

Quality Maintenance Systems
- Aerospace -
Requirements for Maintenance Organizations

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INTRODUCTION

General:

The adoption of a quality management system should be a strategic decision of an organization. The design and implementation of an organization's quality management system is influenced by varying needs, particular objectives, the products provided, the processes employed and the size and structure of the organization. It is not the intent of this International Standard to imply uniformity in the structure of quality management systems or uniformity of documentation.

The quality management system requirements specified in this International Standard are complementary to requirements for products. Information marked "NOTE" is for guidance in understanding or clarifying the associated requirement.

This International Standard can be used by internal and external parties, including certification bodies, to assess the organization's ability to meet customer, regulatory and the organization's own requirements.

The quality management principles stated in ISO 9000 and ISO 9004 have been taken into consideration during the development of this International Standard.

Process Approach:

This International Standard promotes the adoption of a process approach when developing, implementing and improving the effectiveness of a quality management system, to enhance customer satisfaction by meeting customer requirements.

For an organization to function effectively, it has to identify and manage numerous linked activities. An activity using resources, and managed in order to enable the transformation of inputs into outputs, can be considered as a process. Often the output from one process directly forms the input to the next.

The application of a system of processes within an organization, together with the identification and interactions of these processes, and their management, can be referred to as the "process approach".

An advantage of the process approach is the ongoing control that it provides over the linkage between the individual processes within the system of processes, as well as over their combination and interaction.

When used within a quality management system, such an approach emphasizes the importance of

- a. understanding and meeting requirements,
- b. the need to consider processes in terms of added value,
- c. obtaining results of process performance and effectiveness, and
- d. continual improvement of processes based on objective measurement.

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The model of a process-based quality management system shown in Figure 1 illustrates the process linkages presented in clauses 4 to 8. This illustration shows that customers play a significant role in defining requirements as inputs. Monitoring of customer satisfaction requires the evaluation of information relating to customer perception as to whether the organization has met the customer requirements. The model shown in Figure 1 covers all the requirements of this International Standard, but does not show processes at a detailed level.

NOTE: In addition, the methodology known as “Plan-Do-Check-Act” (PDCA) can be applied to all processes. PDCA can be briefly described as follows.

Plan: establish the objectives and processes necessary to deliver results in accordance with customer requirements and the organization's policies.

Do: implement the processes.

Check: monitor and measure processes and product against policies, objectives and requirements for the product and report the results.

Act: take actions to continually improve process performance.

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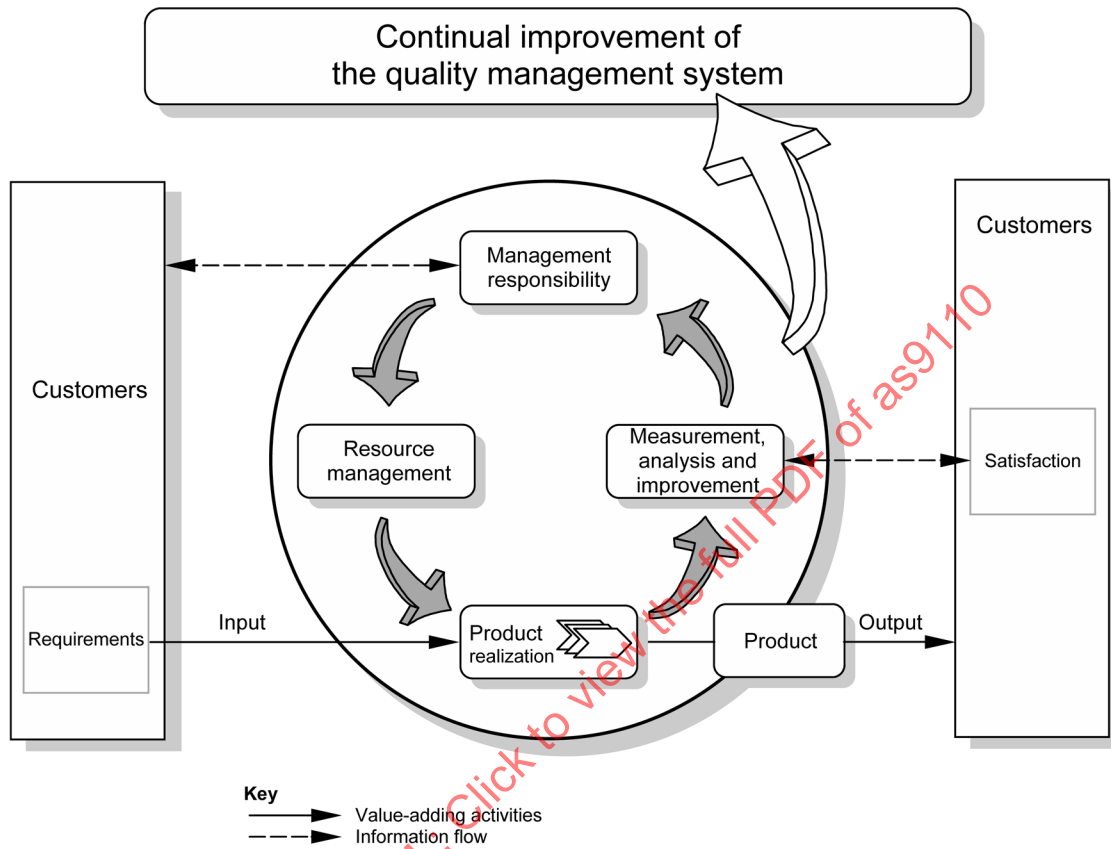


