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SAE-AS7250, "NUTS, SELF-LOCKING, STEEL, CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTANT HIGH STRENGTH, ALL METAL 1200 DEG. F USE, UN THREAD FORM", was adopted on 01-AUG-93 for use by the Department of Defense (DoD). Proposed changes by DoD activities must be submitted to the DoD Adopting Activity: Commander, Defense Supply Center Philadelphia, ATTN: DSCP-ITAA, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5096. Copies of this document may be purchased from the Society of Automotive Engineers 400 Commonwealth Drive Warrendale, Pennsylvania, United States, 15096-0001. <http://www.sae.org/>

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AEROSPACE STANDARD

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SAE AS7250

REV.
A

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NUTS, SELF-LOCKING, STEEL, CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTANT HIGH STRENGTH, ALL METAL 1200 °F USE, UN THREAD FORM

FSC 5310

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Type:

This document covers all metal, self-locking wrenching nuts, plate nuts, shank nuts, and gang channel nuts made from a corrosion and heat resistant steel of the type identified under the Unified Numbering System as UNS S66286 and of 160 ksi tensile strength at room temperature, with maximum test temperature of parts at 1200 °F.

1.2 Application:

For use up to approximately 1200 °F where high strength nuts with UN thread form are required for use with 0.003 inch reduced pitch diameter threaded bolt.

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Applicable Documents:

The following publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order. In the event of conflict between the text of this document and references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

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SAE AS7250 Revision A

2.1.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.
(R)

AMS 2410	Silver Plating, Nickel Strike, High Bake
AMS 2411	Silver Plating, High Temperature Application
AMS 5731	Steel Bars, Forgings, Tubing, and Rings, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, 15Cr 25.5Ni 1.3Mo 2.1Ti 0.006B 0.30V, Consumable Electrode Melted, 1800 °F (982 °C) Solution Heat Treated
AMS 5732	Steel Bars, Forgings, Tubing, and Rings, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, 15Cr 25.5Ni 1.3Mo. 2.1 Ti 0.006B 0.30V, Consumable Electrode Melted, 1800 °F (982 °C) Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated
AMS 5734	Steel Bars, Forgings, and Tubing, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, 15Cr 25.5Ni 1.2Mo 2.1Ti 0.006B 0.30V, Consumable Electrode Melted, 1650 °F (900 °C) Solution Heat Treated
AMS 5737	Steel Corrosion and Heat Resistant, Bars, Wire, Forgings, and Tubing, 15Cr 25.5Ni 1.2Mo. 2.1 Ti 0.06B 0.30V, Consumable Electrode Melted, 1650 °F (899 °C) Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated
AMS 5853	Steel Bars and Wire, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, 15Cr 25.5Ni 1.2Mo 2.1Ti 0.006B 0.30V, 1800 °F (982 °C) Solution Treated and Work Strengthened, 160 ksi (1103 MPa) Tensile Strength
AS954	Design Data and Standardization of Thin Wall 12-Point Sockets and Box Wrenches for Aerospace Engine Use
AS1310	Fastener Torque Threaded Applications, Definitions of
AS7477	Bolts and Screws, Steel, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, Upset Headed, Heat Treated, Roll Threaded, 1800 °F Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated
AS7478	Bolts and Screws, Steel, Corrosion and Heat Resistant, 1800 °F Solution Heat Treated, Precipitation Heat Treated After Roll Threaded

2.1.2 U.S. Government Publications: Available from DODSSP, Subscription Services Desk, Building 4D, 700
(R) Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.

GGG-W-636	Wrenches (Box, Open End, and Combinations)
MIL-L-7808	Lubricating Oil, Aircraft Turbine Engine, Synthetic Base
MIL-S-7742	Screw Threads, Standard, Optimum Selected Series; General Specification for
MIL-STD-1312-6	Fastener Test Methods, Method 6, Hardness

2.1.3 ANSI Publication: Available from ANSI, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002.

ANSI/ASME B46.1 Surface Texture (Surface Roughness, Waviness, and Lay)

SAE AS7250 Revision A

2.1.4 ASTM Publications: Available from ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA
(R) 19428-2959.

ASTM E 140 Standard Hardness Conversion Tables for Metals
ASTM D 3951 Commercial Packaging

2.2 Definitions:
(R)

Refer to AS1310 for definitions related to fastener torque.

BURR: A rough edge or ridge left on the metal due to a cutting, grinding, piercing or blanking operation.

DEFECT: Any nonconformance of the unit of product with specified requirements.

DEFECTIVE: A unit of product which contains one or more defects.

