

ADOPTION NOTICE

SAE-AMS 5585, "Alloy, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, Welded Tubing 32Fe - 21Cr - 20Ni - 20Co- 3Mo - 2.5W - 1.0Cb - 0.15N Solution Heat Treated" was adopted on 31 August 1995 for use by the Department of Defense (DoD). Proposed changes by DoD activities must be submitted to the DoI Adopting Activity: Air Force, ASC/ENOSD, Building 125, 2335 Seventh Street, Suite 6, Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-7809. DoD activities may obtain copies of this standard from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094. The private sector and other Government agencies may purchase copies from the Society of Automotive Engineers Inc., 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

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AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Submitted for recognition as an American National Standard



AMS 5585E

Issued OCT 1950
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Superseding AMS 5585D

ALLOY, CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTANT, WELDED TUBING
32Fe - 21 Cr - 20Ni - 20Co - 3Mo - 2.5W - 1.0Cb - 0.15N
Solution Heat Treated

UNS R30155

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Form:

This specification covers a corrosion and heat resistant alloy in the form of welded tubing.

1.2 Application:

This tubing has been used typically for parts requiring high strength up to 1500 °F (816 °C) and oxidation resistance up to 1800 °F (982 °C), but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS:

The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order.

2.1 SAE Publications:

Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

AMS 2243 Tolerances, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steel Tubing
MAM 2243 Tolerances, Metric, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steel Tubing
AMS 2248 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Maraging and Other Highly-Alloyed Steels, and Iron Alloys
AMS 2371 Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS 2634 Ultrasonic Inspection, Thin Wall Metal Tubing
AMS 2807 Identification, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steels, Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Aircraft Tubing

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2.2 ASTM Publications:

Available from ASTM, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1187.

- ASTM E 8 Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- ASTM E 8M Tension Testing of Metallic Materials (Metric)
- ASTM E 353 Chemical Analysis of Stainless, Heat-Resisting, Maraging, and Other Similar Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloys
- ASTM E 426 Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Testing of Seamless and Welded Tubular Products, Austenitic Stainless Steel and Similar Alloys
- ASTM E 1417 Liquid Penetrant Examination

2.3 U.S. Government Publications:

Available from DODSSP, Subscription Services Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.

MIL-STD-163 Steel Mill Products, Preparation for Shipment and Storage

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Composition:

(R)

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 353, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Carbon	0.08	0.16
Manganese	1.00	2.00
Silicon	--	1.00
Phosphorus	--	0.030
Sulfur	--	0.030
Chromium	20.00	22.50
Nickel	19.00	21.00
Cobalt	18.50	21.00
Molybdenum	2.50	3.50
Tungsten	2.00	3.00
Columbium	0.75	1.25
Nitrogen	0.10	0.20
Tantalum (3.11)	--	0.05
Copper	--	0.05
Iron	Reminder	

3.1.1 Determination not required for routine acceptance.

3.1.2 Check Analysis: Composition variations shall meet the requirements of AMS 2248.

3.2 Condition:

Solution heat treated and descaled.

3.3 Fabrication:

Tubing shall be produced by a welded and drawn process. Any surface finishing operation applied to remove objectionable pits and surface blemishes shall be performed prior to final solution heat treatment. A light polish to improve surface appearance may be employed after solution heat treatment. Passivation shall follow any polishing treatment.

3.4 Solution Heat Treatment:

Tubing shall be solution heat treated by heating to $2150^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 25$ ($1177^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 14$) in a suitable protective atmosphere, holding at heat for not less than 15 minutes, and cooling in air.

3.5 Properties:

Tubing shall conform to the following requirements:

3.5.1 Tensile Properties: Shall be as shown in Table 2, determined in accordance with ASTM E 8 or ASTM E 8M.

TABLE 2 - Tensile Properties

Property	Value
Tensile Strength	100 to 140 ksi (689 to 965)
Elongation in 2 Inches (50.8 mm), min	
Strip	35%
Full Section, tubing OD 0.625 inch (15.88 mm) and over	40%
Full Section, tubing OD under 0.625 inch (15.88 mm)	30%

3.5.2 Flarability: Specimens as in 4.3.1 shall withstand flaring at room temperature, without formation of cracks or other visible defects, by being forced axially with steady pressure over a hardened and polished tapered steel pin having a 74-degree included angle to produce a flare having a permanent expanded OD not less than that specified in Table 3.

TABLE 3A - Minimum Permanent Expanded OD, Inch/Pound Units

Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches	Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches
0.188	0.302	0.750	0.937
0.250	0.359	1.000	1.187
0.312	0.421	1.250	1.500
0.375	0.484	1.500	1.721
0.500	0.656	1.750	2.106
0.625	0.781	2.000	2.356

TABLE 3B - Minimum Permanent Expanded OD, SI Units

Nominal OD Millimeters	Expanded OD Millimeters	Nominal OD Millimeters	Expanded OD Millimeters
4.78	7.67	19.05	23.80
6.35	9.12	25.40	30.15
7.92	10.69	31.75	38.10
9.52	12.29	38.10	43.71
12.70	16.66	44.45	53.49
15.88	19.84	50.80	59.84

3.5.2.1 Tubing with nominal OD between any two standard sizes given in 3.5.2 shall take the same percentage flare as shown for the larger of the two sizes.

3.6 Quality:

Tubing, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition and shall have a finish conforming to the best practice for high quality aircraft tubing. It shall be smooth and free from heavy scale or oxide, burrs, seams, tears, grooves, laminations, slivers, pits, and other imperfections detrimental to usage of the tubing. Surface imperfections, such as handling marks, straightening marks, light mandrel and die marks, and scale pattern, will not be considered injurious if the imperfections are removable within the tolerances specified for wall thickness but removal of such imperfections is not required.

3.6.1 If weld reinforcement is present at the welds on the inner surface of the tubing, such weld reinforcement shall be not thicker than 0.010 inch (0.25 mm). The outer surfaces of the tubing shall be free from weld reinforcement.

3.6.2 When specified by purchaser, tubing shall be subjected to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with ASTM E 1417, to ultrasonic inspection in accordance with AMS 2634, to electromagnetic (eddy-current) inspection in accordance with ASTM E 426, or to any combination thereof. Tubing shall meet the requirements of 3.6 and other acceptance criteria established by the cognizant engineering organization.