FIGURE 1 - Model of a Process-Based Quality Management System

1. SCOPE:

1.1 General:

This standard includes ISO 9001:2000¹ quality management system requirements and specifies additional requirements for a quality management system for aerospace maintenance organizations. The additional aerospace requirements are shown in bold, italic text.

It is emphasized that the quality management system requirements specified in this standard are complementary (not alternative) to contractual and applicable law and regulatory requirements.

This International Standard specifies requirements for a quality management system where an organization

- a. needs to demonstrate its ability to consistently provide product that meets customer and applicable regulatory requirements, and
- b. aims to enhance customer satisfaction through the effective application of the system, including processes for continual improvement of the system and the assurance of conformity to customer and applicable regulatory requirements.

NOTE: In this International Standard, the term "product" applies only to the product intended for, or required by, a customer.

1.2 Application:

All requirements of this International Standard are generic and are intended to be applicable to all organizations, regardless of type, size and product provided.

Where any requirement(s) of this International Standard cannot be applied due to the nature of an organization and its product, this can be considered for exclusion.

Where exclusions are made, claims of conformity to this International Standard are not acceptable unless these exclusions are limited to requirements within clause 7, and such exclusions do not affect the organization's ability, or responsibility, to provide product that meets customer and applicable regulatory requirements.

1. With the permission of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). The complete standard may be obtained from any ISO member or from the ISO Central Secretariat, Case Postale 56, 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland. Copyright remains with ISO.

2. NORMATIVE REFERENCE:

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO (**International Organization for Standardization**) and IEC (**International Electrotechnical Commission**) maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 9000:2000, Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary.

3. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS:

3.1 General:

For the purposes of this International Standard, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9000 apply.

The following terms, used in this edition of ISO 9001 to describe the supply chain, have been changed to reflect the vocabulary currently used:

supplier → organization → customer

The term “organization” replaces the term “supplier” used in ISO 9001:1994, and refers to the unit to which this International Standard applies. Also, the term “supplier” now replaces the term “subcontractor”.

Throughout the text of this International Standard, wherever the term “product” occurs, it can also mean “service”.

3.2 Additional Terms and Definitions:

3.2.1 Authority: *The national aviation authority having jurisdiction over the manufacturer, aircraft owner and operator, maintenance organization; the Authority could be civil or military.*

3.2.2 Key Characteristics: *The features of a material, process, or part whose variation has a significant influence on product fit, performance, service life, or manufacturability.*

3.2.3 Maintenance: *The overhaul, repair, inspection, replacement, modification or defect rectification of an aircraft or an aircraft component that is performed after completion of manufacturing and initial airworthiness certification by the applicable Authority.*

3.2.4 Technical Data: *Data that is necessary to ensure that the aircraft or aircraft component can be maintained in a condition such that serviceability and airworthiness of the aircraft and related operational and emergency equipment, is assured. This data includes maintenance programs, airworthiness directives, service bulletins, major repairs/modifications, operator maintenance manuals, drawings, engineering orders, component maintenance manuals, technical orders, etc.*

3.2.5 Human Factors: *Recognition that personnel performing tasks are affected by physical fitness, physiological characteristics, personality, stress, fatigue, distraction, communication and attitude.*

3.2.6 Release Certificate: *A document certifying that the activities performed, and the results achieved, conform to established organization, Authority, and contract requirements.*

4. QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM:

4.1 General Requirements:

The organization shall establish, document, implement and maintain a quality management system and continually improve its effectiveness in accordance with the requirements of this International Standard.

Maintenance organizations shall obtain and maintain any required quality management system approvals and any other approvals, certificates, ratings, licenses, and permits required by the responsible Authority.

