



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

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AMS 6426

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Revised

STEEL BARS, FORGINGS, AND TUBING
0.75Si - 1.0Cr - 0.58Mo (0.80 - 0.90 C)
Vacuum Consumable Electrode Melted

1. **ACKNOWLEDGMENT:** A vendor shall mention this specification number in all quotations and when acknowledging purchase orders.
2. **FORM:** Bars, wire, forgings, mechanical tubing, and forging stock.
3. **APPLICATION:** Primarily for critical parts, such as bearing components, requiring a through-hardening steel for service up to 500 F (260 C) and with a minimum hardness of Rockwell C 60 in sections up to 3 in., inclusive.
4. **COMPOSITION:**

	min	max
Carbon	0.80 - 0.90	
Manganese	0.20 - 0.50	
Silicon	0.60 - 0.90	
Phosphorus	--	0.015
Sulfur	--	0.015
Chromium	0.85 - 1.15	
Molybdenum	0.50 - 0.65	
Nickel	--	0.15
Copper	--	0.15

- 4.1 **Check Analysis:** Composition variations shall meet the requirements of the latest issue of AMS 2259, paragraph titled "Low Alloy Steels".
5. **CONDITION:** Unless otherwise ordered, the product shall be supplied in the following condition:
 - 5.1 **Bars:** In a machinable condition and hot finished with microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having hardness not higher than Brinell 207 or equivalent, except that bars ordered cold finished may have hardness as high as Brinell 248 or equivalent.
 - 5.2 **Wire:** In a machinable condition and hot finished with a microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having tensile strength not higher than 105,000 psi, except that wire ordered cold finished may have a tensile strength as high as 125,000 psi.
 - 5.3 **Forgings:** As ordered.
 - 5.4 **Mechanical Tubing:** In a machinable condition and cold finished with microstructure of spheroidized cementite in ferrite matrix and having hardness not higher than Rockwell C 24 or equivalent, except that tubing ordered hot finished shall have hardness not higher than Rockwell B 95 or equivalent.
 - 5.5 **Forging Stock:** As ordered by the forging manufacturer.
6. **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:** When ASTM methods are specified for determining conformance to the following requirements, tests shall be conducted in accordance with the issue of the ASTM method listed in the latest issue of AMS 2350.

6.1 **Hardenability:** Specimens from bars and wire shall be full cross section of the material ground on both faces normal to the axis so that length is 0.50 inch. Specimens from mechanical tubing shall be full sections of the tubing, shall have wall thickness of 0.50 in. or less with wall thicknesses over 0.50 in. being turned to 0.50 in., and shall be ground on both faces normal to the axis so that length is 0.625 inch. The specimens shall be protected by suitable means, or treated in an atmosphere, to minimize scaling and prevent either carburization or decarburization during heat treatment. The specimens shall be placed in a furnace which is at $1600\text{ F} \pm 10$ ($871.1\text{ C} \pm 5.6$), allowed to heat to $1600\text{ F} \pm 10$ ($871.1\text{ C} \pm 5.6$), held at heat for 20 min., and quenched in commercial paraffin oil (100 SUS at 100 F (37.8 C)) at room temperature. The hardened specimens shall have substantially uniform hardness not lower than Rockwell C 64 at any point below any permissible decarburization.

6.2 **Decarburization:**

6.2.1 Bars, wire, and mechanical tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces. Decarburization on the ID of such tubing shall not exceed the maximum depth specified in 6.2.4.