PRODUCTION INSPECTION LOT: Shall be all finished parts of the same part number, made from a single heat of alloy, heat treated at the same time to the same specified condition, produced as one continuous run, and submitted for vendor's inspection at the same time.

ROOM TEMPERATURE: Ambient temperature (68 °F approximately).

TIGHT BURR: A burr closely compacted and binding in the periphery of a part without any loose ends and is within the dimensional limits of the part.

2.3 Unit Symbols:

°	degree, angular
°C	degree Celsius
°F	degree Fahrenheit
%	percent (1% = 1/100)
HRC	hardness, Rockwell C scale
lbf	pound-force
lbf-in	pound-force inch, torque
psi	pound-force per square inch
ksi	kips (1000 pounds) per square inch
cpm	cycles per minute
in ²	square inch
µin Ra	microinch, roughness average

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Material:
(R)

Shall be AMS 5731, AMS 5734, or AMS 5853.

SAE AS7250 Revision A

3.2 Construction:

Each nut shall be a self-contained unit including the self-locking device. The locking device shall not operate by means of separate movement from the installation and shall not depend on pressure on the bearing surface for the locking action. The locking device shall be set to meet the locking torque requirements of 3.7.3 when used with external threads that meet the requirements of 3.8. Tool marks resulting from producing the locking feature shall blend smoothly without abrupt change.

3.3 Threads:

Unless otherwise specified on the part drawing, threads shall conform to MIL-S-7742 on the finished product. Except as in 3.3.2, there shall be no antiseizure allowance on the nut thread to provide a clearance fit.

- 3.3.1 Bearing Surface Squareness: The bearing surface shall be square with the thread pitch cylinder axis (R) within the limits specified on the part drawing. Bearing surface shall not be convex. Bearing surface squareness shall be tested using a table squareness gage and feeler gage. The squareness requirement shall apply to the complete bearing surface of the nut except that, for nonfloating plate nuts having a bearing surface exceeding 1.5 times the thread major diameter, the squareness requirement shall, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing, apply only to the portion of the bearing surface of the nut contained within a diameter equal to 1.5 times the thread major diameter. The nuts to be inspected shall permit at least three complete turns of engagement on the thread arbor of the squareness gage; plating or coating may be stripped, if necessary, to meet this requirement. Multipiece floating plate nuts shall have the nut element removed from the retainer for checking thread squareness.

- 3.3.2 Plating or Coating Allowance: Internal thread plating or coating allowance shall be as specified in (R) MIL-S-7742, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing.

3.4 Heat Treatment:

The nuts shall be precipitation heat treated after forming to meet the hardness as in 3.4.1.

- 3.4.1 Hardness: Unless otherwise specified on the part drawing, the core hardness after heat treatment as in (R) 3.4 shall be no greater than 46 HRC (see 8.1), determined in accordance with MIL-STD-1312-6. The minimum limit is controlled by the axial tensile strength requirement in 3.7.1.

3.5 Plating:

Nuts shall be silver plated in accordance with AMS 2411, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing. On nuts with thread sizes 0.250 inch and larger, the plating thickness shall be not less than 0.0002 inch when measured on the thread pitch diameter. Microscopic measurement on a sectioned nut shall be used as a referee method. Nuts with thread sizes 0.190 inch and smaller shall show complete coverage on the thread. Plating on other surfaces shall be 0.0003 to 0.0006 inch thick.

SAE AS7250 Revision A

3.6 Lubrication:

(R)

The nuts may be provided with a wax type coating (cetyl alcohol) which will prevent nut-bolt seizure at initial installation provided such treatment is applicable to all production nuts of the same part number.

3.7 Performance:

Unless otherwise specified on the part drawing, nuts shall conform to the performance requirements in 3.7.1, 3.7.2, 3.7.3, 3.7.4, 3.7.5, 3.7.6, 3.7.7, 3.7.8, and 3.7.9. All tests shall be conducted on representative nuts assembled on bolts of any convenient length and on which the nuts will assemble freely, with the fingers, up to the self-locking device.