The organization shall

- a. identify the processes needed for the quality management system and their application throughout the organization (see 1.2),
- b. determine the sequence and interaction of these processes,
- c. determine criteria and methods needed to ensure that both the operation and control of these processes are effective,
- d. ensure the availability of resources and information necessary to support the operation and monitoring of these processes,
- e. monitor, measure and analyse these processes, and
- f. implement actions necessary to achieve planned results and continual improvement of these processes.

These processes shall be managed by the organization in accordance with the requirements of this International Standard.

4.1 (Continued):

Where an organization chooses to outsource any process that affects product conformity with requirements, the organization shall ensure control over such processes. Control of such outsourced processes shall be identified within the quality management system.

NOTE: Processes needed for the quality management system referred to above should include processes for management activities, provision of resources, product realization and measurement.

4.2 Documentation Requirements:

4.2.1 General: The quality management system documentation shall include

- a. documented statements of a quality policy and quality objectives,
- b. a quality manual,
- c. documented procedures required by this International Standard,
- d. documents needed by the organization to ensure the effective planning, operation and control of its processes,
- e. records required by this International Standard (see 4.2.4), **and**
- f. **quality system requirements imposed by the applicable Authorities, as well as the standards to which the organization intends to work.**

The organization shall ensure that personnel have access to quality management system documentation and are aware of relevant procedures. Customer and/or Authorities representatives shall have access to quality management system documentation.

NOTE 1: Where the term “documented procedure” appears within this International Standard, this means that the procedure is established, documented, implemented and maintained.

NOTE 2: The extent of the quality management system documentation can differ from one organization to another due to

- a. the size of organization and type of activities,
- b. the complexity of processes and their interactions, and
- c. the competence of personnel.

NOTE 3: The documentation can be in any form or type of medium.

4.2.2 Quality Manual: The organization shall establish and maintain a quality manual that includes

- a. the scope of the quality management system, including details of and justification for any exclusions (see 1.2),
- b. the documented procedures established for the quality management system, or reference to them, and
 - **when referencing the documented procedures, the relationship between the requirements of this International Standard and the documented procedures shall be clearly shown.**
- c. a description of the interaction between the processes of the quality management system.

NOTE: Guidance on quality manuals is given in ISO/TR 10013.

4.2.3 Control of Documents: Documents required by the quality management system shall be controlled. Records are a special type of document and shall be controlled according to the requirements given in 4.2.4.

A documented procedure shall be established to define the controls needed

- a. to approve documents for adequacy prior to issue,
- b. to review and update as necessary and re-approve documents,
- c. to ensure that changes and the current revision status of documents are identified,
- d. to ensure that relevant versions of applicable documents are available at points of use,
- e. to ensure that documents remain legible and readily identifiable,
- f. to ensure that documents of external origin are identified and their distribution controlled, and
- g. to prevent the unintended use of obsolete documents, and to apply suitable identification to them if they are retained for any purpose.

The organization shall coordinate document changes with customers and/or Authorities in accordance with contract or regulatory requirements.

4.2.4 Control of Records: Records shall be established and maintained to provide evidence of conformity to requirements and of the effective operation of the quality management system. Records shall remain legible, readily identifiable and retrievable. A documented procedure shall be established to define the controls needed for the identification, storage, protection, retrieval, retention time and disposition of records.

The documented procedure shall define the method for controlling records that are created by and/or retained by suppliers.

Records shall be available for review by customers and Authorities in accordance with contract or regulatory requirements.

4.3 Configuration Management:

The organization shall establish, document and maintain a configuration management process appropriate to the product.

NOTE: Guidance on configuration management is given in ISO 10007.

5. MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY:

5.1 Management Commitment:

Top management shall provide evidence of its commitment to the development and implementation of the quality management system and continually improving its effectiveness by

- a. communicating to the organization the importance of meeting customer as well as statutory and regulatory requirements,
- b. establishing the quality policy,
- c. ensuring that quality objectives are established,
- d. conducting management reviews, and
- e. ensuring the availability of resources.

5.2 Customer Focus:

Top management shall ensure that customer requirements are determined and are met with the aim of enhancing customer satisfaction (see 7.2.1 and 8.2.1).

5.3 Quality Policy:

Top management shall ensure that the quality policy

- a. is appropriate to the purpose of the organization,
- b. includes a commitment to comply with requirements and continually improve the effectiveness of the quality management system,
- c. provides a framework for establishing and reviewing quality objectives,
- d. is communicated and understood within the organization, and
- e. is reviewed for continuing suitability.

5.4 Planning:

- 5.4.1 Quality Objectives: Top management shall ensure that quality objectives, including those needed to meet requirements for product [see 7.1 a)], are established at relevant functions and levels within the organization. The quality objectives shall be measurable and consistent with the quality policy.