6.2.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, wire, pierced billets, and tubing ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

6.2.3 Decarburization of bars and wire to which 6.2.1 or 6.2.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than the following:

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Inches	Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to 0.50, incl	0.015
Over 0.50 to 1.00, incl	0.020
Over 1.00 to 1.50, incl	0.025
Over 1.50 to 2.00, incl	0.030
Over 2.00 to 2.50, incl	0.035
Over 2.50 to 3.00, incl	0.040
Over 3.00	0.045

6.2.4 Decarburization of all mechanical tubing to which 6.2.1 or 6.2.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than the following:

Nominal Wall Thickness Inches	Depth of Decarburization, Inch	
	ID	OD
All	0.025	0.025

6.2.5 Unless otherwise agreed upon by purchaser and vendor, decarburization shall be measured by Rockwell Superficial 30-N scale hardness method, or equivalent hardness testing method, on hardened but untempered specimens protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured by a hardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface below which there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization or lack of decarburization thereon.

6.2.5.1 When determining depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the above limits by more than 0.005 in. and the width is 0.065 in. or less.

6.3 **Inclusion Rating:** Steel from which the product is produced shall be subjected to the following methods of inclusion rating. Specimens shall be cut from and represent the cross section of billet stock taken from the top and bottom of at least the first ingot, middle ingot, and last usable consumable ingot of each heat.

- 6.3.1 Macro Etch: Specimens, macroetched in hot 1:1 hydrochloric acid at 160 - 180 F (71.1 - 82.2 C) for sufficient time to develop a well defined macrostructure, shall show freedom from pipe, excessive porosity, segregation, and injurious inclusions.
- 6.3.2 Fracture: Specimens, approximately 0.375 in. in thickness, shall be annealed, hardened, and fractured approximately through the center of the cross section. The fractured specimens shall show freedom from pipe, excessive segregation, and porosity and shall show no non-metallic inclusions over 1/16 in. in length and not more than one non-metallic inclusion 1/32 - 1/16 in. in length for each 10 sq in. or fraction thereof of such surfaces.
- 6.3.3 Micro-Inclusion: Radial specimens, approximately 0.28 sq in. in surface area cut midway between center and surface of hardened fracture specimens, shall be polished on a face longitudinal to the direction of rolling for micro inclusion rating in accordance with the Jernkontoret chart in ASTM E45. No specimen shall exceed the following limits:

Inclusion Type	Dimensional Limitation Thickness or Diameter, Inch	Worst Field
A - Thin	0.00016 max	1.5
A - Heavy	0.00040 max	1.0
B - Thin	0.0003 to 0.0005, excl	1.5
B - Heavy	0.0005 to 0.0010, incl	1.0
C - Thin	0.00020 max	1.5
C - Heavy	0.00035 max	1.0
D - Thin	0.0002 to 0.0004, excl	1.5
D - Heavy	0.0004 to 0.0010, incl	1.0

- 6.3.3.1 For Type A thin, there shall be not more than five fields of 1.5 rating, and not more than three lower rateable fields per specimen. For types B and C thin combined, there shall be not more than three fields of 1.5 rating and not more than three lower rateable fields per specimen. For type D thin, there shall be not more than three No. 1.5 fields and not more than five lower rateable D type thin fields per specimen. There shall be no more than one field each of No. 1.0, A, B, C, or D type heavy per specimen.
- 6.3.3.2 A rateable field is defined as one which has a type A, B, C, or D inclusion rating of at least No. 1.0 thin or heavy in accordance with the dimensional limitations of 6.3.2 and the Jernkontoret chart, Plate III, ASTM E45.

- 6.4 Hardness Retention: Specimens, taken from the full cross section of annealed bars, wire, or tubes, machined to 0.50 in. in thickness, and then hardened as in 6.1, shall be capable of maintaining room temperature hardness not lower than of Rockwell C 60 following 400 hr exposure at 500 F $\pm$ 10 (260 C $\pm$ 5.6).

6.5 Surface Requirements:

- 6.5.1 Bars, wire, and tubes ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the ground, turned, or polished surfaces.
- 6.5.2 Product ordered to surface conditions other than ground, turned, or polished shall, after removal of the standard machining allowance, be free from seams, laps, tears, cracks, and other defects exposed to the machined surfaces. Standard machining allowance shall be in accordance with values shown in the latest issue of AMS 2301.