- 3.7.1 Axial Tensile Strength: Not less than four nuts in the as-received condition and four nuts which have been heated to $1200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$, held at heat for $6\text{ hours} \pm 0.25\text{ hour}$ and cooled to room temperature, shall be assembled on alloy steel bolts hardened and tempered to not lower than 40 HRC, and having threads in accordance with 3.8. Each nut-bolt assembly shall be tested at room temperature in axial tension, using a bearing plate to grip the nut. The bearing plate hole diameter shall be 0.010 to 0.034 inch greater than the bolt thread basic major diameter. Bearing plate hole edges shall be broken 0.010 to 0.015 inch. Axial tensile strength of the nut shall be not lower than the load values specified in Table 1 and the nuts shall not crack during the test; tests need not be run to failure. The axial tensile load shall be applied to the nut slowly at a maximum rate equivalent to:

$$\text{Load, lbf/minute} = 78\,000 \times D^2 \quad (\text{Eq.1})$$

where:

D = nominal major diameter of thread

SAE AS7250 Revision A

TABLE 1 - Axial Tensile Load

Nut Thread Size	Axial Tensile Load at Room Temp. lbf minimum /1/
0.112-40UNC-3B	795
0.112-48UNF-3B	907
0.138-32UNC-3B	1 190
0.138-40UNF-3B	1 400
0.164-32UNC-3B	1 914
0.164-36UNF-3B	2 056
0.190-32UNF-3B	2 805
0.250-28UNF-3B	5 210
0.3125-24UNF-3B	8 389
0.375 -24UNF-3B	12 940
0.4375-20UNF-3B	17 440
0.500 -20UNF-3B	23 780
0.5625-18UNF-3B	30 210
0.625 -18UNF-3B	38 410

/1/ Requirements above apply to companion bolts with UN threads to Class 3A tolerance. Area upon which stress for axial tensile load requirements is based on the area at 0.75H thread depth and calculated as follows:

$$A = 0.7854[D - (1.5H)]^2 = 0.7854[D - (1.2990/n)]^2 \quad (\text{Eq.2})$$

where:

A = Area at 0.75H thread depth, in²
H = Height of sharp V-thread = (cos 30°)/n, inch
n = Number of thread pitches per inch
D = Major diameter, maximum, inch

Load requirements for axial strength load is based on 160 000 psi stress.

$$\text{Axial tensile load} = 160\,000 \text{ psi} \times A, \text{ lbf} \quad (\text{Eq.3})$$

For sizes not shown, axial tensile strength loads for nuts shall be based upon the respective bolt stress area using the above equation and 160 000 psi stress.

SAE AS7250 Revision A

3.7.1.1 Shank Nuts: Nuts with shanks designed to be flared at assembly (see Figure 1) shall be tested as in 3.7.1 except that the bearing plate hole shall be 0.004 to 0.008 inch greater than the maximum allowable shank diameter. It is not necessary to flare the shank for this test. The bearing plate hole shall be chamfered sufficiently to clear the shank nut bearing surface-to-shank maximum fillet.

3.7.2 Wrench Torque: This test is applicable to wrenching nuts with hexagon or double hexagon wrenching feature. For this test only, all nuts shall be cleaned to remove all trace of any lubricant, wax, or antiseize coating or compound. At least three nuts shall be tested at room temperature for wrench torque by assembling a nut on an alloy steel bolt having sufficient strength. The nut shall be tightened against a bushing with a hole diameter as in 3.7.1 and having hardness not lower than 40 HRC, and surface roughness of 63 min Ra. Nuts shall withstand 12 successive applications of the torque specified in Table 2 without destroying the wrenchability of the nut. Wrenches used for this test shall be the open-end type conforming to GGG-W-636, Type IV, for hexagon nuts, and socket type conforming to AS954 for double hexagon nuts.

(R) TABLE 2 - Wrench Torque

Nominal Dimension Across Flats inch	Nut Wrenching Feature Double Hexagon Wrench Torque min, lbf-in.	Nut Wrenching Feature Hexagon Wrench Torque min, lbf-in.
0.188	30	30
0.218	40	40
0.250	82	60
0.281	145	90
0.312	205	125
0.375	450	250
0.438	730	370
0.500	930	495
0.562	1130	690
0.625	1565	990
0.688	2000	1235
0.750	2375	1485
0.781	2750	1730
0.812	3180	1980

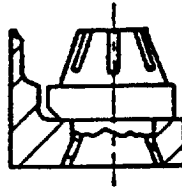


FIGURE 1 - Flange Assembly, Flared Shank Nut

3.7.3 Locking Feature Torques: The locking feature torques shall be measured and recorded for not less than 10 new nuts, selected at random from the lot, for each of the tests required in 3.7.5. Loading and conditioning for the five-cycle test of 3.7.5.2, shall be in accordance with 3.7.3.1. Test bolts shall conform to 3.8 or equivalent threaded parts. Test fixtures shall conform to 3.7.3.1.2. Tests shall be conducted at room temperature. The end of the bolt shall extend a minimum of 1.5 thread turns through the top of the nut at the start of the test. Test shall be run in such a manner that a dependable measure of torque will be obtained. The increase in temperature of the nuts during the test shall not exceed 74°F. The maximum prevailing and minimum breakaway torque (see AS1310) shall not exceed the values specified in Table 3 as required by the reusability tests in 3.7.5.

