

Studs, Steel, Low Alloy, Heat Resistant
Normalized and Tempered, Roll Threaded
135 000 psi Tensile Strength

FSC 5307

RATIONALE

This document has been reaffirmed to comply with the SAE 5-year Review policy.

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Type:

This procurement specification covers aircraft quality studs made from a low alloy, heat resistant steel of the type identified under the Unified Numbering System as UNS K14675, and of 135 000 psi tensile strength at room temperature.

1.2 Application:

Primarily for aerospace propulsion system applications where good strength at temperatures up to approximately 900°F is required and the part is protected against corrosion.

1.3 Safety - Hazardous Materials:

While the materials, methods, applications, and processes described or referenced in this specification may involve the use of hazardous materials, this specification does not address the hazards which may be involved in such use. It is the sole responsibility of the user to ensure familiarity with the safe and proper use of any hazardous materials and to take necessary precautionary measures to ensure the health and safety of all personnel involved.

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2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Applicable Documents:

The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other documents shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order.

2.1.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

2.1.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

AMS 2416	Plating, Nickel-Cadmium, Diffused
AMS 2640	Magnetic Particle Inspection
AMS 2750	Pyrometry
AMS 6304	Steel Bars, Forgings, and Tubing, Low Alloy, Heat Resistant, 0.95Cr-0.55Mo-0.30V (0.40-0.50C)

2.1.1.2 Aerospace Standards:

AS3062	Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Screw Thread Requirements
AS3063	Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Geometric Control Requirements

2.1.2 U.S. Government Publications: Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.

2.1.2.1 Military Specification:

MIL-S-8879	Screw Threads, Controlled Radius Root With Increased Minor Diameter; General Specification For
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2.1.2.2 Military Standards:

MIL-STD-105	Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes
MIL-STD-1312	Fasteners, Test Methods
MIL-STD-2073-1	DOD Materiel, Procedures for Development and Application of Packaging Requirements

2.1.3 ASTM Publications: Available from ASTM, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1187.

ASTM E 8 Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

2.1.4 ANSI Publication: Available from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.

ANSI/ASME B46.1 Surface Texture (Surface Roughness, Waviness, and Lay)

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2.2 Definitions:

PRODUCTION INSPECTION LOT: Shall be all finished parts of the same part number, made from a single heat of alloy, heat treated at the same time to the same specified condition, produced as one continuous run, and submitted for vendor's inspection at the same time.

2.3 Unit Symbols:

A	-	ampere
°	-	degree, angle
°F	-	degree Fahrenheit
h	-	hour
in	-	inch
in ²	-	square inch
min	-	minute of time
%	-	percent (1% = 1/100)
lbf	-	pounds force
psi	-	pounds force per square inch
sp gr	-	specific gravity

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Material:

Shall be AMS 6304 steel, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing.

3.2 Design:

Finished (completely manufactured) parts shall conform to the following requirements:

- 3.2.1 Dimensions: The dimensions of finished parts, after all processing, including plating, shall conform to the part drawing. Dimensions apply after plating but before coating with dry film lubricants.
- 3.2.2 Surface Texture: Surface texture of finished parts, prior to plating or coating, shall conform to the requirements as specified on the part drawing, determined in accordance with ANSI/ASME B46.1.
- 3.2.3 Threads: Screw thread UNJ profile and dimensions shall be in accordance with MIL-S-8879, unless otherwise specified on the part drawing. Tolerances for pitch diameter of stud end threads shall be as specified on the part drawing. The special stud end thread requirements shall be in accordance with AS3062 for the following requirements:
 - a. Lead and half-angle variations
 - b. Taper
 - c. Out-of-roundness
 - d. Stud lead threads
 - e. Stud thread runout

