



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS6491**REV. E**Issued 1976-01
Revised 2014-05

Superseding AMS6491D

Steel Bars, Forgings, and Tubing
4.1Cr - 4.2Mo - 1.0V (0.80 - 0.85C) (M-50)
Premium Aircraft-Quality for Bearing Applications, Double Vacuum Melted
(Composition similar to UNS T11350)

RATIONALE

AMS6491E results from a Five Year Review and update of this specification.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a premium aircraft-quality, low-alloy steel in the form of bars, forgings, mechanical tubing, and forging stock.

1.2 Application

These products have been used typically for parts, such as bearings operating under heavy loads and high speeds at moderate temperatures and subject to very rigid inspection standards, but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2251	Tolerances, Low-Alloy Steel Bars
AMS2253	Tolerances, Carbon and Alloy Steel Tubing
AMS2259	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Low-Alloy and Carbon Steels
AMS2300	Steel Cleanliness, Premium Aircraft-Quality, Magnetic Particle Inspection Procedure

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AMS2370	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS2372	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Forgings
AMS2375	Control of Forgings Requiring First Article Approval
AMS2806	Identification, Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions, Carbon and Alloy Steels and Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys
AMS2808	Identification, Forgings
AS1182	Standard Stock Removal Allowance, Aircraft-Quality and Premium Aircraft-Quality Steel Bars and Mechanical Tubing

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM A 370	Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
ASTM A 604	Macroetch Testing of Consumable Electrode Remelted Steel Bars and Billets
ASTM E 45	Determining the Inclusion Content of Steel
ASTM E 112	Determining Average Grain Size
ASTM E 350	Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron
ASTM E 384	Knoop and Vickers Hardness of Materials

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 350, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

TABLE 1 - COMPOSITION

Element	min	max
Carbon	0.80	0.85
Manganese	0.15	0.35
Silicon	--	0.25
Phosphorus	--	0.015
Sulfur	--	0.008
Chromium	4.00	4.25
Molybdenum	4.00	4.50
Vanadium	0.90	1.10
Nickel	--	0.15
Cobalt	--	0.25
Tungsten	--	0.25
Copper	--	0.10

3.1.1 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2259.

3.2 Melting Practice

Steel shall be double vacuum melted, using vacuum induction melting practice followed by vacuum consumable electrode remelting.

3.3 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness and tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A 370:

3.3.1 Bars

Bar shall not be cut from plate (Also see 4.5.2).

3.3.1.1 Bars 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) and Under in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Cold finished and sheroidized annealed, having tensile strength not higher than 120.0 ksi (825 MPa), or equivalent hardness (See 8.2).

3.3.1.2 Bars Over 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Hot finished and sheroidized annealed, unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 229 HB, or equivalent (See 8.3). Bars ordered cold finished may have hardness as high as 248 HB, or equivalent (See 8.3).

3.3.2 Forgings

As ordered.

3.3.3 Mechanical Tubing

Cold finished, unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 25 HRC, or equivalent (See 8.3). Tubing ordered hot finished and annealed shall have hardness not higher than 99 HRB, or equivalent (See 8.3).

3.3.4 Forging Stock

As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.4 Properties

The product shall conform to the following requirements; hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM A 370:

3.4.1 Macrostructure

Visual examination of transverse sections from bars, billets, tube rounds, and forging stock, etched in hot hydrochloric acid in accordance with ASTM A 604, shall show no pipe or cracks. Porosity, segregation, inclusions, and other imperfections shall be no worse than the macrographs of ASTM A 604 shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2 - MACROSTRUCTURE LIMITS

Class	Condition	Severity
1	Freckles	A
2	White Spots	A
3	Radial Segregation	B
4	Ring Pattern	B

3.4.2 Micro-Inclusion Rating of Each Heat

No specimen shall exceed the limits of Table 3, determined in accordance with ASTM E 45, Method D.

TABLE 3 - MICRO-INCLUSION RATING LIMITS

Type	A Thin	A Heavy	B Thin	B Heavy	C Thin	C Heavy	D Thin	D Heavy
Worst Field Severity	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
Worst Field Frequency, maximum	a	1	a	1	a	1	3	1
Total Rateable Fields, Frequency, maximum	b	1	b	1	b	1	8	1

a - Combined A+B+C, not more than 3 fields
b - Combined A+B+C, not more than 8 fields

3.4.2.1 A rateable field is defined as one that has a type A, B, C, or D inclusion rating of at least No. 1.0 thin or heavy in accordance with ASTM E 45.