3.7.3.1 Loading and Conditioning: Nut-bolt assemblies shall be lubricated in accordance with 3.10 and loaded in axial tension to 75 ksi at room temperature on a spacer-type fixture in accordance with 3.7.3.1.2, measuring and recording maximum prevailing torque. Loading shall be determined by elongation measurement of the bolt at room temperature. For reference, minimum bolt lengths are given in 3.8. Allow assembly to remain stressed at room temperature for not less than 1 hour, remeasured, and loading adjusted to 75 ksi. The loaded assemblies shall then be heated in a furnace to 1200 °F ± 15 °F, held at heat for 6 hours ± 0.25 hour, removed from furnace, cooled to room temperature, and unloaded by loosening nut one-half turn and record unseating torque. Breakaway and prevailing torques shall be measured and recorded as the nut is removed from the bolt. In case of wrenchable nuts, the nut shall be turned relative to the fixture; in the case of anchor or channel nuts, the bolt head shall be turned. The wrenchability of the tested nuts shall not be destroyed by the test.

SAE AS7250 Revision A

(R) TABLE 3 - Locking Feature Torques

Nominal Thread Size	Minimum Breakaway Torque lbf-in /1/	Minimum Breakaway Torque lbf-in /2/	Maximum Prevailing Torque lbf-in /3/	Maximum Prevailing Torque lbf-in /4/
0.112 -40	0.5	1	4	8
0.112 -48	0.5	1	4	8
0.138 -32	1	2	7	14
0.138 -40	1	2	7	14
0.164 -32	1.5	3	11	22
0.164 -36	1.5	3	11	22
0.190 -32	2	4	15	30
0.250 -28	3.5	7	30	60
0.3125-24	6.5	13	60	120
0.375 -24	9.5	19	80	160
0.4375-20	14	28	100	200
0.500 -20	18	36	150	300
0.5625-18	24	48	200	400
0.625 -18	32	64	300	600

/1/ Minimum breakaway torque for 12-cycle, room temperature, as received test; 5-cycle, loaded and conditioned test; permanent set test

/2/ Minimum breakaway torque for single-cycle, loaded, room temperature test

/3/ Maximum prevailing torque for 12-cycle, room temperature, as received test; single-cycle, loaded, room temperature test; permanent set test.

NOTE: At initial installation, values may be exceeded when bolt first enters locking feature, provided all parts are within the specified limits after a minimum of 1.5 thread pitches, including chamfer, protrudes through the top of nut.

/4/ Maximum prevailing torque at removal for 5-cycle, loaded and conditioned test.

SAE AS7250 Revision A

3.7.3.1.1 Loading: The bolt elongation used to load the nut-bolt assembly to induce 75 000 psi axial tensile stress in the bolted assembly is based on a modulus of elasticity of 29 500 000 psi and the following equations:

$$e = s/E, \text{ unit elongation, inch/inch} \quad (\text{Eq.4})$$

$$eL = \text{bolt elongation, inch} \quad (\text{Eq.5})$$

where:

- e = unit strain of bolt loaded shank, inch/inch
- s = 75 000 psi bolt stress at area of max (root) diameter
- E = 29 500 000 psi modulus of elasticity
- L = bushing length (see Figure 2) in loaded nut-bolt assembly, inch

The elongation of bolts for nut sizes not listed herein shall be $0.0025425L$,

where:

