

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

SAE AMS 6481B

Issued 1998-10
Revised 2007-11

Superseding AMS 6481A

Steel Bars, Forgings, and Tubing, Nitriding
3Cr - 1Mo - 0.2V - (0.29 - 0.36C)
Premium Aircraft-Quality for Bearing Applications
Double Vacuum Melted

(Composition similar to UNS K24340)

RATIONALE

AMS 6481B results from a Five Year Review and update of this specification.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a nitriding grade of premium aircraft-quality, low-alloy steel in the form of bars, forgings, mechanical tubing, and forging stock.

1.2 Application

These products have been used typically for nitrided parts such as bearings, operating under heavy loads and high speeds at moderate temperatures, and subject to very rigid inspection standards, and requiring highest surface hardness, high core toughness, and less distortion than parts made from steel requiring quenching to case harden, but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent supplied herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS 2251	Tolerances, Low-Alloy Steel Bars
AMS 2253	Tolerances, Carbon and Alloy Steel Tubing
AMS 2259	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Low-Alloy and Carbon Steels
AMS 2300	Steel Cleanliness, Premium Aircraft-Quality, Magnetic Particle Inspection Procedure
AMS 2370	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS 2372	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Forgings

SAE Technical Standards Board Rules provide that: "This report is published by SAE to advance the state of technical and engineering sciences. The use of this report is entirely voluntary, and its applicability and suitability for any particular use, including any patent infringement arising therefrom, is the sole responsibility of the user."

SAE reviews each technical report at least every five years at which time it may be reaffirmed, revised, or cancelled. SAE invites your written comments and suggestions.

Copyright © 2007 SAE International

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of SAE.

TO PLACE A DOCUMENT ORDER: Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada)
Tel: 724-776-4970 (outside USA)
Fax: 724-776-0790
Email: CustomerService@sae.org
SAE WEB ADDRESS: <http://www.sae.org>

AMS 2806	Identification, Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions, Carbon and Alloy Steels and Corrosion and Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys
AMS 2808	Identification, Forgings
AS1182	Standard Stock Removal Allowance, Aircraft-Quality and Premium Aircraft-Quality Steel Bars and Mechanical Tubing

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM A 370	Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
ASTM A 604	Macroetch Testing of Consumable Electrode Remelted Steel Bars and Billets
ASTM E 45	Determining the Inclusion Content of Steels
ASTM E 112	Determining Average Grain Size
ASTM E 350	Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron
ASTM E 384	Microindentation Hardness of Materials

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the following percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 350 or by spectrochemical or other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - COMPOSITION

Element	min	max
Carbon	0.29	0.36
Manganese	0.40	0.70
Silicon	0.10	0.40
Phosphorus	--	0.015
Sulfur	--	0.005
Chromium	2.80	3.30
Nickel	--	0.30
Molybdenum	0.70	1.20
Vanadium	0.15	0.35
Copper	--	0.10

3.1.1 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS 2259.

3.2 Melting Practice

Steel shall be double vacuum melted, using vacuum induction melting followed by vacuum arc consumable electrode remelting.

3.3 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness and tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A 370:

3.3.1 Bars

3.3.1.1 Bars 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) and Under in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Cold finished having tensile strength not higher than 125 ksi (862 MPa) or equivalent hardness (See 8.2).

3.3.1.2 Bars over 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Hot finished and annealed, unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 255 HB, or equivalent (See 8.3). Bars ordered cold finished may have hardness as high as 269 HB or equivalent (See 8.3).

3.3.2 Forgings

As ordered.

3.3.3 Mechanical Tubing

Cold finished, unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 272 HB, or equivalent (See 8.3). Tubing ordered hot finished and annealed shall have hardness not higher than 248 HB or equivalent (See 8.3).

3.3.4 Forging Stock

As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.4 Properties

The product shall conform to the following requirements; mechanical tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM A 370:

3.4.1 Macrostructure

Visual examination of transverse full cross-sections from bars, billets, tube rounds, or forging stock, etched in hot hydrochloric acid in accordance with ASTM A 604, shall show no pipe or cracks. Porosity, segregation, inclusions, and other imperfections for product 36 square inches (230 cm²) and under in nominal cross-sectional area shall be no worse than the macrographs of ASTM A 604 shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2 - MACROSTRUCTURE

Class	Condition	Severity
1	Freckles	A
2	White Spots	A
3	Radial Segregation	B
4	Ring Pattern	B

3.4.2 Micro-Inclusion Rating

No specimen shall exceed the limits shown in Table 3, determined in accordance with ASTM E 45, Method D.