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- 3.2.3.1 The requirements for thread crest variations, locking holes in the nut end thread, incomplete lead thread, and thread runout on nut end thread shall be as specified in AS3062.
- 3.2.3.2 Chamfer: The entering end of the thread (both ends) shall be chamfered as specified on the part drawing.
- 3.2.4 Geometric Tolerances: Part features shall be within the geometric tolerances specified on the part drawing and, where applicable, controlled in accordance with AS3063.
- 3.3 Fabrication:
- 3.3.1 Blanks: Blanks shall be machined sufficiently to remove surface defects and decarburization except as noted in 3.7.2.3. Blanks may be produced by machining, upsetting, extruding, or by a combination of these methods.
- 3.3.1.1 When a shoulder or shoulders are produced by upsetting, the metal removed from the bearing surface shall be as little as practicable to provide a clean, smooth surface.
- 3.3.2 Heat Treatment: Blanks, unless machined from heat treated stock, shall, before finishing the shank and rolling the threads, be heat treated as follows:
- 3.3.2.1 Heating Equipment: Furnaces may be any type ensuring uniform temperature throughout the parts being heated and shall be equipped with, and operated by, automatic controllers and data recorders conforming to AMS 2750. The heating medium or atmosphere shall cause no surface hardening by carburizing or nitriding nor decarburization other than that permitted by 3.7.2.2 and 3.7.2.3.
- 3.3.2.2 Normalizing: Blanks of AMS 6304 shall be uniformly heated to $1750^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 25$, held at heat for 60 to 90 min, and cooled in still air or in a cooling chamber or the furnace.
- 3.3.2.3 Tempering: Normalized blanks of AMS 6304 shall be tempered by heating uniformly to the temperature necessary to produce the specified hardness and microstructure but not lower than 1100°F , holding at heat for not less than 6 h, and cooling in air.
- 3.3.2.4 For steels other than AMS 6304, heat treatment shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.3.3 Oxide and Decarburization Removal: Surface oxide, oxide penetration, and decarburization except as permitted in 3.7.2.3, resulting from prior heat treatment, shall be removed from the full body diameter and the bearing surfaces, as applicable, of the heat treated blanks prior to rolling the threads. The removal process shall produce no intergranular attack or corrosion of the blanks.
- 3.3.4 Thread Rolling: Threads shall be formed on the heat treated and finished blanks by a single rolling process after removal of oxide and decarburization as in 3.3.3.

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3.4 Product Marking:

Each part shall be marked for oversize on stud end thread and for material code on the nut end as specified on the part drawing. The markings may be formed by stamping, depressed 0.010 in maximum, with rounded root form on depressed characters.

3.5 Plating:

Where AS7458 is specified, any protective treatment shall be as specified on the part drawing. Where AS7458-1 is specified, parts shall be nickel-cadmium plated in accordance with AMS 2416.

3.6 Mechanical Properties:

Parts shall conform to the requirements of 3.6.1 and 3.6.2. Threaded members of gripping fixtures for tensile test shall be of sufficient size and strength to develop the full strength of the part without stripping the thread. The loaded portion of the shank shall have a minimum of three full thread turns from the thread runout exposed between the loading fixtures during the tensile test. Finished parts shall be tested in accordance with the following applicable test methods:

- a. Hardness: MIL-STD-1312-6
- b. Room Temperature Ultimate Tensile Strength: MIL-STD-1312-8

3.6.1 Ultimate Tensile Strength at Room Temperature:

3.6.1.1 Finished Parts: Parts shall have an ultimate tensile load not lower than that specified in Table 2 and shall be tested to failure, first measuring and recording the maximum tensile load achieved. If the size or shape of the part is such that failure would occur outside the threaded section but the part can be tested satisfactorily, such as parts having a shank diameter equal to or less than the thread root diameter or having an undercut, parts shall conform to only the ultimate tensile strength requirements of 3.6.1.2; for such parts, the diameter of the area on which stress is based shall be the actual measured minimum diameter of the part.

3.6.1.2 Machined Test Specimens: If the size or shape of the part is such that a tensile test cannot be made on the part, tensile tests shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM E 8 on specimens prepared as in 4.4. Such specimens shall meet the following requirements:

- a. Ultimate Tensile Strength, minimum: 135 000 psi
- b. Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, minimum: 115 000 psi
- c. Elongation in 2 in or 4D, minimum: 15%
- d. Reduction of Area, minimum: 40%

3.6.1.2.1 When permitted by purchaser, hardness tests on the end of parts may be substituted for tensile tests of machined specimens.

3.6.2 Hardness: Shall be uniform and within the range 30 to 38 HRC, but hardness of the threaded sections may be higher as a result of the cold working operations.

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3.7 Quality:

Parts shall be uniform in quality and condition, clean, sound, smooth, and free from burrs and foreign materials, and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the parts.

3.7.1 Macroscopic Examination: Parts or sections of parts, as applicable, shall be etched in a solution consisting of approximately 50% hydrochloric acid (sp gr 1.19), and 50% water for sufficient time to reveal flow lines but not longer than 15 min, and then be examined at a magnification of approximately 20X to determine conformance to the requirements of 3.7.1.1, 3.7.1.2, and 3.7.1.3, except that examination for the thread imperfections as specified in 3.7.1.3 should be made by microscopic examination of specimens polished and etched as in 3.7.2.