L = bushing length as in Figure 2

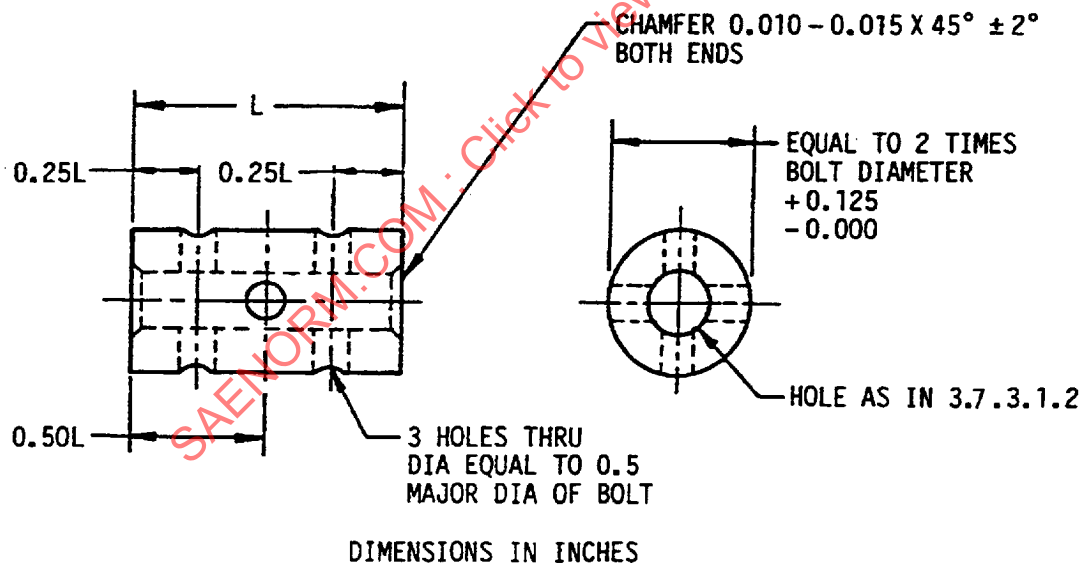
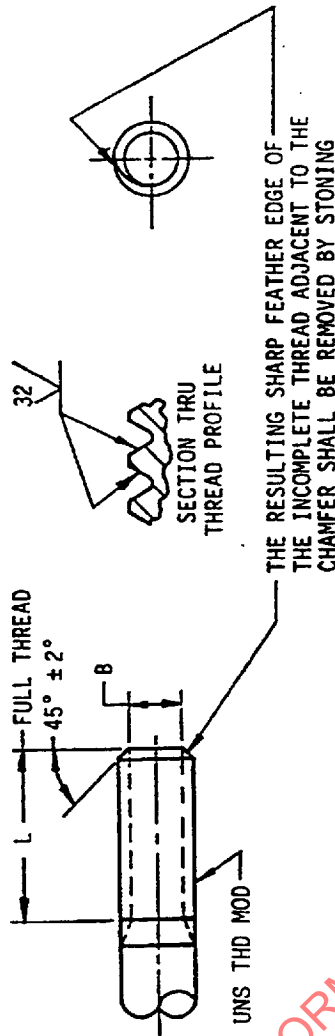


FIGURE 2 - Spacer-Type Fixture

SAE AS7250 Revision A

- 3.7.3.1.2 Fixture: The spacer-type fixture shall be made of AMS 5732 or AMS 5737 steel. The diameter of the bolt hole in the fixture shall be 0.030 to 0.034 inch greater than the maximum major diameter of the bolt thread (see Figure 2). Fixture may be counter-bored 0.004 to 0.008 inch greater than the maximum allowable shank diameter of shank nuts to permit the spacer to seat onto the bearing surface of the nut. Length of fixture shall be as specified in Table 7.
- (R)
- 3.7.4 Permanent Set: At least three nuts shall be assembled on a maximum mandrel (see Figure 3) so that the mandrel protrudes through the nut not less than three thread turns. Nuts shall then be removed from the maximum mandrel and assembled on a minimum mandrel (see Figure 4) in the same manner. Tests shall be conducted at room temperature with no axial stress; breakaway and prevailing torques shall be measured and recorded. The nuts shall not exceed the maximum prevailing torque of Table 3, Column /3/ during the installation or removal cycle on the maximum mandrel and shall not be less than the minimum breakaway torque of Table 3, Column /1/ at the start of the removal cycle on the minimum mandrel.
- 3.7.5 Reusability: Nuts shall be assembled on test bolts conforming to 3.8 and tested in accordance with 3.7.3 as modified in 3.7.5.1, 3.7.5.2, and 3.7.5.3. After testing, nut threads shall show no distortion, galling, or scratches of such depth as to prevent reassembly of nut freely, with the fingers, up to the self-locking device. Bolt threads shall remain serviceable and permit a new nut to assemble freely, with the fingers, up to the self-locking device.
- 3.7.5.1 Twelve-Cycle, Room Temperature, As Received Test: The nuts shall be installed and removed from the bolts 12 consecutive times, using the same nut and bolt; breakaway and prevailing torques shall be measured and recorded. The nuts shall not exceed the maximum prevailing torque of Table 3, Column /3/, during the installation or removal cycle and shall not be less than the minimum breakaway torque of Table 3, Column /1/.
- (R)
- 3.7.5.2 Five-Cycle, Loaded and Conditioned Test: Conditioning cycles shall be performed in accordance with 3.7.3.1. The nuts shall be completely removed from the bolt after each cycle of conditioning. The conditioning test shall be run five consecutive cycles, using the same nut, bolt and spacer; breakaway and prevailing torques shall be measured and recorded. The maximum prevailing torque and the minimum breakaway torque for each cycle shall not exceed the limits specified in Table 3, Columns /4/ and /1/, respectively.
- (R)
- 3.7.5.3 Single-Cycle, Loaded, Room Temperature Test: Nuts shall be assembled and loaded to one-half (50%) of the torques listed in Table 2. The nut shall be completely removed from the bolt; breakaway and prevailing torques shall be measured and recorded; and the nuts shall not exceed the maximum prevailing torque of Table 3, Column /3/, during the installation or removal cycle and shall not be less than the minimum breakaway torque of Table 3, Column /2/.