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5.4.2 Quality Management System Planning: Top management shall ensure that

- a. the planning of the quality management system is carried out in order to meet the requirements given in 4.1, as well as the quality objectives, and
- b. the integrity of the quality management system is maintained when changes to the quality management system are planned and implemented.

5.5 Responsibility, Authority and Communication:

5.5.1 Responsibility and Authority: Top management shall ensure that the responsibilities and authorities are defined and communicated within the organization.

5.5.1.1 Accountable Executive Manager: Top management shall appoint a manager with corporate authority to ensure that all ordered maintenance can be financed, the necessary resources obtained, and all ordered maintenance completed in accordance with all organization, customer, and Authority requirements.

5.5.1.2 Maintenance Manager: Top management shall appoint a manager responsible for assuring that all maintenance required is carried out in accordance with all organization, customer, and Authority requirements.

5.5.2 Management Representative: Top management shall appoint a member of management who, irrespective of other responsibilities, shall have responsibility and authority that includes

- a. ensuring that processes needed for the quality management system are established, implemented and maintained,
- b. reporting to top management on the performance of the quality management system and any need for improvement,
- c. ensuring the promotion of awareness of customer requirements throughout the organization, **and**
- d. **the organizational freedom to resolve matters pertaining to quality.**

NOTE: The responsibility of a management representative can include liaison with external parties on matters relating to the quality management system.

5.5.3 Internal Communication: Top management shall ensure that appropriate communication processes are established within the organization and that communication takes place regarding the effectiveness of the quality management system.

5.6 Management Review:

- 5.6.1 General: Top management shall review the organization's quality management system, at planned intervals, to ensure its continuing suitability, adequacy and effectiveness. This review shall include assessing opportunities for improvement and the need for changes to the quality management system, including the quality policy and quality objectives.

Records from management reviews shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

- 5.6.2 Review Input: The input to management review shall include information on

- a. results of audits,
- b. customer feedback,
- c. process performance and product conformity,
- d. status of preventive and corrective actions,
- e. follow-up actions from previous management reviews,
- f. changes that could affect the quality management system,
- g. recommendations for improvement, **and**
- h. results of audits and requests for corrective action from Authorities.**

- 5.6.3 Review Output: The output from the management review shall include any decisions and actions related to

- a. improvement of the effectiveness of the quality management system and its processes,
- b. improvement of product related to customer requirements, and
- c. resource needs.

6. RESOURCE MANAGEMENT:

6.1 Provision of Resources:

The organization shall determine and provide the resources needed

- a. to implement and maintain the quality management system and continually improve its effectiveness, and
- b. to enhance customer satisfaction by meeting customer requirements.

6.2 Human Resources:

- 6.2.1 General: Personnel performing work affecting product quality shall be competent on the basis of appropriate education, training, skills and experience.

Non-certificated personnel shall be assessed on their ability to satisfactorily carry out maintenance operations prior to performing the work.

6.2.2 Competence, Awareness and Training: The organization shall

- a. determine the necessary competence for personnel performing work affecting product quality,
- b. provide training or take other actions to satisfy these needs,
- c. evaluate the effectiveness of the actions taken,
- d. ensure that its personnel are aware of the relevance and importance of their activities and how they contribute to the achievement of the quality objectives,
- e. maintain appropriate records of education, training, skills and experience (see 4.2.4),
- f. ensure that personnel performing maintenance release of aircraft and aircraft components are qualified and certified in accordance with Authority requirements,**
- g. establish a continuation training program to ensure that personnel performing specific tasks remain current in terms of procedures, human factors and technical knowledge, and**
- h. ensure that continuation training is provided that covers changes in relevant regulatory requirements, the organization's procedures, and the maintenance standards of the products being maintained.**

6.3 Infrastructure:

The organization shall determine, provide and maintain the infrastructure needed to achieve conformity to product requirements. Infrastructure includes, as applicable

- a. buildings, workspace and associated utilities,
- b. process equipment (both hardware and software), and
- c. supporting services (such as transport or communication).

6.4 Work Environment:

The organization shall determine and manage the work environment needed to achieve conformity to product requirements.

NOTE: Factors that may affect the conformity of the product include temperature, humidity, lighting, cleanliness, protection from electrostatic discharge, etc.

7. PRODUCT REALIZATION:

7.1 Planning of Product Realization:

The organization shall plan and develop the processes needed for product realization. Planning of product realization shall be consistent with the requirements of the other processes of the quality management system (see 4.1).

In planning product realization, the organization shall determine the following, as appropriate:

- a. quality objectives and requirements for the product;
- b. the need to establish processes, documents, and provide resources specific to the product;
- c. required verification, validation, monitoring, inspection and test activities specific to the product and the criteria for product acceptance;
- d. records needed to provide evidence that the realization processes and resulting product meet requirements (see 4.2.4);
- e. ***the identification of resources to support operation and maintenance of the product.***

The output of this planning shall be in a form suitable for the organization's method of operations.