3.7.1.1 Flow Lines: Flow lines in threads shall be continuous, shall follow the general thread contour, and shall be of maximum density at the root of the thread (see Figure 1). Below the thread roots, flow lines not affected by forming shall be parallel to the axis except that on the nut end of studs formed by extruding, the flow lines may be oblique to the axis for a distance from the end of the larger diameter to the smaller diameter equal to 1.5 times the "B" dimension of Table 2 of AS3062.

3.7.1.2 Internal Defects: Examination of longitudinal sections of parts shall reveal no cracks, laps, or porosity except laps in threads as permitted in 3.7.1.3.3 and 3.7.1.3.4.

3.7.1.3 Threads:

3.7.1.3.1 Root defects such as laps, seams, notches, slivers, folds, roughness, and oxide scale are not permissible (see Figure 2).

3.7.1.3.2 Multiple laps on the flanks of threads are not permissible regardless of location. Single laps on the flanks of threads that extend toward the root are not permissible (see Figures 3 and 4).

3.7.1.3.3 There shall be no laps along the flank of the thread below the pitch diameter (see Figure 5). A single lap is permissible along the flank of the thread above the pitch diameter on either the pressure or nonpressure flank (one lap at any cross-section through the thread) provided it extends toward the crest and generally parallel to the flank (see Figure 5).

3.7.1.3.4 Crest craters, crest laps, or a crest lap in combination with a crest crater are permissible provided that the imperfections do not extend deeper than 20% of the basic thread height (see Table 1) as measured from the thread crest when the thread major diameter is at minimum size (see Figure 6). The major diameter of the thread shall be measured prior to sectioning. As the major diameter of the thread approaches maximum size, values for depth of crest crater and crest lap imperfections listed in Table 1 may be increased by one-half of the difference between the minimum major diameter and the actual major diameter as measured on the part.

3.7.2 Microscopic Examination: Specimens cut from parts shall be polished, etched in 2% Nital, and examined at a magnification not lower than 100X to determine conformance to the requirements of 3.7.1.3, 3.7.2.1, and 3.7.2.2.

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- 3.7.2.1 Microstructure: Parts shall have a normalized and tempered structure with finely divided carbides. Ferrite may be in a typical Widmanstatten pattern or randomly dispersed. Presence of tempered martensite, particularly in small diameter parts, will be acceptable.
- 3.7.2.2 Surface Hardening: Parts shall have no change in hardness from core to surface except as produced during rolling of threads. There shall be no evidence of carburization, recarburization, or nitriding. In case of dispute over results of the microscopic examination, microhardness testing shall be used as a referee method; a Vickers hardness reading within 0.003 in of an unrolled surface, which exceeds the reading in the core by more than 30 points shall be evidence of nonconformance to this requirement.
- 3.7.2.3 Decarburization:
- 3.7.2.3.1 The bearing surface of the shoulder, the shoulder-to-shank fillet radius, the shank, and the threads shall be free from decarburization.
- 3.7.2.3.2 The periphery of the shoulder of shouldered parts may be decarburized to a depth not exceeding that permitted by the applicable material specification for the size of stock used to make the part.
- 3.7.2.3.3 Depth of decarburization at any point on the surface not covered by 3.7.2.3.1 or 3.7.2.3.2 shall not exceed 0.002 in.
- 3.7.3 Magnetic Particle Inspection: Parts shall be subject to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2640; any method may be used but resolution of disputed rejections shall be based upon the wet, continuous, fluorescent suspension method using amperages shown in 3.7.3.3.
- 3.7.3.1 The following conditions shall be cause for rejection of parts inspected.
- 3.7.3.1.1 Discontinuities transverse to grain flow (i.e., at an angle of more than 10° to the axis of the shank), such as grinding checks and quench cracks.
- 3.7.3.1.2 Longitudinal indications (i.e., at an angle of 10° or less to the axis of the shank) due to imperfections other than seams, forming laps, and nonmetallic inclusions.
- 3.7.3.2 The following conditions shall be considered acceptable on parts inspected.
- 3.7.3.2.1 Parts having longitudinal indications (i.e., at an angle of 10° or less to the axis of the shank) of seams, forming laps, and nonmetallic inclusions parallel to the grain flow that are within the limits specified in 3.7.3.2.2 through 3.7.3.2.5 provided the separation between indications in all directions is not less than 0.062 in.
- 3.7.3.2.2 Sides of Shoulders: There shall be not more than six surface or subsurface indications per shoulder. The length of each indication may be the full height of the surface but no indication shall break over either edge to a depth greater than 0.031 in or the equivalent of the basic thread height (see Table 1), whichever is less.