SAE AS7250 Revision A



Nominal Thread Size	Major Diameter Mod inch	Pitch Diameter inch	Minor Diameter inch, max	Helix Tolerance inch	Half Angle Tolerance ±	B inch	L min inch
0.112 -40	0.1061 - 0.1086	0.0941 - 0.0945	0.0801	0.0002	0°20'	0.060 - 0.080	0.224
0.112 -48	0.1068 - 0.1091	0.0970 - 0.0974	0.0854	0.0002	0°30'	0.065 - 0.085	0.224
0.138 -32	0.1312 - 0.1342	0.1159 - 0.1163	0.0983	0.0003	0°15'	0.078 - 0.098	0.276
0.138 -40	0.1321 - 0.1346	0.1201 - 0.1205	0.1061	0.0002	0°15'	0.086 - 0.106	0.276
0.164 -32	0.1571 - 0.1601	0.1418 - 0.1422	0.1242	0.0003	0°15'	0.104 - 0.124	0.328
0.164 -36	0.1577 - 0.1604	0.1443 - 0.1447	0.1287	0.0002	0°15'	0.108 - 0.128	0.328
0.190 -32	0.1810 - 0.1840	0.1657 - 0.1661	0.1481	0.0003	0°15'	0.128 - 0.148	0.380
0.250 -28	0.2405 - 0.2438	0.2227 - 0.2231	0.2025	0.0003	0°15'	0.182 - 0.202	0.500
0.3125-24	0.3023 - 0.3059	0.2813 - 0.2817	0.2576	0.0003	0°15'	0.237 - 0.257	0.625
0.375 -24	0.3648 - 0.3684	0.3437 - 0.3441	0.3200	0.0003	0°15'	0.300 - 0.320	0.750
0.4375-20	0.4264 - 0.4304	0.4008 - 0.4012	0.3723	0.0003	0°15'	0.352 - 0.372	0.875
0.500 -20	0.4889 - 0.4930	0.4633 - 0.4637	0.4348	0.0003	0°15'	0.414 - 0.434	1.000
0.5625-18	0.5508 - 0.5552	0.5221 - 0.5225	0.4904	0.0003	0°10'	0.470 - 0.490	1.125
0.625 -18	0.6133 - 0.6176	0.5846 - 0.5850	0.5529	0.0003	0°10'	0.532 - 0.552	1.250

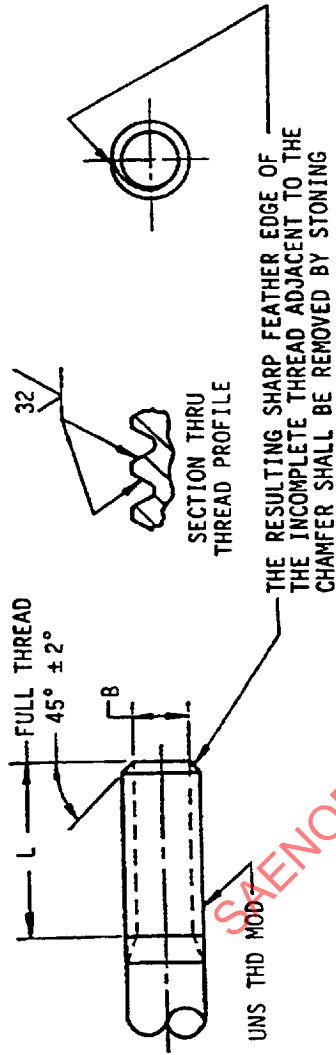
Surface Roughness: In microinches Ra per ANSI/ASME B46.1.

Material: Steel. Hardness: 50 HRC minimum. Use of bolt or stud meeting above requirements is optional.

Screw Threads: MIL-S-7742 except as otherwise specified in above table. Helix tolerance is the allowable axial variation in helix between any two thread pitches not farther apart than the basic length of engagement, and is the total width of tolerance zone parallel to thread axis, within which the actual helical path (positive and negative) must lie.