NOTE 1: A document specifying the processes of the quality management system (including the product realization processes) and the resources to be applied to a specific product, project or contract, can be referred to as a quality plan.

NOTE 2: The organization may also apply the requirements given in 7.3 to the development of product realization processes.

7.2 Customer-Related Processes:

7.2.1 Determination of Requirements Related to the Product: The organization shall determine

- a. requirements specified by the customer, including the requirements for delivery and post-delivery activities,
- b. requirements not stated by the customer but necessary for specified or intended use, where known,
- c. statutory and regulatory requirements related to the product, and
- d. any additional requirements determined by the organization.

7.2.2 Review of Requirements Related to the Product: The organization shall review the requirements related to the product. This review shall be conducted prior to the organization's commitment to supply a product to the customer (e.g., submission of tenders, acceptance of contracts or orders, acceptance of changes to contracts or orders) and shall ensure that

- a. product requirements are defined,
- b. contract or order requirements differing from those previously expressed are resolved,
- c. the organization has the ability to meet the defined requirements,
- d. risks (e.g., new technology, short delivery time scale) have been evaluated, and**
- e. maintenance contracts include the scope of work, define the data and delivery requirements, and define the requirements regarding subcontracting of the work.**

Records of the results of the review and actions arising from the review shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

Where the customer provides no documented statement of requirement, the customer requirements shall be confirmed by the organization before acceptance.

Where product requirements are changed, the organization shall ensure that relevant documents are amended and that relevant personnel are made aware of the changed requirements.

NOTE: In some situations, such as internet sales, a formal review is impractical for each order. Instead the review can cover relevant product information such as catalogues or advertising material.

Contract amendment processes shall include provisions for disposition of out-of-scope defects discovered during maintenance.

7.2.3 Customer Communication: The organization shall determine and implement effective arrangements for communicating with customers in relation to

- a. product information,
- b. enquiries, contracts or order handling, including amendments, and
- c. customer feedback, including customer complaints.

7.3 Design and Development:

This clause applies only to organizations responsible for the design of modifications.

7.3.1 Design and Development Planning: The organization shall plan and control the design and development of product.

During the design and development planning, the organization shall determine

- a. the design and development stages,
 - ***in respect of organization, task sequence, mandatory steps, significant stages and method of configuration control,***
- b. the review, verification and validation that are appropriate to each design and development stage, and
- c. the responsibilities and authorities for design and development.

Where appropriate, due to complexity, the organization shall give consideration to the following activities:

- ***structuring the design effort into significant elements;***
- ***for each element, analyzing the tasks and the necessary resources for its design and development. This analysis shall consider an identified responsible person, design content, input data, planning constraints, and performance conditions. The input data specific to each element shall be reviewed to ensure consistency with requirements.***

The organization shall manage the interfaces between different groups involved in design and development to ensure effective communication and clear assignment of responsibility.

Planning output shall be updated, as appropriate, as the design and development progresses.

The different design and development tasks to be carried out shall be defined according to specified safety or functional objectives of the product in accordance with customer and/or Authority requirements.

7.3.2 Design and Development Inputs: Inputs relating to product requirements shall be determined and records maintained (see 4.2.4). These inputs shall include

- a. functional and performance requirements,
- b. applicable statutory and regulatory requirements,
- c. where applicable, information derived from previous similar designs, and
- d. other requirements essential for design and development.

These inputs shall be reviewed for adequacy. Requirements shall be complete, unambiguous and not in conflict with each other.

- 7.3.3 Design and Development Outputs: The outputs of design and development shall be provided in a form that enables verification against the design and development input and shall be approved prior to release.

Design and development outputs shall

- a. meet the input requirements for design and development,
- b. provide appropriate information for purchasing, production and for service provision,
- c. contain or reference product acceptance criteria,
- d. specify the characteristics of the product that are essential for its safe and proper use, **and**
- e. **identify key characteristics, when applicable, in accordance with design or contract requirements.**

All pertinent data required to allow the product to be identified, manufactured, inspected, used and maintained shall be defined by the organization; for example:

- **drawings, part lists, specifications;**
- **a listing of those drawings, part lists, and specifications necessary to define the configuration and the design features of the product;**
- **information on material, processes, type of manufacturing and assembly of the product necessary to ensure the conformity of the product.**

- 7.3.4 Design and Development Review: At suitable stages, systematic reviews of design and development shall be performed in accordance with planned arrangements (see 7.3.1)

- a. to evaluate the ability of the results of design and development to meet requirements,
- b. to identify any problems and propose necessary actions, **and**
- c. **to authorize progression to the next stage.**