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3.7.3.2.3 Shank or Stem: There shall be not more than 10 subsurface and hairline surface indications. The length of any indication may be the full length of the surface but the total length of all indications shall not exceed twice the length of the surface. No indication shall break into a fillet or over an edge.

3.7.3.2.4 Threads: There shall be no indications, except as permitted in 3.7.1.3.

3.7.3.2.5 End of Stem: The number of indications is not restricted, but the depth of any individual indication shall not exceed 0.010 in, as shown by sectioning representative samples. No indication, except those of 3.7.3.2.2, shall break over an edge.

3.7.3.3 Procedures:

3.7.3.3.1 Circular Magnetization: 800 to 1000 A per in² of contact area passed through the part longitudinally.

3.7.3.3.2 Longitudinal Magnetization: Sufficient to provide 5000 A-turns per inch of shank diameter with the part placed in a standard solenoid of appropriate size.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection:

The vendor of parts shall supply all samples and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to perform such confirmatory testing as deemed necessary to ensure that the parts conform to the requirements of this specification.

4.2 Acceptance Tests:

Tests for all technical requirements are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each production inspection lot. A summary of acceptance tests is specified in Table 3.

4.3 Acceptance Test Sampling:

4.3.1 Nondestructive Test - Visual and Dimensional: A random sample will be selected from each production inspection lot; the size of the sample to be as specified in Table 4. The classification of defects for parts shall be as specified in Table 5. Defects not classified in Table 5 shall be classified as Minor B defects. All dimensional characteristics are considered defective when out of tolerance.

4.3.2 Hardness Test (See 3.6.2): A random sample shall be selected from each production inspection lot; the size of the sample shall be as specified in Table 6, Column A. The sample units may be selected from those that have been subjected to and passed the visual and dimensional inspection, with additional units selected at random from the production inspection lot as necessary.

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- 4.3.3 Magnetic Particle Inspection: A random sample shall be selected from each production inspection lot; the size of the sample shall be as specified in Table 4 and the AQL shall be as specified in Table 5. The sample units may be selected from those that have been subjected to and passed the visual and dimensional inspection, with additional units selected at random from the production inspection lot as necessary.
- 4.3.4 Destructive Tests: A random sample shall be selected from each production inspection lot; the size of the sample shall be as specified in Table 6, Column B. The sample units may be selected from those that have been subjected to and passed the nondestructive tests and the magnetic particle inspection, with additional units selected at random from the production inspection lot as necessary.
- 4.3.5 Acceptance Quality: The acceptance quality level (AQL) and acceptance number of defectives for the acceptance tests shall be as specified in Tables 4 and 6.

4.4 Test Specimens:

Specimens for tensile testing of machined test specimens shall be of standard proportions in accordance with ASTM E 8 with either 0.250 in diameter at the reduced parallel gage section or smaller specimens proportional to the standard when required. Specimens shall be machined from finished parts or coupons of the same lot of alloy and be processed together with the parts they represent. Specimens shall be machined from the center of parts 0.750 in and under in nominal diameter, from the center of coupons 0.800 in and under in nominal diameter or distance between parallel sides, and from mid-radius of larger parts or coupons.

4.5 Reports:

The vendor of parts shall furnish with each shipment a report stating that the chemical composition of the parts conforms to the applicable material specification, showing the results of tests to determine conformance to the hardness and room temperature tensile strength requirements, and stating that the parts conform to the other technical requirements of this specification. This report shall include the purchase order number, AS7458, lot number, contractor or other direct supplier of material, part number, nominal size, and quantity.

4.6 Resampling and Retesting:

If any part or specimen used in the above tests fails to meet the specified requirements for design as in 3.2, mechanical properties and quality as in 3.6 and 3.7, disposition of parts may be based on the results of testing three additional parts or specimens for each original nonconforming part or specimen. Failure of any retest part or specimen to meet the specified requirement shall be cause for rejection of the parts represented and no additional testing shall be permitted. Results of all tests shall be reported.