TABLE 3 - MICRO-INCLUSION RATING LIMITS

Type	A Thin	A Heavy	B Thin	B Heavy	C Thin	C Heavy	D Thin	D Heavy
Worst Field Severity	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
Worst Field Frequency, maximum	a	1	a	1	a	1	3	1
Total Rateable Fields, Frequency, maximum	b	1	b	1	b	1	5	1

a - Combined A+B+C, not more than 3 fields

b - Combined A+B+C, not more than 8 fields

3.4.2.1 A rateable field is defined as one which has a type A, B, C, or D inclusion rating of at least No. 1.0 thin or heavy in accordance with Jernkontoret chart, Plate I-r, ASTM E 45.

3.4.3 Average Grain Size

Shall be ASTM No. 6 or finer determined in accordance with ASTM E 112.

3.4.4 Response to Heat Treatment

The product (See 4.3.3) shall have the properties shown in Table 4 after being austenitized by heating to 1690 °F ± 15 (921 °C ± 10), holding at least 1 to 3 hours, and quenching in oil, followed by tempering for 2 hours minimum at not lower than 1110 °F (599 °C).

TABLE 4 - LONGITUDINAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Value
Tensile Strength, min	165 ksi (1137 MPa)
Yield Strength 0.2%, min	138 ksi (951 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, min	13%
Charpy V-notch, min	50 ft/lb (68 J)
Hardness	352 to 388 HB, or equivalent (See 8.3)

3.4.5 Decarburization

3.4.5.1 Bars and tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces.

3.4.5.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, billets, and tube rounds ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

3.4.5.3 Decarburization of bars to which 3.4.5.1 or 3.4.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5A - MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, INCH/POUND UNITS

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Inches	Total Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to 0.500, incl	0.015
Over 0.500 to 1.000, incl	0.030
Over 1.000 to 2.000, incl	0.040
Over 2.000 to 3.000, incl	0.050
Over 3.000 to 4.000, incl	0.065
Over 4.000 to 5.000, incl	0.095

TABLE 5B - MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, SI UNITS

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Millimeters		Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters
Up to	12.70, incl	0.38
Over	12.70 to 25.40, incl	0.76
Over	25.40 to 50.80, incl	1.02
Over	50.80 to 75.20, incl	1.27
Over	75.20 to 101.60, incl	1.65
Over	101.60 to 127.00, incl	2.41

- 3.4.5.4 Decarburization of all tubing to which 3.4.5.1 or 3.4.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 6.

TABLE 6A - MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, INCH/POUND UNITS

Nominal Outside Diameter Inches		Total Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to	1.000, incl	0.025
Over	1.000 to 2.000, incl	0.035
Over	2.000 to 3.000, incl	0.045
Over	3.000 to 4.000, incl	0.055
Over	4.000 to 5.000, incl	0.080

TABLE 6B - MAXIMUM DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, SI UNITS

Nominal Outside Diameter Millimeters		Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters
Up to	25.40, incl	0.64
Over	25.40 to 50.80, incl	0.89
Over	50.80 to 75.20, incl	1.14
Over	75.20 to 101.60, incl	1.40
Over	101.60 to 127.00, incl	2.03

- 3.4.5.5 Decarburization shall be measured by the metallographic method, by the HR30N scale hardness testing method, or by a traverse method using microhardness testing in accordance with ASTM E 384. The hardness method(s) shall be conducted on a hardened but untempered specimen protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured by a hardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface below which there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization on the adjacent surface. In case of dispute, the depth of decarburization determined using the microhardness traverse method shall govern.
- 3.4.5.6 When determining the depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the above limits by more than 0.005 inch (0.13 mm) and the width is 0.065 inch (1.65 mm) or less.

3.5 Quality

The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

- 3.5.1 Steel shall be premium aircraft-quality conforming to AMS 2300.

- 3.5.1.1 Bars and mechanical tubing ordered hot rolled or cold drawn, ground, turned, or polished shall, after removal of the standard machining allowance in accordance with AS1182, be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the ground, turned, or polished surface.

3.5.2 Grain flow of die forgings, except in areas which contain flash-line end grain, shall follow the general contour of the forgings showing no evidence of reentrant grain flow.

3.6 Tolerances

Shall be as follows:

3.6.1 Bars

In accordance with AMS 2251.

3.6.2 Mechanical Tubing

In accordance with AMS 2253.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The vendor of the product shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that product conforms to specified requirements.

4.2 Classification of Tests

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1), condition (3.3), macrostructure (3.4.1), micro-inclusion rating (3.4.2), average grain size (3.4.3), response to heat treatment (3.4.4), decarburization (3.4.5), frequency-severity rating (3.5.1), and tolerances (3.6) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Grain flow of die forgings (3.5.2) is a periodic test and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the vendor unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

Shall be as follows:

4.3.1 Bars, Mechanical Tubing, and Forging Stock

In accordance with AMS 2370.

4.3.2 Forgings

In accordance with AMS 2372.

4.3.3 Samples for Response to Heat Treatment

Samples shall be of full cross section of the product, except that product over 2 inches (50.8 mm) in nominal diameter, or least distance between parallel sides may be forged or machined to 2 inches (50.8 mm) before heat treatment.