Participants in such reviews shall include representatives of functions concerned with the design and development stage(s) being reviewed. Records of the results of the reviews and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

- 7.3.5 Design and Development Verification: Verification shall be performed in accordance with planned arrangements (see 7.3.1) to ensure that the design and development outputs have met the design and development input requirements. Records of the results of the verification and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

NOTE: Design and/or development verification may include activities such as:

- **performing alternative calculations,**
- **comparing the new design with a similar proven design, if available,**
- **undertaking tests and demonstrations, and**
- **reviewing the design stage documents before release.**

- 7.3.6 Design and Development Validation: Design and development validation shall be performed in accordance with planned arrangements (see 7.3.1) to ensure that the resulting product is capable of meeting the requirements for the specified application or intended use, where known. Wherever practicable, validation shall be completed prior to the delivery or implementation of the product. Records of the results of validation and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

NOTES:

- ***Design and/or development validation follows successful design and/or development verification.***
- ***Validation is normally performed under defined operating conditions.***
- ***Validation is normally performed on the final product, but may be necessary in earlier stages prior to product completion.***
- ***Multiple validations may be performed if there are different intended uses.***

- 7.3.6.1 ***Documentation of Design and/or Development Verification and Validation: At the completion of design and/or development, the organization shall ensure that reports, calculations, test results, etc., demonstrate that the product definition meets the specification requirements for all identified operational conditions.***

- 7.3.6.2 ***Design and/or Development Verification and Validation Testing: Where tests are necessary for verification and validation, these tests shall be planned, controlled, reviewed, and documented to ensure and prove the following:***

- a. ***test plans or specifications identify the product being tested and the resources being used, define test objectives and conditions, parameters to be recorded, and relevant acceptance criteria;***
- b. ***test procedures describe the method of operation, the performance of the test, and the recording of the results;***
- c. ***the correct configuration standard of the product is submitted for the test;***
- d. ***the requirements of the test plan and the test procedures are observed;***
- e. ***the acceptance criteria are met.***

- 7.3.7 Control of Design and Development Changes: Design and development changes shall be identified and records maintained. The changes shall be reviewed, verified and validated, as appropriate, and approved before implementation. The review of design and development changes shall include evaluation of the effect of the changes on constituent parts and product already delivered.

The organization's change control process shall provide for customer and/or Authority approval of changes, when required by contract or regulatory requirement.

Records of the results of the review of changes and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

7.4 Purchasing:

- 7.4.1 Purchasing Process: The organization shall ensure that purchased product conforms to specified purchase requirements. The type and extent of control applied to the supplier and the purchased product shall be dependent upon the effect of the purchased product on subsequent product realization or the final product.

The organization shall be responsible for the quality of all products purchased from suppliers, including customer-designated sources.

The organization's purchasing process shall satisfy Authority requirements related to the use of non-certificated suppliers.

The organization shall evaluate and select suppliers based on their ability to supply product in accordance with the organization's requirements. Criteria for selection, evaluation and re-evaluation shall be established. Records of the results of evaluations and any necessary actions arising from the evaluation shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

The organization shall:

- a. maintain a register of approved suppliers that includes the scope of the approval;***
- b. periodically review supplier performance; records of these reviews shall be maintained and used as a basis for establishing the level of controls to be implemented;***
- c. define the necessary actions to take when dealing with suppliers that do not meet requirements;***
- d. ensure where required that both the organization and all suppliers use customer-approved special process sources;***
- e. ensure that the function having responsibility for approving supplier quality systems has the authority to disapprove the use of sources;***
- f. take appropriate measures to prevent the purchase of counterfeit/unapproved product.***

7.4.2 Purchasing Information: Purchasing information shall describe the product to be purchased, including where appropriate

- a. requirements for approval of product, procedures, processes and equipment,
- b. requirements for qualification of personnel,
- c. quality management system requirements,
- d. ***the name or other positive identification, and applicable issues of specifications, drawings, process requirements, inspection instructions and other relevant technical data,***
- e. ***requirements for design, test, examination, inspection and related instructions for acceptance by the organization,***
- f. ***requirements for test specimens (e.g., production method, number, storage conditions) for design approval, inspection, investigation or auditing,***
- g. ***requirements relative to***
 - ***supplier notification to organization of nonconforming product and***
 - ***arrangements for organization approval of supplier nonconforming material,***
- h. ***requirements for the supplier to notify the organization of changes in product and/or process definition and, where required, obtain organization approval,***
- i. ***right of access by the organization, their customer, and Authorities to all facilities involved in the order and to all applicable records,***
- j. ***requirements for the supplier to flow down to sub-tier suppliers the applicable requirements in the purchasing documents, including key characteristics where required,***
- k. ***specific Authority approval requirements,***
- l. ***format and content of the organization's release documentation package, and***
- m. ***conditions under which defects and unairworthy conditions have to be reported.***

The organization shall ensure the adequacy of specified purchase requirements prior to their communication to the supplier.