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5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY:

5.1 Packaging and Identification:

5.1.1 Parts having different part numbers shall be packed in separate containers.

5.1.2 Each container of parts shall be marked to show not less than the following information:

FASTENERS, STEEL, LOW ALLOY, HEAT RESISTANT
AS7458
PART NUMBER
PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER
QUANTITY
MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

5.1.3 Threaded fasteners shall be suitably protected from abrasion and chafing during handling, transportation, and storage.

5.1.4 Containers of parts shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with commercial practice and in compliance with applicable rules and regulations pertaining to the handling, packaging, and transportation of the product to ensure carrier acceptance and safe delivery.

5.1.5 For direct U.S. Military procurement, packaging shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-2073-1, industrial packaging, unless Level A is specified in the request for procurement.

6. ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

A vendor shall mention this specification number in all quotations and when acknowledging purchase orders.

7. REJECTIONS:

Parts not conforming to this specification, or to modifications authorized by purchaser, will be subject to rejection.

8. NOTES:

8.1 Direct U.S. Military Procurement:

Purchase documents should specify the following:

Title, number, and date of this specification

Part number of parts desired

Quantity of parts desired

Level A packaging, if required (see 5.1.5)

8.2 Key Words:

Bolts, screws, procurement specification

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FIGURE 1 - Flow Lines, Rolled Thread

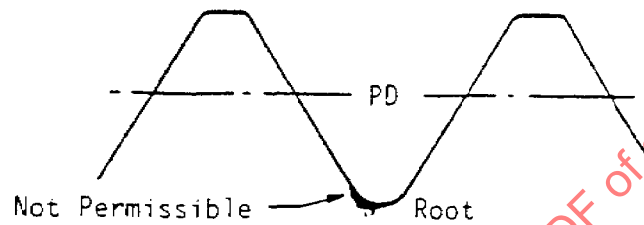


FIGURE 2 - Root Defects, Rolled Thread

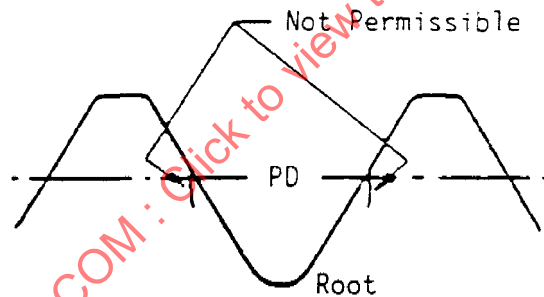


FIGURE 3 - Laps Below PD Extending Toward Root, Rolled Thread

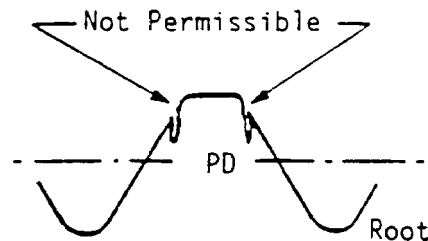


FIGURE 4 - Laps Above PD Extending Toward Root, Rolled Thread

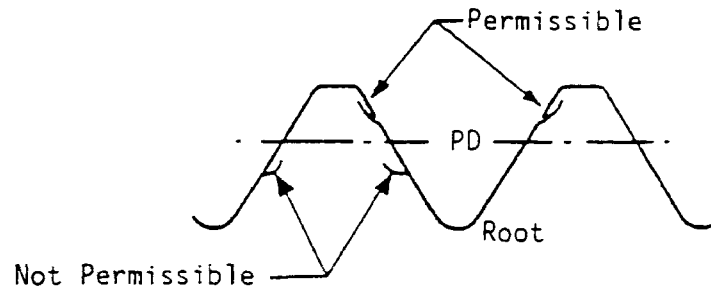
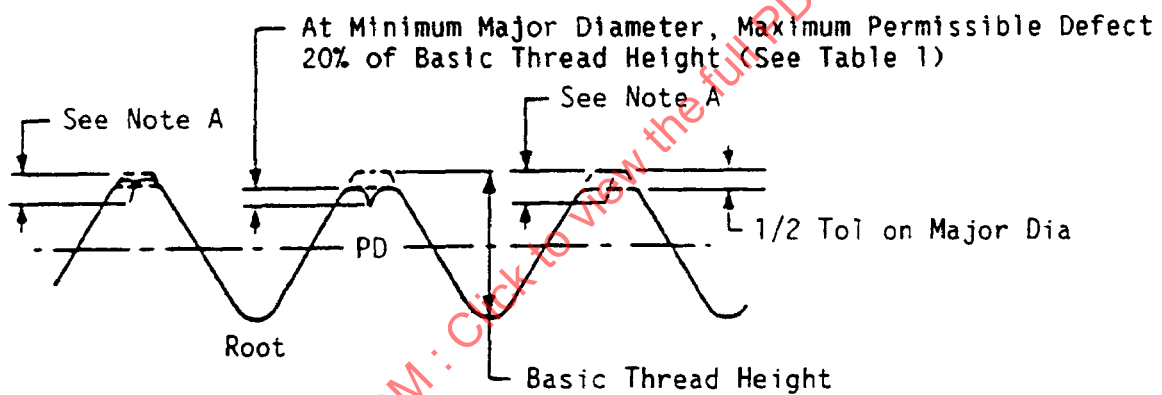


