	0.656	2.000	2.356
0.625	0.781		

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TABLE 3B - Flarability, SI Units

Nominal OD Millimeters	Expanded OD Millimeters	Nominal OD Millimeters	Expanded OD Millimeters
3.18	5.08	19.05	23.80
4.78	7.67	25.40	30.15
6.35	9.12	31.75	38.10
7.92	10.69	38.10	43.71
9.52	12.29	44.45	53.49
12.70	16.66	50.80	59.84
15.88	19.84		

3.4.2.1 Tubing with nominal OD between any two standard sizes given in Table 3 shall take the same percentage flare as shown for the larger of the two sizes.

3.4.3 Pressure Test: The tubing shall show no bulges, leaks, pinholes, cracks, or other defects when subjected to an internal hydrostatic pressure (P), except that a diametric permanent set of 0.002 inch per inch (0.002 mm/mm) of diameter is acceptable. The hydrostatic pressure (P) shall be determined using Equation 1:

$$P = S \frac{D^2 - d^2}{D^2 + d^2} \quad (\text{Eq.1})$$

where:

P = Test pressure in ksi (MPa)
 S = Minimum yield strength from 3.4.1
 D = Nominal OD
 d = Nominal ID

3.4.4 Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack: Specimens from tubing, after sensitizing treatment, shall pass the intergranular corrosion test performed in accordance with ASTM A 262, Practice E. After exposure, tubing shall be tested in accordance with the flattening test requirements of ASTM A 450/A 450M. Samples shall be taken from tubing after final annealing but may be taken prior to cold working

3.5 Quality:

Tubing, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition and shall have a finish conforming to the best practice for high quality aircraft tubing. It shall be smooth and free from heavy scale or oxide, burrs, seams, tears, grooves, laminations, slivers, pits, and other imperfections detrimental to usage of the tubing. Surface imperfections, such as handling marks, straightening marks, light mandrel and die marks, shallow pits, and scale pattern, will not be considered injurious if the imperfections are removable within the tolerances specified for wall thickness but removal of such imperfections is not required.

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3.5.1 Tubing shall be free from grease or other foreign matter. Metallic flakes or particles shall not be collected by a clean white cloth drawn through the length of the bore of a test sample. Discoloration of the cloth, without the presence of flakes or particles, is acceptable.

3.5.2 When specified by purchaser, tubing shall be subjected to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2645, to ultrasonic inspection in accordance with AMS 2634, to electromagnetic (eddy-current) inspection in accordance with ASTM E 426, or to any combination thereof. Tubing shall meet the requirements of 3.5 and other acceptance criteria established by the cognizant engineering organization.

3.6 Tolerances:

Shall conform to all applicable requirements of AMS 2243 or MAM 2243.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection:

The vendor of tubing shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the tubing conforms to the requirements of this specification.

4.2 Classification of Tests:

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests: Composition (3.1), tensile properties (3.4.1), nondestructive inspection (R) when specified (3.5.2), and tolerances (3.6) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests: Flarability (3.4.2), pressure test (3.4.3), and susceptibility to intergranular attack (R) (3.4.4) are periodic tests and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the vendor unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing:

(R)

Shall be in accordance with AMS 2371 and the following:

4.3.1 Specimens for flarability test (3.4.2) shall be full tubes or sections cut from a tube. The end of the specimen to be flared shall be cut square, with the cut end smooth and free from burrs, but not rounded.

4.4 Reports:

(R)

The vendor of tubing shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the results of tests for chemical composition of each heat and for tensile properties of each lot. This report shall include the purchase order number, heat and lot number, AMS 5562C, size, and quantity.