7.4.3 Verification of Purchased Product: The organization shall establish and implement the inspection or other activities necessary for ensuring that purchased product meets specified purchase requirements.

Verification activities may include

- a. ***obtaining objective evidence of the quality of the product from suppliers (e.g., accompanying documentation, certificate of conformity, test reports, statistical records, process control),***
- b. ***inspection and audit at supplier's premises,***
- c. ***review of the required documentation,***
- d. ***inspection of products upon receipt, and***
- e. ***delegation of verification to the supplier, or supplier certification.***

7.4.3 (Continued):

Purchased product shall not be used or processed until it has been verified as conforming to specified requirements unless it is released under positive recall procedure.

Where the organization utilizes test reports to verify purchased product, the data in those reports shall be acceptable per applicable specifications. The organization shall periodically validate test reports.

Where the organization delegates verification activities to the supplier, the requirements for delegation shall be defined and a register of delegations maintained.

Where the organization or its customer intends to perform verification at the supplier's premises, the organization shall state the intended verification arrangements and method of product release in the purchasing information.

Where specified in the contract, the customer or the customer's representative shall be afforded the right to verify at the supplier's premises and the organization's premises that subcontracted product conforms to specified requirements.

Verification by the customer shall not be used by the organization as evidence of effective control of quality by the supplier and shall not absolve the organization of the responsibility to provide acceptable product, nor shall it preclude subsequent rejection by the customer.

7.5 Production and Service Provision:

7.5.1 Control of Production and Service Provision: ***Planning shall consider, as applicable,***

- ***the establishment of process controls and development of control plans where key characteristics have been identified,***
- ***the identification of in-process verification points when adequate verification of conformance cannot be performed at a later stage of realization,***
- ***the design, manufacture, and use of tooling so that variable measurements can be taken, particularly for key characteristics, and***
- ***special processes (see 7.5.2).***

7.5.1 (Continued):

The organization shall plan and carry out production and service provision under controlled conditions. Controlled conditions shall include, as applicable

- a. the availability of information that describes the characteristics of the product,
- b. the availability of work instructions, as necessary,
- c. the use of suitable equipment,
- d. the availability and use of monitoring and measuring devices,
- e. the implementation of monitoring and measurement,
- f. the implementation of release, delivery and post-delivery activities,
- g. accountability for all product during manufacture (e.g., parts quantities, split orders, nonconforming product),**
- h. evidence that all operations, including inspection, have been completed as planned, or as otherwise documented and authorized,**
- i. provision for the prevention, detection, and removal of foreign objects including tools,**
- j. monitoring and control of utilities and supplies such as water, compressed air, electricity and chemical products to the extent they affect product quality,**
- k. criteria for workmanship, which shall be stipulated in the clearest practical manner (e.g., written standards, representative samples or illustrations),**
- l. compliance with reference standards/codes, quality plans, manufacturers' recommendations and/or documented procedures,**
- m. maintaining a list of approved maintenance/repair process capabilities and/or current ratings, and**
- n. assuring that maintenance operations do not adversely affect areas outside the scope of the planned maintenance.**

7.5.1.1 Maintenance Documentation: Maintenance operations shall only be performed in accordance with established documentation.

Maintenance documentation shall include as appropriate

- a. approved technical data, and**
- b. a list of specific or non-specific tools and numerical control (NC) machine programs required and any specific instructions associated with their use.**

7.5.1.2 Control of Maintenance Process Changes: Persons authorized to approve changes to maintenance processes shall be identified.

The organization shall identify and obtain acceptance of changes that require customer and/or Authority approval in accordance with contract or regulatory requirements.

Changes affecting processes, equipment, tools and programs shall be documented. Procedures shall be available to control their implementation.

The results of changes to maintenance processes shall be assessed to confirm that the desired effect has been achieved without adverse effects to product quality.

7.5.1.3 Control of Maintenance Equipment, Tools and Programs: *Maintenance equipment, tools and programs shall be validated prior to use and maintained and inspected periodically according to documented procedures. Validation prior to production use shall include verification of the first article produced to the design data/specification.*

Storage requirements, including periodic preservation/condition checks, shall be established for maintenance equipment or tooling in storage.