FIGURE 5 - Laps Extending Towards Crest, Rolled Thread



Note A: Depth of defect equals 20% of basic thread height plus 1/2 the difference of the actual major diameter and minimum major diameter.

FIGURE 6 - Crest Craters and Crest Laps, Rolled Thread

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TABLE 1 - Thread Height

Thread Pitches Per Inch n	Basic Thread Height Ref (See Note 1) inch	20% Basic Thread Height inch
80	0.0081	0.0016
72	0.0090	0.0018
64	0.0102	0.0020
56	0.0116	0.0023
48	0.0135	0.0027
44	0.0148	0.0030
40	0.0163	0.0033
36	0.0181	0.0036
32	0.0203	0.0041
28	0.0232	0.0046
24	0.0271	0.0054
20	0.0325	0.0065
18	0.0361	0.0072
16	0.0406	0.0081
14	0.0464	0.0093
13	0.0500	0.0100
12	0.0542	0.0108
11	0.0591	0.0118
10	0.0650	0.0130
9	0.0722	0.0144
8	0.0813	0.0163

Note 1: Basic thread height is defined as being equivalent to 0.650 times the pitch, where pitch equals $1/n$.

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TABLE 2 - Test Loads

Thread Size	Ultimate Tensile Strength Test Load lbf, minimum Standard Pitch Dia UN and UNJ Threads	Ultimate Tensile Strength Test Load lbf, minimum Reduced Pitch Dia UN Threads Only
0.112 -40	934	876
0.112 -48	987	928
0.138 -32	1 410	1 340
0.138 -40	1 510	1 440
0.164 -32	2 100	2 020
0.164 -36	2 170	2 060
0.190 -24	2 700	2 600
0.190 -32	2 930	2 830
0.250 -20	4 820	4 690
0.250 -28	5 240	5 100
0.3125-18	7 780	7 610
0.3125-24	8 300	8 120
0.375 -16	11 900	11 600
0.375 -24	12 800	12 600
0.4375-14	16 200	16 000
0.4375-20	17 400	17 100
0.500 -13	21 500	21 200
0.500 -20	23 200	22 900
0.5625-12	27 400	27 100
0.5625-18	29 400	29 000
0.625 -11	34 000	33 600
0.625 -18	36 800	36 400
0.750 -10	49 800	49 300
0.750 -16	53 400	52 900
0.875 - 9	68 300	67 800
0.875 -14	72 800	72 300
1.000 - 8	89 500	88 900
1.000 -12	94 900	94 300

Note 1: Requirements above apply to parts with UNC, UNF, UNJC, or UNJF threads, as applicable to the sizes shown and having hardness within the range 30 to 38 HRC; requirements for reduced pitch diameter threads are based on 0.003 in reduction below standard. For nominal thread major diameter 0.3125 in and smaller, area upon which stress for room temperature ultimate tensile strength test load requirements is based is 98% of the maximum pitch diameter, calculated from Equation 1:

$$A = 0.7854[0.98(D - (0.6495/n))]^2 \quad (\text{Eq.1})$$

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Note 1. (Continued):

where:

A = area at 98% of maximum PD

D = maximum major diameter

n = number of thread pitches per inch

For nominal thread major diameter greater than 0.3125 in, area upon which stress is based is the maximum pitch diameter, calculated from Equation 2:

$$A = 0.7854[D - (0.6495/n)]^2 \quad (\text{Eq.2})$$

Load requirements are based on 135 000 psi for ultimate tensile strength test load at room temperature.

Note 2: For sizes not shown, ultimate tensile strength test load at room temperature for parts tested as parts, not as specimens machined from parts or from coupons of the stock, shall be based upon the respective areas and stresses given in Note 1.