FIGURE 3 - Maximum Mandrel Test Fixture

SAE AS7250 Revision A



Nominal Thread Size	Major Diameter Mod inch	Pitch Diameter inch	Minor Diameter inch, max	Helix Tolerance inch	Half Angle Tolerance ±	B inch	L min inch
0.112 -40	0.1057 - 0.1061	0.0927 - 0.0931	0.0787	0.0002	0°20'	0.058 - 0.078	0.224
0.112 -48	0.1064 - 0.1068	0.0956 - 0.0960	0.0840	0.0002	0°30'	0.064 - 0.084	0.224
0.138 -32	0.1308 - 0.1312	0.1144 - 0.1148	0.0968	0.0003	0°15'	0.076 - 0.096	0.276
0.138 -40	0.1317 - 0.1321	0.1186 - 0.1190	0.1046	0.0002	0°15'	0.084 - 0.104	0.276
0.164 -32	0.1567 - 0.1571	0.1402 - 0.1406	0.1226	0.0003	0°15'	0.102 - 0.122	0.328
0.164 -36	0.1573 - 0.1577	0.1427 - 0.1431	0.1271	0.0002	0°15'	0.107 - 0.127	0.328
0.190 -32	0.1806 - 0.1810	0.1640 - 0.1644	0.1464	0.0003	0°15'	0.126 - 0.146	0.380
0.250 -28	0.2401 - 0.2405	0.2209 - 0.2213	0.2007	0.0003	0°15'	0.180 - 0.200	0.500
0.3125-24	0.3019 - 0.3023	0.2793 - 0.2797	0.2556	0.0003	0°15'	0.235 - 0.255	0.625
0.375 -24	0.3644 - 0.3648	0.3416 - 0.3420	0.3179	0.0003	0°15'	0.297 - 0.317	0.750
0.4375-20	0.4260 - 0.4264	0.3985 - 0.3989	0.3700	0.0003	0°15'	0.350 - 0.370	0.875
0.500 -20	0.4885 - 0.4889	0.4609 - 0.4613	0.4324	0.0003	0°15'	0.412 - 0.432	1.000
0.5625-18	0.5504 - 0.5508	0.5196 - 0.5200	0.4879	0.0003	0°10'	0.467 - 0.487	1.125
0.625 -18	0.6129 - 0.6133	0.5820 - 0.5824	0.5503	0.0003	0°10'	0.530 - 0.550	1.250

Surface Roughness: In microinches Ra per ANSI/ASME B46.1.

Material: Steel. Hardness: 50 HRC minimum. Use of bolt or stud meeting above requirements is optional.

Screw Threads: MIL-S-7742 except as otherwise specified in above table. Helix tolerance is the allowable axial variation in helix between any two thread pitches not farther apart than the basic length of engagement, and is the total width of tolerance zone, parallel to thread axis, within which the actual helical path (positive and negative) must lie.