7.5.1.4 Control of Work Transferred, on a Temporary Basis, Outside the Organization's Facilities: *When planning to temporarily transfer work to a location outside the organization's facilities, the organization shall define the process to control and validate the quality of the work.*

7.5.1.5 Control of Service Operations: *Where servicing is a specified requirement, service operation processes shall provide for*

- a. a method of collecting and analyzing in-service data,*
- b. actions to be taken where problems are identified after delivery, including investigation, reporting activities, and actions on service information consistent with contractual and/or regulatory requirements,*
- c. the control and updating of technical documentation,*
- d. the approval, control, and use of repair schemes, and*
- e. the controls required for off-site work (e.g., organization's work undertaken at the customer's facilities).*

7.5.2 Validation of Processes for Production and Service Provision: The organization shall validate any processes for production and service provision where the resulting output cannot be verified by subsequent monitoring or measurement. This includes any processes where deficiencies become apparent only after the product is in use or the service has been delivered.

NOTE: *These processes are frequently referred to as special processes.*

Validation shall demonstrate the ability of these processes to achieve planned results.

The organization shall establish arrangements for these processes including, as applicable

- a. defined criteria for review and approval of the processes,
 - ***qualification and approval of special processes prior to use,***
- b. approval of equipment and qualification of personnel,
- c. use of specific methods and procedures,
 - ***control of the significant operations and parameters of special processes in accordance with documented process specifications and changes thereto,***
- d. requirements for records (see 4.2.4), and
- e. revalidation.

- 7.5.3 Identification and Traceability: Where appropriate, the organization shall identify the product by suitable means throughout product realization.

The organization shall maintain the identification of the configuration of the product in order to identify any differences between the actual configuration and the agreed configuration.

The organization shall identify the product status with respect to monitoring and measurement requirements.

When acceptance authority media are used (e.g., stamps, electronic signatures, passwords), the organization shall establish and document controls for the media.

Where traceability is a requirement, the organization shall control and record the unique identification of the product (see 4.2.4).

NOTE: In some industry sectors, configuration management is a means by which identification and traceability are maintained (**see 4.3**).

- 7.5.4 Customer Property: The organization shall exercise care with customer property while it is under the organization's control or being used by the organization. The organization shall identify, verify, protect and safeguard customer property provided for use or incorporation into the product. If any customer property is lost, damaged or otherwise found to be unsuitable for use, this shall be reported to the customer and records maintained (see 4.2.4), including financial accountability when required by contract.

NOTE: Customer property can include intellectual property ***such as customer-furnished data used for design and maintenance.***

- 7.5.5 Preservation of Product: The organization shall preserve the conformity of product during internal processing and delivery to the intended destination. This preservation shall include identification, handling, packaging, storage and protection. Preservation shall also apply to the constituent parts of a product.

To prevent unintended use, items intended for maintenance use shall be segregated from items not intended for maintenance.

Preservation of product shall also include, where applicable in accordance with product specifications and/or applicable regulations, provisions for:

- a. cleaning;***
- b. prevention, detection and removal of foreign objects including tools;***
- c. special handling for sensitive products;***
- d. marking and labeling including safety warnings;***
- e. shelf life control and stock rotation;***
- f. special handling for hazardous materials.***

7.5.5 (Continued):

The organization shall ensure that documents required by the applicable Authority or contract/order to accompany the product are present at delivery and are protected against loss and deterioration.

7.6 Control of Monitoring and Measuring Devices:

The organization shall determine the monitoring and measurement to be undertaken and the monitoring and measuring devices needed to provide evidence of conformity of product to determined requirements (see 7.2.1).

The organization shall maintain a register of these monitoring and measuring devices, and define the process employed for their calibration including details of equipment type, unique identification, location, frequency of checks, check method and acceptance criteria.

NOTE: Monitoring and measuring devices include, but are not limited to: test hardware, test software, automated test equipment (ATE) and plotters used to produce inspection data. It also includes personally owned and customer supplied equipment used to provide evidence of product conformity.

The organization shall establish processes to ensure that monitoring and measurement can be carried out and are carried out in a manner that is consistent with the monitoring and measurement requirements.

The organization shall ensure that environmental conditions are suitable for the calibrations, inspections, measurements and tests being carried out.

Where necessary to ensure valid results, measuring equipment shall

- a. be calibrated or verified at specified intervals, or prior to use, against measurement standards traceable to international or national measurement standards; where no such standards exist, the basis used for calibration or verification shall be recorded;
- b. be adjusted or re-adjusted as necessary;
- c. be identified to enable the calibration status to be determined;
- d. be safeguarded from adjustments that would invalidate the measurement result;
- e. be protected from damage and deterioration during handling, maintenance and storage;
- f. be recalled to a defined method when requiring calibration.**

In addition, the organization shall assess and record the validity of the previous measuring results when the equipment is found not to conform to requirements. The organization shall take appropriate action on the equipment and any product affected. Records of the results of calibration and verification shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).