3.4.3 Response to Heat Treatment

Specimens as in 4.3.3 protected by suitable means or treated in a neutral atmosphere or neutral salt to minimize scaling and prevent either carburization or decarburization, shall have substantially uniform hardness not lower than 60 HRC after being heated to 2025 to 2050 °F (1107 to 1121 °C) by any convenient means, held to equalize at temperature, and either quenched into salt bath at 1100 to 1150 °F (593 to 621 °C), held in salt bath for 2 minutes $\pm$ 0.2, and air cooled to room temperature or directly air cooled to room temperature, and tempered for 2 hours $\pm$ 0.25 at 1000 to 1025 °F (538 to 552 °C).

3.4.4 Average Grain Size of Bars, Forgings and Tubing

Shall be ASTM No. 7 or finer, determined in accordance with ASTM E 112 after austenitizing and quenching as in 3.4.3.

3.4.5 Decarburization

3.4.5.1 Bars and tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces. Decarburization on tubing ID shall not exceed the maximum depth specified in Table 5.

3.4.5.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, billets, and tube rounds ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.

3.4.5.3 Decarburization of bars to which 3.4.5.1 or 3.4.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4A - MAXIMUM TOTAL DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, INCH/POUND UNITS

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Inches	Total Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to 0.500, incl	0.015
Over 0.500 to 1.000, incl	0.030
Over 1.000 to 2.000, incl	0.040
Over 2.000 to 3.000, incl	0.050
Over 3.000 to 4.000, incl	0.065
Over 4.000 to 5.000, incl	0.095

TABLE 4B - MAXIMUM TOTAL DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, SI UNITS

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Millimeters		Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters
Up to	12.50, incl	0.38
Over	12.50 to 25.00, incl	0.75
Over	25.00 to 50.00, incl	1.00
Over	50.00 to 75.00, incl	1.25
Over	75.00 to 100.00, incl	1.65
Over	100.00 to 125.00, incl	2.40

- 3.4.5.4 Decarburization of all tubing to which 3.4.5.1 or 3.4.5.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5A - MAXIMUM TOTAL DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, INCH/POUND UNITS

Nominal Outside Diameter Inches		Total Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to	1.000, incl	0.025
Over	1.000 to 2.000, incl	0.035
Over	2.000 to 3.000, incl	0.045
Over	3.000 to 4.000, incl	0.055
Over	4.000 to 5.000, incl	0.080

TABLE 5B - MAXIMUM TOTAL DEPTH OF DECARBURIZATION, SI UNITS

Nominal Outside Diameter Millimeters		Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters
Up to	25.00, incl	0.62
Over	25.00 to 50.00, incl	0.88
Over	50.00 to 75.00, incl	1.12
Over	75.00 to 100.00, incl	1.40
Over	100.00 to 125.00, incl	2.00

- 3.4.5.5 Decarburization shall be measured by the microscopic method or by the microhardness traverse method using microhardness testing in accordance with ASTM E 384. The microhardness method shall be conducted on a hardened but untempered specimen protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization, when measured by the microhardness method, is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface where there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from any adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by decarburization on the adjacent surface. In case of dispute, the depth of decarburization determined using the microhardness traverse method shall govern.

- 3.4.5.5.1 When determining the depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the above limits by more than 0.005 inch (0.13 mm) and the width is 0.065 inch (1.65 mm) or less.

3.5 Quality

The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

3.5.1 Steel shall be premium aircraft-quality conforming to AMS2300.

3.5.2 Bars and mechanical tubing ordered hot rolled or cold drawn, or ground, turned, or polished shall, after removal of the standard stock removal allowance in accordance with AS1182, be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the machined, ground, turned, or polished surface.

3.5.3 Grain flow of die forgings, except in areas that contain flash-line end grain, shall follow the general contour of the forgings showing no evidence of reentrant grain flow.

3.6 Tolerances

3.6.1 Bars

In accordance with AMS2251.

3.6.2 Mechanical Tubing

In accordance with AMS2253.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The vendor of the product shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the product conforms to specified requirements.

4.2 Classification of Tests

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1), condition (3.3), macrostructure (3.4.1), micro-inclusion rating (3.4.2), response to heat treatment (3.4.3), average grain size (3.4.4), decarburization (3.4.5), and tolerance (3.6) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Frequency-severity rating (3.5.1) and grain flow of die forgings (3.5.3) are periodic tests and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the vendor unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

4.3.1 Bars, Forging Stock, and Mechanical Tubing

In accordance with AMS2370.

4.3.2 Forgings

In accordance with AMS2372.

4.3.3 Specimens for response to heat treatment (3.4.3) shall be taken midway between surface and center of samples representing the top and bottom of each remelted ingot involved in the lot obtained from semi-finished or finished product. The surface to be tested shall be ground sufficiently to remove any surface condition, scale, carburization, or decarburization that might affect readings.

4.3.3.1 Alternately, the specimen may be obtained from the finished lot.