FIGURE 4 - Maximum Mandrel Test Fixture

SAE AS7250 Revision A

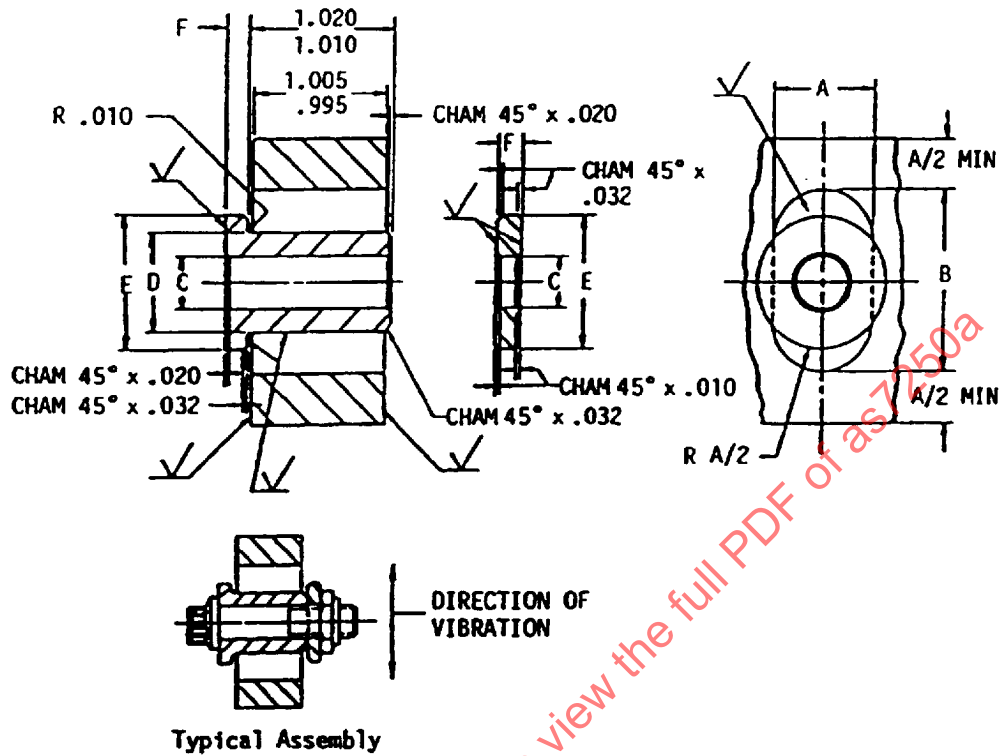
- 3.7.6 (R) Vibration Test: Ten nuts of the type to be tested, for the sizes listed in Table 4, shall be installed on a test bolt conforming to 3.8 and on a test fixture as in 3.7.3.1.2. The assembly torque values shall be as specified in Table 4. For sizes not shown, the torque shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. Testing of nuts other than hexagon or double hexagon wrenching types shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. Five nuts shall be removed from the test bolts and reinstalled four additional times to the torque values specified for the thread size. The other five assembled nuts shall be baked at 1200 °F ± 15 °F for 6 hours ± 0.25 hour and cooled to room temperature; these nuts shall then be removed and reinstalled four additional times to the torque values specified for the thread size. The five baked nuts and five unbaked nuts shall be assembled on the vibration test fixture (see Figure 5) on test bolts and vibration tested at room temperature. Assemblies of nuts having Class 3B threads shall be vibrated 15 000 cycles at a frequency of 1750 to 1800 cpm and an amplitude of 0.435 to 0.465 inch. The assembly shall traverse the entire length of the slots in the test fixture. Reference lines shall be scribed, or other suitable markings made, to determine the amount the nut turns on the test bolt during vibration test. The relative rotation between any nut and bolt shall be not greater than 360°. The nuts shall not have developed any cracks or broken segments, as shown by examination at 10X magnification. Multipiece floating plate nuts shall have the nut element removed from the retainer for this test. Fixed anchor nuts may have the lugs removed. Vibration testing is not required for nuts of nominal thread diameter less than 0.164 inch.

TABLE 4 - Assembly Torque for Vibration Test

Nominal Thread Size	Assembly Torque lbf-in
0.164 -32	22
0.164 -36	22
0.190 -32	30
0.250 -28	60
0.3125-24	120
0.375 -24	160
0.4375-20	200
0.500 -20	300
0.5625-18	400
0.625 -18	600

- 3.7.7 Flarability: At least three shank nuts shall be tested for flarability. The shank of shank nuts shall not crack when flared with a 60 ° included angle conical tool to a diameter equal to 120% of the maximum allowable shank diameter, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing.

SAE AS7250 Revision A



Nut Size	A +0.004 -0.000	B +0.004 -0.000	C +0.004 -0.000	D +0.004 -0.000	E +0.004 -0.000	F +0.004 -0.000	Ref. Bolt Length min (1)
0.164	0.301	1.044	0.172	0.294	0.520	0.121	1.625
0.190	0.326	1.069	0.198	0.320	0.545	0.121	1.625
0.250	0.498	1.243	0.263	0.493	0.745	0.161	1.781
0.3125	0.623	1.368	0.326	0.618	0.870	0.161	1.844
0.375	0.748	1.493	0.388	0.743	0.995	0.161	1.938
0.4375	0.873	1.618	0.450	0.868	1.195	0.186	2.031
0.500	0.998	1.743	0.513	0.988	1.370	0.186	2.125
0.5625	1.123	1.868	0.576	1.113	1.545	0.211	2.250
0.625	1.248	1.993	0.638	1.238	1.695	0.211	2.312

Material: Steel. Hardness: 40-45 HRC

Surface Roughness: Surfaces marked $\sqrt{}$ to be 32 microinches Re per ANSI/ASME B46.1.

Dimensions in inches unless otherwise specified. Tolerances: Linear dimensions ± 0.010 , angular dimensions $\pm 5^\circ$.

- (1) Min bolt length calculated to provide 3 pitches protruding thru AS3067 nut for wax grip of test fixture bushing and spacer and then rounded to .031 increment.

(R) FIGURE 5 - Vibration Test Fixture